

FOOTBALL FORMS FOR THE WINNING COACH

A Collection Of Ready-To-Use Tools To Organize Your Program

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FOREWORD

FOOTBALL COACHES, perhaps more than in any other sport, must balance an extensive number of roles. A football coach is a teacher, motivator, tactician, recruiter, promoter, performance evaluator, fundraiser, game-day strategist, administrator, guidance counselor, talent judge, scout and much, much more. And with the thousands of details and hours of time each role demands, it's downright impossible to do all of them without being organized.

There are hundreds of different ways a coach can go about his job — there's no "one way" of doing things. I'm convinced, however, that one of the fundamental keys for success is organization. From that organization, you can then formulate a solid plan that everyone — players and coaches — can buy into and execute. But to expect this buy-in, you'd better have a clear, justifiable reason for everything that you're doing.

ORGANIZATION TURNS PROGRAMS

I've been fortunate to have participated in three of the biggest, and most dramatic, turnarounds in college football history at lowa, Wisconsin and Iowa State, and have learned from masterful organizers and planners in Iowa's Hayden Fry and Wisconsin's Barry Alvarez. There's no greater testament to the importance of organization than turning around programs that were either winless or had one victory in the prior year. Your organizational methods will chart your course; it keeps you steadfast and uncompromising in your beliefs and plans. That's really where the whole process of successful coaching starts.

Not only will better organization help coaches individually, but it also breeds results — not to mention a common mission — at every level on your staff. As a former assistant coach and coordinator, I can tell you how appreciated it is to work for an organized head coach. Their clear, concise directives conveyed exactly what was expected of me, and this enabled me to stay focused on the tasks and priorities at hand. You can remove a great deal of the guesswork from the assistant coach's daily tasks through clear organization, and by giving them the tools that support the primary coaching objectives.

It's fascinating to see how all winning programs are built on a three-legged stool of organization, preparation and execution. While well-thought-out plans can make up for deficiencies elsewhere, the absence of an organized plan will handcuff a coach's ability to prepare and execute.

NEVER STOP LEARNING

The fact that you have this book in your hands speaks volumes about you as a coach and your commitment to exploring new approaches to being the best you can be. This eagerness to learn is a trait that will take you and your program places. Aside from my colleagues at the college and professional levels, I can't tell you how many good ideas I continue to glean from high school coaches, ranging from the X's & O's, to building team chemistry to game preparation and even administrative things like traveling. The point is, no matter how much success you've had in this game, you can always learn something from a fellow coach. Those who think they have all the answers are missing out, and their programs will soon show it.

Even after 27 years at the Division 1 college level, I'll be the first to admit that I'll borrow ideas in this unique assembly of forms by Coach Hank Schrader. His Football Forms For The Winning Coach is a highly valuable and much turned-to resource for coaches at every level in the game, and its comprehensiveness reveals new organizational and evaluation tools that even the most experienced coach has never before seen. As coaches, we're always looking for things that will help save time and make better, sounder evaluations and decisions. These forms — and the organizational details found within them — are nothing short of a prescription for coaching success.

I encourage you to use *Football Forms For The Winning Coach* to spur new ideas and to advance your skills as a coach. The results will soon be evident throughout your entire program.

Prepare, work hard and never relent in your goals. Best of luck!

Dan McCarney Head Football Coach Iowa State University Ames, Iowa



INTRODUCTION

exists — to help you organize

your thoughts, ideas and

schemes to save time and

excel as a coach..."

THROUGHOUT MY FOOTBALL coaching career, I am constantly amazed at how much a coach must accomplish in a short time frame. Films, schedules, playbooks, meetings — not to mention the wide array of administrative duties — all vie for your time. I can't recall how many times I've fallen asleep in front of game films while preparing for an opponent. But I'm not alone — the bottom line is that it simply takes a lot of hard work to be successful in this profession.

As a career military officer prior to becoming a coach, I learned that there are many different methods to work more effectively — especially under a time crunch. I've always been willing to try anything that could make me more efficient and allow me to do what I wanted - instead of "That is why this book what I had to do. This is how this book

first originated.

It's always been easier for me to work from a written plan versus trying to commit everything to memory. So whenever I found something that

worked, I saved it so I would not have to reinvent the idea later. Season after season, these tools really helped my programs prepare for the challenges on the field. After other coaches began asking for a copy of this or that, I decided to organize my collection of forms into a logical, useful book so it could be shared with other coaches across the nation.

That is why this book exists — to help you organize your thoughts, ideas and schemes to save time and excel as a coach. The forms and checklists in this book are what have worked for me and my staff; I fully expect that you'll improve upon them for your program's specific needs. As you do so, you'll enjoy a big advantage over me on this journey — you won't have to assemble or create these forms, checklists and ideas from scratch. If a book like this existed somewhere. I would have owned it!

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Many of the ideas in this book were inspired from an article, book, clinic lecture or ideas exchanged with other

> coaches on a strategy or technique. At the beginning of each chapter, I've tried to give credit for the work when I can remember where the ideas came from. But because this book was borne from vears of clinics, books, publications and videos, I hope you'll accept my apologies if I've somehow missed those who

There are, however, three people who deserve special recognition. First is Rick Synold, head coach at Brookfield Central High School, in Brookfield, Wisconsin. He taught me a great deal about defense while I was on his staff, and his knowledge and teachings are seen in all my defensive schemes. Synold has built one of the top high school programs in Wisconsin.

sparked the original concept.



Second, Butch Goncharoff hired me to bring defense to Washington's Bellevue High School, the most explosive offensive high-school running team in the state. He kept pushing me to be a champion and taught me — along with everyone else around him — what it means to achieve success with class. Back-to-back state championships leave little doubt about the type of program he runs in Bellevue.

The last, and most important, person to thank is my lovely wife, Anne. Since her brother is also a Texas high school football coach, she knew long before me just how demanding a coaching career would become. She has supported me every step of the way. When I was disappointed with game films, she ran two video cameras with an up-close line view and a full-field view so I could see the game properly. When I complained about a form, she used her unparalleled computer skills to solve the problem. In fact, Anne is the original designer of many of the forms found in this book. She has been our team's biggest fan and supporter, and Anne is who my coaches said they'd most miss when we moved on to a new area. She always kept me on track, humble and focused.

SHARE IT WITH YOUR STAFF

So, after years of helping me better manage my teams, you can now put *Football Forms For The Winning Coach* to work for you. Beyond the first-ever such collection of forms, several things are truly unique about this book. First, you'll find a completed example accompanying most forms, giving you an accurate picture of how the form was used.

Second, the book's publisher, *Gridiron Strategies*, fully encourages you to put this book on the photocopier so that you and your staff can enjoy the maximum benefit from these pages. Few publishers would sacrifice future book sales by inviting you to copy pages for your staff. In fact, this is the reason that the book is presented in a spiral-bound format.

If even one idea or form makes you a better coach and saves you time here and there, then this book was worth the effort. A coach is one of the most important role models that young people will ever have. So the better you coach, the better young people can develop to become successful adults.

HAVE FUN!

I also hope you'll have fun with the ideas. After all, it is just a game, and we need to remember that at times. No matter how bad a day can get, as a career U.S. Army Officer, I can always find comfort in the fact that "at least no one is shooting at me!"

I sincerely hope this book will make you a better, more efficient coach on your path to molding successful young individuals. Good Luck!

Henry C. "Hanh" Schnader J.

Henry C. "Hank" Schrader, Jr.

Gridiron Strategies Advisory Board Member

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CHAPTER 1

OVERALL PROGRAM ORGANIZATION

THE PURPOSE OF this chapter is to help you, as a football coach, more effectively organize your program. The first checklist is a High School Football Yearly Plan Of Action (1.1), which provides you with detailed ideas and positive steps to help you make your program more effective. This was adapted from several ideas contained in the book, *Organizational Keys and Checklists For Successful Football Coaching*, by Jack Olcott.

The Team Goals forms (1.2, 1.3 and 1.4) and their accompanying examples were shared by the respective teams. The "Team Waukesha USA Goals" were ones established for teams with which I worked as a head coach and coordinator for a program in Waukesha, Wis.

The Football Player Evaluation Form (1.5) is an adaptation of a form shared in "Becoming A Head Coach" by Tim Rimpfel that was published in the *1993 Coach of the*

Year Clinics Football Manual. The Football Coaches' Performance Review (1.6) and Coaches Evaluation Form (1.7) are adaptations of rating forms published in several articles, including "The Ins and Outs of Evaluating Coaches," by Dr. William F. Stier, Jr. in Athletic Management, May 1993 and the "Eckman Evaluation Instrument" in The National Soccer Coaches Association of America's Soccer Journal.

The College Coach Self-Evaluation & Head Coach Evaluation (1.8) and How To Improve The Won-Loss Record (1.9) checklist were adapted from the book, Administration of Athletic Programs A Managerial Approach by J. Frank Broyles and Robert D. Hay. These forms are so self-explanatory that they are not accompanied by a completed example. The Coaches Time-Saving Memorandum (1.10) is a tool I created and used throughout my years as a U.S. Army Officer and a coach.



HIGH SCHOOL FOOTBALL YEARLY PLAN OF ACTION CHECKLIST

I. OFF-SEASON I (JANUARY TO MARCH)	☐ Review pass defense (April), running game (May)
☐ Establish a strength program. Start "Off-Season I"	and 2-minute offense (June) from last year's game
strength program.	films. Decide on changes.
Meet with athletic director. Cover items such as:	Prepare news release on upcoming season.
 Inspect fields, facilities, equipment and supplies. 	☐ Set up individual conferences with all players with
2. Weight room	head coach after spring ball. Players must know where they stand.
3. Review fall schedule.	☐ Scouting staff meeting for next year's opponents.
4. Budget and supplemental fund raising.	
5. Review roster.	II. PRE-SEASON (JUNE TO AUGUST)
6. Recruiting (if allowed).	Review kicking game.
7. Plan for off-season, pre-season and season.	☐ Check football player's final grades. Follow up on
Assemble staff, including assistant coaches, student	players who need to attend summer school. Obtain
support staff and medical team.	scholastically ineligible list.
Review game films.	Confirm film trading agreements with all opponents.
Conduct player interviews.	Finalize depth charts.
 Finalize offensive, defensive, special teams and players' handbook. 	Prepare summer assignments for football staff. Check vacation plans.
Publicity and community support — athletic director.	Prepare for football camp/2-a-days.
Develop detailed plan for Off-Season II.	Supervise pre-season weight and running program.
Develop depth chart.	Look into summer camps for athletes.
Attend American Coaches Football Association Clinic.	Develop video plan.
☐ Establish and invite local coaches to your football	Finalize detailed practice schedules.
clinic (May).	☐ Complete computerized scouting report on last
 Check football clinics and spring practices of colleges for the staff to attend. Arrange for atten- 	year's game films.
dance at best possible events that the budget allows.	III. SEASON (AUGUST TO NOVEMBER)
Review academic progress of athletes. Ensure satis-	☐ Establish weekly practice routine.
factory progress. Establish study help from school. Constantly monitor progress.	☐ Establish weekly scouting procedure.
☐ Establish written goals for program. Forward goals to	☐ Check on game-day preparations and rehearsals.
athletic director and principal.	Obtain coaches' academic schedules, office hours and free hours. Obtain players' class schedules.
☐ Review goal-line defense (January), total defense	☐ Establish game grading procedure for all coaches.
(February) and passing game (March) from last	☐ Check travel plans one week ahead of each away game.
year's game films. Decide on changes.	☐ Check your team's tendencies to avoid becoming too
Review state/conference regulations.	predictable.
I. OFF-SEASON II (APRIL TO JUNE)	☐ Ensure smooth method of providing news media
☐ Finalize Spring practice schedule (if allowed).	with statistics and photos.
☐ Supervise Off-Season II strength program.	Establish a draft playoff plan.
☐ Check status of returned reconditioned equipment.	IV. POST-SEASON (NOVEMBER TO DECEMBER)
Ensure all required equipment is ready for season and spring practice (if allowed).	All-star recognition and league meetings.
☐ Attend football practice sessions around the country	Team banquet & recognition.
with as many staff members as possible. Prepare a	☐ Equipment collection and repair/inventories. Plan for
checklist of questions and problems of interest to	new equipment needs.
your program. Assign coaches by positions to cover	☐ Prepare final statistics and season wrap-up. Hold
all game elements.	staff meeting and evaluations of program.
Prepare and present football clinic in May.	Send recruiting information to college head coaches and junior colleges.
☐ Hold team meetings to explain team policies (if allowed).	☐ Collect players' and coaches' playbooks.
☐ Wind up in-school recruiting program for the year.	Produce highlight film.
Check guidance counseling office for eligibility data to-date.	☐ Send thank-you letters to all those who helped your
☐ Make final purchases of new equipment.	program.
☐ Check departing seniors for college/technical school	Review schedules for next 5 years.
acceptance.	☐ Schedule high school speaking engagements.

SEASON GOALS: _____

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example - (1.2)

SEASON GOALS: Offense (Portland State)

1.	No more than 1.5 sacks per game.
2.	No more than 1.5 interceptions per game.
3.	Make a first down on each possession.
4.	Score 27 points a game.
5.	Attain a 60% completion rate per game.
6.	Outscore the opponent in the first quarter.
7.	Run no fewer than 75 plays per game.
8.	Gain no fewer than 370 yards of total offense per game.
	Through a property of the support of
9.	Throw no more than 5% interceptions.
10	Score inside the 30-yard line 90% of the time. Score inside the 10-yard line 100% of the time.
10.	30010 Instate the 30 yard line 30% of the time. 30010 Instate the 10 yard line 100% of the time.
11	Season goal of 90 points in the first quarter, 90 points in the second quarter,
• • •	70 points in the third quarter and 50 points in the fourth quarter.
12.	Average no less than 15 yards gained per reception.
13.	Finish first in total offense and pass offense.
14.	
15.	
16.	
17.	

TEAM GOALS BY GAME: _____

GOAL	GAME 1	GAME 2	GAME 3	GAME 4	GAME 5
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					
11.					
12.					
13.					

TEAM GOALS BY GAME: Offense - University Of California

GOAL	GAME 1 Southern Miss.	GAME 2	GAME 3	GAME 4	GAME 5
1. 450 yards per game 225 passing 225 running	417 YPG 157 passing 260 running				
2. Make first down on each possession					
3. Three long scoring drives of 60 yards or more	3 - 79,70,87				
4. Key third down plays 3rd and 2: 100% 3rd and 3-4: 75% 3rd and 5: 50% 3rd and 11+: 25%					
5. Score inside 30-yard line	3/4				
6. Always score inside the 10-yard line					
7. Be violent downfield blocking team					
8. Outscore opponents in the first quarter	No O-2				
9. 27 points per game	34				
10. 1.5 interceptions per game	1				
11. 59% completion rate per game	61% (11/18)				
12. 1.5 sacks per game	7				
13. 1.5 fumbles per game	0				

TOTAL TEAM GOALS

	OFFENS	E GOALS	
		_ 3.3.2.2	
Total Goals Achieved			
SPE	CIALTE	AMS GOALS	
Total Goals Achieved			
	DEFENS	E GOALS	
-			
Total Goals Achieved			

TOTAL TEAM GOALS

West Virginia University

OFFENSE GOALS		
1. Win!	9. 80% success on third down and two	
2. Average 4.0 yards per carry.	yards to go or less.	
3. Gain 175 yards total offense.	10. 50% success on third down.	
4. Gain 400 yards total offense.	11. Less than 3 penalties per game.	
5. No more than one turnover.	12. Make 2 first downs from inside our own	
6. 20 first downs.	10-yard line.	
7. 6 drives of 10 plays or score.	13. No dropped passes.	
8. Score on 30% of our possessions.	14. Run 80 scrimmage plays.	
·		
Total Goals Achieved		

SPECIAL TEAMS GOALS			
1. Win!	9. Total punt return yardage: 4 yards or		
2. Return past the 25-yard line.	less per attempt.		
3. Stop opponent inside its 25-yard-line.	10. Total objectives achieved.		
4. No punt, field goal or extra point kick	11. Down punt inside opponent's 10-yard line.		
blocked by an opponent.	12. Cause a fumble.		
5. No penalties.	13. Recover fumble.		
6. Average 42 yards per punt.	14. Blocked punt, field goal or extra-point		
7. Average 10 yards per punt return.	attempt.		
8. Allow no punt return over 10 yards.	15. Punt return for score.		
Total Goals Achieved			

DEFENSE GOALS								
1. Win!	10. Less than 12 successive plays.							
2. 1 touchdown or less.	11. Kickoff coverage: 18 yards or less.							
3. Less than 125 yards rushing.	12. Punt return: average 10 yards or more.							
4. Less than 125 yards passing.	13. Score or set up at least 2 scores.							
5. Less than 250 yards total offense.	14. 100% stop after sudden change.							
6. No runs over 20 yards.	15. Achieve all these objectives.							
7. No touchdown passes.								
8. Intercept and recover three balls.								
9. Trap passer on 1 of 8 attempts.								
Total Goals Achieved								

TOTAL TEAM GOALS

Tearn USA (Waukesna)							
OFF	ENSE GOALS						
1. No turnovers.	6. Points 80% of time inside 20.						
2. 150 yds rushing.	7. 3 consecutive 1st downs every series.						
3. Less than 4 penalties.	8. Score every 3rd series.						
4. 100 yds passing.	9. Score 3 times.						
5. 12 play or more drive & score.	10. Break 3 plays for 20+ yds.						
Total Goals Achieved							
SPECIA	LTEAMS GOALS						
1. No blocked kicks.	6. FG over 30 yds or game winner.						
2. Scoring other than PAT.	7. Blocked opponent kick.						
3. Forcing opponent to start at 20 or less.	8. No penalties.						
4. Down a punt inside 10.	9. Recover/prevent on-side kick.						
5. Return more than 35 yds.	10. Achieve 1st down on trick play.						
Total Goals Achieved							
DEF	ENSE GOALS						
1. Force 2 or more turnovers.	7. Goal-line stand/prevent 2 point.						
2. Hold under 125 yds rushing.	8. 3 plays & out or 4 plays & out						
3. Hold under 75 yds passing.	(4th down).						
4. SHUTOUT!	9. Stop after sudden change.						
5. Defensive score.	10. No foolish penalties.						
6. No plays over 25 yds.							
Total Goals Achieved							

FOOTBALL PLAYER EVALUATION FORM

NAME:	
POSITION:	CLASS:
HEIGHT:	WEIGHT:
SCORE:	RANK:
For each of the 10 traits, select the phrase that best describ	pes the athlete and write in the corresponding number of points.
1. COMPETITION:	6. COMMITMENT & HARD WORK:
Refuses to lose at anything =10 Loves to compete =	Whatever it takes =
All-state =	7. DURABILITY: Never gets hurt =
3. SPEED:	8. COACHABILITY:
Outstanding =	Takes coaching well =
4. TOUGHNESS:	
Real hitter =5 Good hitter =4	Exceptionally strong =3 Good strength =2 Poor strength =1
Average hitter =	10. CHARACTER:
Won't hit =1 Hides =0	Fine person =
5. AWARENESS & INTELLIGENCE:	— Get rid of him =0
Great instincts =	
COMMENTS:	
	Date of interview with athlete:

FOOTBALL COACHES PERFORMANCE REVIEW

past football season. To prepare for these sessions, I have provided you a blank coaching performance review for your
consideration. I would also like to discuss the following items:
A. WHAT WAS YOUR MOST SATISFYING ACCOMPLISHMENT LAST YEAR?
B. WHAT WAS YOUR BIGGEST DISAPPOINTMENT?
C. WHAT DID YOU LEARN AND WHAT WILL YOU DO DIFFERENTLY?
D. WHAT CAN I DO TO HELP YOU DO YOUR JOB BETTER?
E. IN WHAT AREAS WOULD YOU LIKE TO GROW NEXT YEAR?
F. HOW CAN I HELP YOU GROW ON YOUR JOB?

This is an honest attempt to make your coaching better in the upcoming years. I expect candor and honesty — you know you will get the same from me. Thanks for your help last year!

COACHES EVALUATION FORM

NAME: _____ COACHING POSITION: ____

Rate the c	oach using the following Scale of 1-5 (Circle the appropriate	e number):				
		Haroly Ever	Occasionally	Generally	Frequently	Almost Always
I. PERSON	NAL AND PROFESSIONAL ATTRIBUTES					
A Pers	sonal Qualities					
1. [Demonstrates self-confidence	1	2	3	4	5
2. I	s enthusiastic	1	2	3	4	5
	Presents a positive role model for the athlete (i.e., appearance, language and sportsmanship)	1	2	3	4	5
B Pers	onal Conduct					
4. [Exhibits ethical behavior	1	2	3	4	5
5. ľ	Maintains emotional control under stress	1	2	3	4	5
	Places the welfare of the athlete above winning and will not sacrifice values or principles to win	1	2	3	4	5
II. ADMINI	STRATIVE PROCEDURAL ABILITIES					
A. Prac	ctice Organization					
7. 0	Conducts well-planned practice sessions	1	2	3	4	5
8. l	Utilizes the entire coaching staff completely	1	2	3	4	5
9. 0	Conducts appropriate pre-season preparation	1	2	3	4	5
B. Fina	ncial Resources					
10. /	Adheres to budget policies and procedures	1	2	3	4	5
11.\	Works within the constraints of the budget	1	2	3	4	5
C. Equ	uipment Management					
12. (Conducts pre-season equipment/uniform inventory	1	2	3	4	5
13. 9	Submits timely requests for needed equipment/uniforms	1	2	3	4	5
14. /	Accountably issues equipment/uniforms	1	2	3	4	5
15. ľ	Maintains equipment/uniforms properly	1	2	3	4	5
	Conducts accountable turn in of equipment/uniforms and charges athletes for missing equipment	1	2	3	4	5
D. Awa	ards					
17. 9	Submits awards list in timely manner	1	2	3	4	5
18 [Distributes awards in a fair manner	1	2	3	4	5

Continued on next page



	エ	O _C		A	Almost Almays	(1.7)
	Hardly Ever	occasionally	Generally	Frequently)S. P.	
III. KNOWLEDGE AND PRACTICE OF MEDICAL-LEGAL ASPECTS	The The	Jally	erally	Jenth	Maye	
 Exhibits reasonable and prudent conduct in preventing and handling accidents and injuries 	1	2	3	4	5	
 Follows the advice of the physician/trainer regarding the participation of injured athletes 	1	2	3	4	5	
21. Provides safe playing conditions and protective equipment	1	2	3	4	5	
 Instructs players and supervises the implementation of school's athletic code 	1	2	3	4	5	
23. Reinforces the school's policy against drugs, alcohol and tobacco	1	2	3	4	5	
IV. THEORY AND TECHNIQUES OF COACHING						
A. Coaching Methods						
24. Applies knowledge of the skills, techniques and rules of the sport	1	2	3	4	5	
25. Assists athletes in reaching their fullest potential	1	2	3	4	5	
26. Demonstrates the ability to analyze and correct errors	1	2	3	4	5	
27. Demonstrates the ability to teach fundamentals	1	2	3	4	5	
28. Develops good team spirit and morale	1	2	3	4	5	
29. Develops self-confidence and determination in athletes	1	2	3	4	5	
30. Employs sound methods to teach skills and techniques	1	2	3	4	5	
31. Maintains discipline in a firm and friendly manner	1	2	3	4	5	
 Provides an environment that makes participation enjoyable for the athletes 	1	2	3	4	5	
B. Strategy						
 Demonstrates the ability to evaluate the performance of athletes and teams 	1	2	3	4	5	
34. Is knowledgeable of a variety of tactics and strategies	1	2	3	4	5	
35. Selects appropriate strategies and tactics	1	2	3	4	5	
C. Rules and Regulations						
36. Abides by the rules and regulations of the sport and appropriate governing bodies and complies with the academic policies of the institutions	1	2	3	4	5	
37. Demonstrates a knowledge of the rules and officiating techniques of the sport	1	2	3	4	5	
38. Enforces team rules in an equitable and consistent manner	1	2	3	4	5	
V. PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT						
A. Player-Coach Relationships						
39. Demonstrates the ability to communicate effectively with all athlete	s 1	2	3	4	5	
40. Develops and maintains a positive attitude among athletes	1	2	3	4	5	
41. Is able to motivate athletes	1	2	3	4	5	
42. Is concerned about academic achievement of athletes	1	2	3	4	5	
43. Respects the rights and individual differences of athletes as long as it is not a detriment to the rest of the team	1	2	3	4	5	
44. Shows concern for the welfare of athletes	1	2	3	4	5	



		Ó	Occasionally	,	Ę.	Almost Alweys
		Harolly Ever	asior,	Generally	Frequently	0st A
VI. PUBLIC RELATIONS SKILLS		Har	O	Gen	7,00	Alm
45. Communicates effectively with assistant coaches		1	2	3	4	5
 Cooperates with the athletic director in establishing and conducting a quality athletic program 		1	2	3	4	5
47. Understands concerns of parents/guardians		1	2	3	4	5
48. Coordinates appropriately/timely for transportation		1	2	3	4	5
49. Coordinates appropriately/timely for meals		1	2	3	4	5
VII. OVERALL EVALUATION						
How well did the coach contribute to our:						
50. Competitiveness to win		1	2	3	4	5
51. Development of character in athletes		1	2	3	4	5
52. improvement of the program's image		1	2	3	4	5
COMMENTS ON THE ABOVE ITEMS:						
Item#						
Item #						
Item #						
VIII. RELATED INFORMATION						
1. Areas of Strength:						
2. Areas Needing Improvement:						
3. Recommendations:						
Signature of Coach	Signatu	re of At	hletic D	irector/H	ead Coa	ach
Date:						



COLLEGE COACH SELF-EVALUATION & HEAD COACH EVALUATION

	Date:					
	Present Salary:					
	Recommended Salary:					
	Approved Salary:					
	PROCEDURE: Please read each statement carefully and the (1 = low, 5 = high) that most accurately describes your efficie	•		y the nun	nber	
	Employee's Signature:					_
	Head Coach's Signature:					_
	Director Of Athletics' Signature:					_
	Head Coach's Evaluation					
	Assistant Coach's Own Evaluation					
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
A. COACHII		Moz		Satisfacton		High
1. I mak Exam	re an effort to coach all players, not just the top ones. apple: Working with B team and freshmen personnel g scrimmages and after practices.	1	2	3	4	5
rathe terms to ins	te a point of trying to praise players for good things done, r than just constantly harping about their mistakes. In simple s, this means trying to motivate daily with positive psychology till confidence in the player. Players tend to dislike coaches criticize constantly and never throw a rose.	1	2	3	4	5
	rills, etc., are varied to the extent hey do not become boring.	1	2	3	4	5
of my	full advantage of getting written material in the hands players, holding meetings, giving tests and watching films effort to promote learning and understanding.	1	2	3	4	5
I toler	reetings and practices are run in such a manner that rate nothing that detracts from learning. I am strict with rs and demand mental discipline.	1	2	3	4	5
6. I sper	nd as much time as necessary on the job (office or meetings).	1	2	3	4	5
B. RECRUIT	ΓING					
	sonally make an effort to visit each prospect that comes mpus, not just shake his hand.	1	2	3	4	5
their j I cont	e a large working list of prospects at the conclusion of funior year of high school, or very early in their senior year. Eact each of the prospects personally several times before eason has ended.	1	2	3	4	5

			cto _n ,	<u> </u>	(1.8)
	Moz		Satisfacton		High
I personally contact parents as well as the prospect to share with them my interest in their son.	1	2	3	4	5
4. I try to get each prospect interested in college. I help him to understand that it is not merely a question of "what he can do for us," but rather "what can we do for each other."	1	2	3	4	5
I spend my time wisely on Thursday and Friday of each week during the season, recruiting and corresponding with prospects.	1	2	3	4	5
I do a good job of organizing alumni in my area before the recruiting season so they can assist me.	1	2	3	4	5
7. I personally give follow-up consideration to each prospect I evaluate by film or observation. In other words, I reject him in a prudent manner to ensure a good working relationship with his school, coach and community.	1	2	3	4	5
I personally acknowledge faculty and program supporters for their help with our recruiting weekends.	1	2	3	4	5
9. When I got into a home to visit with parents, I have a routine worked out so I can tell our story effectively. In other words, I have film, pictures, charts and literature to sell our program. I am informed and I have a plan.	1	2	3	4	5
10. When I sell our program, I also try to sell myself. In other words, I can make the prospect feel I have an interest in him that will continue for four years and beyond, and that his happiness and welfare will be of great concern to me for at least the duration of his stay.	1	2	3	4	5
11. I invite prospects to visit with the players I have recruited and have them ask questions. I encourage them to ask questions about my role as a recruiter and coach, and about me as an individual.	1	2	3	4	5
12. I always take advantage of opportunities to promote public relations with all coaches in my area and not just with prospects.	1	2	3	4	5
13. I make an effort to make all high school coaches who visit our department feel at home.	1	2	3	4	5
14. I make an attempt to constantly keep myself advised regarding the structure of the university, our strengths and weaknesses, what our colleges are, and what proposed major fields are available.	1	2	3	4	5
C. DISCIPLINE					
 I do my part to enforce rules or guidelines we have set up, and I do not rely on other coaches so I can avoid involvement. 	1	2	3	4	5
 I fulfill assigned discipline chores to the fullest extent. I am involved with help sessions, and I counsel the individual disciplinary problems assigned to me. 	1	2	3	4	5
3. I make sure that my players are at practice and on time. I do this for all varsity players and B-Teamers who play the position I coach.	1	2	3	4	5
4. I help with team travel. I make sure that our players dress properly, conduct themselves properly, promote a good public image and maintain a team frame of mind.	1	2	3	4	5
I notify parents if I must discipline a boy I have recruited or coached. A well-written letter will suffice; only drastic problems merit a phone call.	1	2	3	4	5
I try to anticipate the disciplinary problems my players may be involved in before they actually surface.	1	2	3	4	5
			C	Continue	ed on next page

			ctory		(1.8)
	Moz		Satisfactory		High
D. ACADEMICS					
 I know the courses my players are enrolled in and their status from an academic and eligibility standpoint. 	1	2	3	4	5
I follow up and get on top of class-cutting problems when problems with one of my players is reported to me.	1	2	3	4	5
3. I am constantly trying to promote good public relations with the faculty and the administration in an effort to get their help in recruiting. Also, I encourage the faculty to report players who are not doing well in their classes.	1	2	3	4	5
 I visit each player I have recruited on a regular basis to discuss his academic and personal problems. 	1	2	3	4	5
I keep in touch with parents of my players who are academic risks and solicit their help in motivating their son.	1	2	3	4	5
E. RELATIONSHIP WITH PLAYERS AND STAFF					
 I do not make unfounded statements when judging players; such statements might affect our staff's evaluation of a player. 	1	2	3	4	5
2. I am courteous to all players at all times.	1	2	3	4	5
I regularly visit each floor of our dormitory to promote a feeling of good player-coach relationships.	1	2	3	4	5
4. I am courteous to members of our staff as well as to the coaches. An atmosphere of common courtesy often increases the staff's productivity.	1	2	3	4	5
F. IMPROVING PROFESSIONAL KNOWLEDGE AND STAFF EFFICIENCY					
1. I read all literature sent out by professional organizations.	1	2	3	4	5
2. I attempt to seek out new literature and knowledge.	1	2	3	4	5
3. At staff meetings, I suggest new trends and ideas I have learned. I do not just sit back and let one or two set the pattern for our offense, defense or program.	1	2	3	4	5
 I use good judgment by not discussing internal staff problems with people outside our department. 	1	2	3	4	5
In public conversations, always speak highly of our staff members even if I do not agree with their teaching, philosophy or effort.	1	2	3	4	5
G. DEPARTMENT BUSINESS					
 I do a good job of filling out travel reports accurately so they don't take additional time. 	1	2	3	4	5
I am prudent when spending department funds. I do not make false claims of expenses in travel. I do not feed and entertain people who are not important to our program.	1	2	3	4	5
3. I plan recruiting trips wisely. I plan so I can see the maximum number of prospects in one trip. I do not just hop here and there without careful planning.	1	2	3	4	5
4. I am punctual in turning in travel reports after I return from a trip, or on a weekly basis.	1	2	3	4	5

			ctory	>	(1.8	3
	Moz		Satisfacton,		High	
5. I fulfill my obligations when returning my loan car to the dealer. I replace tires, repair dents, give regular oil and lubricant service and return the car in tip-top shape.	1	2	3	4	5	
I do a good job of showing my appreciation to car dealers for their contribution.	1	2	3	4	5	
I do not use the phone (including calling cards or station calls) for national calls for my own personal matters.	1	2	3	4	5	
I do not use the phone when a well-planned letter in advance would suffice.	1	2	3	4	5	
 I thoroughly understand what travel expenses are allowed and how much for each (example: laundry money is not included). I understand how much is allowed for meals and hotels. 	1	2	3	4	5	
 I make an effort to avoid staying in the most expensive hotels. Also, I make an effort to stay where we can get special rates. 	1	2	3	4	5	
11. I investigate the possibility of getting courtesy cars in areas where they are available.	1	2	3	4	5	
12. I am prompt in settling travel accounts with our own departmental business office.	1	2	3	4	5	
H. PERSONAL IMAGE IN REGARD TO SCHOOL, COMMUNITY AND STA	ATE					
 I do not use alcoholic beverages in excess. I present a good image of myself at gatherings that reflect our program. 	1	2	3	4	5	
If I am a married man, I uphold marital responsibilities that are expected of me as a teacher and coach.	1	2	3	4	5	
I keep my business and financial affairs in a state not embarrassing to me, my family or the athletic department.	1	2	3	4	5	
4. I present a satisfactory image to the public regarding grooming and dress, particularly when recruiting and representing our department at public functions.	1	2	3	4	5	

HOW TO IMPROVE THE WON-LOSS RECORD

STRATEGIES AND TACTICS	STRENGTH	WEAKNESS	NOTES
A. QUALITY ATHLETES			
Must identify them			
2. Must find them			
Need some blue chippers			
Players w/ extraordinary determination			
B. QUALITY COACHES			
Hiring quality coaches			
Working long and hard hours			
3. Great teachers			
C. SUFFICIENT QUANTITY OF ATHLETES			
Two-man depth for each position			
Create new sub-varsity teams			
D. SUFFICIENT QUANTITY OF COACHES			
Specialized coaches			
Good ratio of coaches to players			
E.TEAM DURABILITY			
Speed, agility and quickness training			
Year-long strength program			
3. Nutrition program			
4. Off-season programs			
5. Off-season camps			
F. TEAM ADAPTABILITY			
Built around players' strengths			
2. Cross-training			
Practice against competitors' strengths			
G.TEAM DEPENDABILITY			
Strong discipline			
Mutual respect between players and coaches			
H.TEAM BALANCE			
1. Offense			
2. Defense			
3. Special Teams			
I.TEAM QUICKNESS			
Strength training			
2. Running drills			
3. Agility drills			

STRATEGIES AND TACTICS	STRENGTH	WEAKNESS	NOTES
J. TEAM UNIQUENESS			
1. What are we known for?			
2. Why do we want to be known for this?			
K.TEAM INNOVATION			
1. Are we creative?			
2. How can we do it better?			
L. TEAM VARIETY			
Do we have multiple schemes?			
2. Do we have a plan if things go wrong?	۵		
M.TEAM SAFETY			
Safe equipment			
2. Team doctor			
3. Trainer			
N. SCHEDULING			
Sufficient home games			
2. Some "easy" games			
O. WELL-ORGANIZED TEAM			
1. Coaches' handbooks			
2. Players' handbooks			
3. Specific responsibilities			
4. Experienced coaches			
5. Delegated authority			
6. Good scouting			
7. Review of game films			
P. CLEAN PRACTICE ENVIRONMENT			
Clean practice area			
2. Clean locker rooms			
3. First-class facilities			
R.TOP-NOTCH EQUIPMENT			
1. High quality			
2. Adequate new equipment			
FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS			
FIRST-CLASS LODGING AND TRAVEL			
FIRST-CLASS MEALS			

COACHES TIME SAVING MEMORANDUM

COACHES NEVER SEEM to have enough time to do all that needs to be done. Time may be fixed, but you can learn how to use it more efficiently. Here is a list of things that can help you better organize your time. Not all of these suggestions will work for you, but adapt and use those that will. Each principle emphasizes organization, job knowledge, planning, delegation and common sense—the goals of all good coaches. These goals are all long-term. They may cost you a little more time and effort up front, but in the long-run, they will help you be a better leader and, in turn, benefit your entire organization.

- Keep a list of specific items to be done, prioritize them each day and use common sense.
- 2. Concentrate on one thing at a time.
- Work on your "Things To Do" list without skipping over difficult items.
- Use a calendar. Keep track of activities and appointments in one place. Link it with your goals and objectives.
- Write shorter letters and memos, use form letters/paragraphs; generate as little paperwork as possible.
- **6.** Practice "Wastebasketry." Throw away things you don't need.
- **7.** Correspondence. Handle each item only once; don't put it back into the pile.
- 8. Put signs in your office to remind you of your goals.
- 9. Review/revise your goals once a month.
- **10.** Ask yourself, "Would anything terrible happen if I don't do this particular item?" If the answer is "No," don't do it.
- **11.** When you are procrastinating, ask yourself what you are avoiding. Do your thinking on paper.
- **12.** Set deadlines for yourself and others that are reasonable, but don't waste other people's time.
- **13.** Listen actively in every discussion; ask clarifying questions.
- **14.** Set up a plan to get you from what you are doing to what you want to accomplish.
- **15.** Ask questions; see if someone else has the answer already. Don't reinvent the wheel.
- **16.** Know when to stop a task. Don't overdo it.
- 17. Set a purpose and a time limit for all meetings. Ask only necessary individuals to participate. Follow an agenda, and provide it to all those coming to the meeting.
- **18.** Get rid of busywork. It's not how much you're doing that's important, but how much you get done.
- **19.** Decision-making. A clear statement of the problem is 50% of the solution.

- **20.** Use simple charts or diagrams to communicate ideas rather than long, drawn-out papers.
- **21.** Remember that coaches plan, organize, direct, control, motivate, communicate and delegate. Trust your subordinates and players to do their share.
- **22.** Set aside time to concentrate on high-priority items.
- **23.** Set aside and protect large chunks of time for tasks that require uninterrupted concentration.
- **24.** Keep your desktop cleared for action. Put the most important thing in the center of your desk.
- **25.** Have a place for everything so you know where to look for things.
- **26.** Group your outgoing phone calls together and plan what you will say.
- 27. Write things down. Carry 3 x 5 note cards at all times.
- **28.** Continually ask yourself, "What is the best use of my time right now?"
- **29.** Use checklists. When many things need to be done, and if the order in which they are done is critical, make a chronological list.
- **30.** Say "No" when you can't do something.
- **31.** Reward yourself. Give yourself time off and special rewards when you've done the important things.
- 32. Anticipate, look ahead and play "Devil's Advocate."
- **33.** Delegate. Do the most important work and plan out work for others. Give your subordinates authority and responsibility.
- **34.** Do it right the first time. We always seem to find time to do it right the second time after the boss has chewed us out.
- 35. Set up a quick reference file. Use it and update it.
- **36.** Routine tasks must be accomplished as second nature. Establish a standard operating procedure and make sure all use it.
- 37. Don't be afraid to ask for help.
- **38.** Understand the requirement before you start. Don't waste time working on the wrong requirement. Don't be afraid to think about a problem.



COACHING NOTES

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NOTES:	

CHAPTER 2

OFFENSIVE SKILLS— BY POSITION

THIS CHAPTER was designed to help football coaches establish the exact skills necessary for their players to master at each respective offensive position. Included in the following pages are skill-level checklists — both basic and advanced — for:

- ✓ Quarterbacks (2.1).
- ✔ Ball carriers (2.2).
- ✔ Receivers (2.3).
- ✓ Offensive linemen (2.4).
- ✔ Centers (2.5).

While all work is original, the idea came from the *Football Coach's Survival Guide* by Michael D. Koehler.



QUARTERBACK SKILLS

Name:
BASIC SKILLS
Before competing at the varsity level, the quarterback must be able to:
☐ Assume a correct stance and secure the snap.
\square Correctly call the cadence and snap of the ball (both under center and in the shot-gun).
☐ Execute a hand-off properly.
☐ Execute a pitchout properly.
☐ Execute a 1-, 3- or 5-step drop.
☐ Properly throw (pass) a football with the following 7-step throwing technique.
○ Firm wrist.
○ Coordinate shoulder turn.
○ Elbows at shoulder level.
○ Straight-arm follow through.
O Head over front foot.
O Air under heel (up on toes).
O Head still and vertical.
☐ Know the pass tree routes.
☐ Execute the fake.
☐ Know quarterback's assignments on each and every play.
Learn to control the huddle and properly call the play.
☐ Protect the football while running.
ADVANCED SKILLS
o succeed at the varsity level, the quarterback must be able to:
☐ Successfully execute basic skills 10 out of every 10 plays.
☐ Know each player's responsibility on every play.
☐ Lead in the huddle and at the line of scrimmage.
☐ Direct the attack so the offense can either run or pass the ball for positive yardage 9 out of every 10 plays
☐ Execute the option correctly 9 out of every 10 plays.
☐ Correctly read and identify pass coverages 8 out of every 10 plays.
☐ Read receiver adjustments to defensive coverages correctly at least 8 out of every 10 plays.
☐ Complete 6 out of every 10 pass attempts.
☐ Identify and call an audible "Hot" correctly at least 9 out of every 10 plays.
☐ Know the opposition's strong and weak points based upon the scouting report.
NOTES:

BALL CARRIER SKILLS

Name:
BASIC SKILLS
Before competing at the varsity level, the ball carrier must be able to:
 Establish a balanced stance (2- and 3-point) and explode off the line of scrimmage on the correct snap count Execute a correct QB-RB exchange (hand-off). Execute a correct fake hand-off. Protect the football while running. Execute sound run-blocking technique. Execute sound pass-blocking technique. Learn basic offensive calls (alignment and responsibility). Execute correct technique for receiving the pitch.
ADVANCED SKILLS
To succeed at the varsity level, the ball carrier must be able to:
 Execute basic skills correctly 9 out of every 10 plays. Read blocks and cut to avoid tackles. Carry and avoid defenders after contact (stiff arm, hit and spin-and-power drive). Rush for a 3-plus yard average per carry. Block and defeat the correct defensive player at least 8 out of every 10 plays. React and execute "Hot" (audible) assignments correctly at least 9 out of every 10 plays.
NOTES:



RECEIVER SKILLS

Name:
BASIC SKILLS
Before competing at the varsity level, the receiver must be able to:
☐ Get into a fundamentally sound 2- or 3-point stance. Explode off the line of scrimmage on the correct snap count.
\square Consistently catch the football while employing the basic skill of hand-eye coordination.
 □ Protect the football after the catch or hand-off, using the correct carry technique based upon game situation. □ Run assigned pass routes (alignment and responsibility).
☐ Know and execute pass tree routes.
\square Free himself from a defender to execute the assigned pass pattern (using fakes and swim technique).
Identify and execute the correct block of assigned opponent based upon the play called (screen technique, running block, mirror block, etc.).
☐ Identify defensive coverages and work to the open area for the reception based on the defensive reaction. ☐ Execute the correct motion and technique and then execute the offensive assignment.
ADVANCED SKILLS
To succeed at the varsity level, the receiver must be able to:
☐ Execute basic skills correctly at least 9 out of every 10 plays.
☐ Catch at least 7 out of every 10 catchable passes.
☐ Run assigned pass routes or passing tree correctly on 9 out of every 10 plays.
Identify and block the assigned man on 8 out of every 10 plays.
☐ Adjust pass routes correctly to defensive coverage (man/zone) on at least 8 out of every 10 plays.
☐ React and execute the "Hot" (audible) assignments correctly on at least 9 out of every 10 plays.
NOTES:



OFFENSIVE LINEMEN SKILLS

Name:
BASIC SKILLS
Before competing at the varsity level, the offensive lineman must be able to:
☐ Get into a fundamentally sound 3-point stance.
☐ Explode off the line of scrimmage on the correct snap count.
Execute correct run-block technique.
Understand and execute correct trap-block techniques.
Understand and execute correct pulling and blocking techniques.
☐ Execute correct pass-blocking techniques.
☐ Identify and block assigned opponent based on the play called.
ADVANCED SKILLS
To succeed at the varsity level, the offensive lineman must be able to:
☐ Execute basic skills correctly on 9 out of every 10 plays.
ldentify and block assigned man effectively on 8 out of every 10 plays.
Execute basic team run-blocking techniques.
☐ Execute basic team pass-blocking techniques.
☐ Execute cross-block, double-team and trap-blocking techniques on at least 8 out of every 10 plays.
☐ Call defensive opponent alignment/blitzes.
☐ React and execute audible assignments on 9 out of every 10 plays.
NOTES:



CENTER SKILLS

Name:
BASIC SKILLS
Before competing at the varsity level, the center must be able to:
 □ Assume the correct stance and fire out the snap on the count. □ Snap the ball crisply to QB on the correct count. □ Execute basic individual run-blocking techniques. □ Execute basic individual pass-blocking techniques. □ Know his assignments on each play. □ Execute a fundamentally sound block. □ Correctly snap the ball from shot-gun, punt and field goal/PAT formations.
ADVANCED SKILLS
To succeed at the varsity level, the center must be able to:
 □ Execute basic skills correctly on 9 out of every 10 plays. □ Identify and block his assigned man on at least 8 out of 10 plays. □ Execute basic team run-blocking techniques. □ Execute basic team pass-blocking techniques. □ Call defensive opponent alignments and blitzes. □ Execute cross block, trap team and double-team blocking techniques on at least 8 out of 10 plays. □ React to and execute audible assignments. □ Snap the ball from the shot-gun, punt and field goal/PAT formation to the correct spot on 10 out of 10 plays.
NOTES:



CHAPTER 3

OFFENSIVE DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST FORMS — BY POSITION

THIS CHAPTER consists of "practice reminders" that help a coach manage drills during practice time.

Each of the worksheets lists the drills and techniques that each respective position player needs to practice to become a better player. There is room to keep an accurate record of drills performed for up to 10 practices.

Drill & Technique Checklist Forms are included for:

- ✓ Quarterbacks (3.1).
- ✔ Running backs (3.2)

- ✔ Receivers (3.3).
- ✓ Offensive linemen (3.4).

A blank form (3.5) is also provided so you can customize these drills and techniques for your own program.

The idea behind these forms is to ensure that the proper skills are being taught and to help the coach add variety to individual drill periods. It also helps ensure that no important techniques or drills are overlooked in practice. All work is original, but the idea for these sheets came from books written by the late Fritz Shurmur, former Green Bay Packers defensive coordinator.



QUARTERBACK DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST

Drill	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Stance/Snap										
Stance										
Snap										
Cadence										
Ball Handling										
Hand-off										
Pitch out										
Fakes										
Over bags										
Passing	1									
Kneeling warm-up										
Single knee warm-up										
1-step drop										
3-step drop										
5-step drop										
7-step throwing technique										
Rollout										
Bootleg										
Throwing Drills										
Throw over goal post										
Hitch drill										
Long-pass drills										
Down-the-line drill	1									
Circle drill	1									
Quick-release drill										
Pass with a purpose										
Pass on the run drill	1									

NOIL3	 	 	

RUNNING BACK DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST

Drill	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Stance										
3-point stance										
2-point stance										
Ball Protection										
Pocket/Exchange										
Gauntlet										
Strip										
Fumble recovery										
Body Control/Agility										
Spin										
Shake and bake										
Change arm and ball										
Stiff arm										
Bag obstacle course										
Contact										
Dummy strike										
Blocking punch										
Sideline attack	1									
Sled										
Contact										
Timing Drills	1									
Hand-off drills										
Motion timing drills										
Backfield plays										
Option-read drill										
Blocking Drills										
Lead-block drill										
Perimeter-block drill										
Pass-blocking drill										
Passing Drills										
Pass-tree routes	1									
See receiver checklist										

RECEIVER DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST

Drill	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Stance										
3-point stance										
2-point stance										
Starts/Releases										
Power step										
Inside release										
Outside release										
Swim release										
Rip release										
Ball Catching										
One hand catch										
Sideline and end-zone catch										
Goal post										
Sideline bag catch										
Hands up										
Pillow										
Ladder catches										
Sled/bag drill										
Gauntlet drill										
Partner harassing										
Seams										
Routes										
Passing tree										
The square										
The triangle										
Blocking										
Stalk block										
Double-team										

NOTES:			

OFFENSIVE LINE DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST

Drill	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Stance										
3-point										
Starts										
Line starts										
Power-step right and left										
Angle lead										
Pull										
Blocking										
6-point into dummy										
Contact fit										
Contact fit and drive										
Fire to fit and drive										
Full sprint and hit										
Run Blocking										
1-on-1										
Double-team										
Pull technique										
Down technique										
Cross-block										
Reach technique										
Zone technique										
Pass Blocking										\Box
Man										
Area										
NOTES:	·									

DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST

CHAPTER 4

OFFENSIVE OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORMS

THE OFFENSIVE Opponent-Evaluation Forms are intended to help your offensive players prepare for the team — and individuals — that they will face in an upcoming game. These forms consist of comprehensive lists that are used to help offensive players look for weaknesses and strengths in their assigned match-ups.

Offensive Opponent-Evaluation Forms are included for:

✓ Quarterbacks (4.1).

- ✔ Running backs (4.2).
- ✔ Receivers (4.3).
- ✓ Offensive line (4.4).

A completed example accompanies each of the forms.

These forms are also excellent tools to teach players how to watch and study game film. Further, these forms function as a study guide that players can use and reference on their own time while studying their responsibilities for the upcoming game.



QUARTERBACK OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

(Player Jersey Numbers) _____ FS#: ____ SS#: ____ RC#: ___ LC#: ___ W#: ___ S#: ___ M#: ___ TEAM: Shortest DB: _____ Tallest DB: _____ Hardest Hitting DB:_____ 1. WHAT ARE THE TEAM'S BASIC DEFENSES? (List 3 Or More) 2. HOW WELL DO THEY: a. Defend The Run? GOOD FAIR POOR b. Defend The Pass? GOOD FAIR POOR 3. HOW WELL DO THE DBs EXECUTE? Bump Technique? (Look For Alignment, Use Of Hands, Strength, Etc.) Best: Worst: Team Agility: GOOD FAIR **POOR** Best: ___ Worst: _____ FASTER SAME SLOWER How Do DBs' Speed Relate To Our Receivers' Speed? Fastest DB: Slowest DB: Team Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR CAN BE INTIMIDATED Toughest: Weakest: Man Coverage Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Best: _____ Worst: _ Do They Give Any Tips? YES NO Zone Coverage Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-2 Responsibility: Cover-2 Man Responsibility: _____ Man Blitz Responsibility: ____ Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage? GOOD FAIR POOR Off Coverage? GOOD FAIR POOR Player That Covers Primary Receiver On 3rd Down: His Catch-Up Ability After Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR Do They Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR **4. COVERAGE READS** (Indicate Disguise Techniques, If Any) Man Pre-Snap: During Drop: Man Blitz Pre-Snap: During Drop: Cover-3 Pre-Snap:____ During Drop: Cover-2 Pre-Snap: During Drop: Cover-2 Man Pre-Snap:______ During Drop: _____ 5. DB/LB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Up Routes Against Them: Ways To Make A Big Play Against Them: Can They Be Fooled On Routes? ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Which Routes: Do They Cover Play-Action Well? ALWAYS SOMETIMES **NEVER** Do They Tip Off When They Blitz? YES NO How? 6. WHAT IS THEIR USUAL NUMBER OF PASS RUSHERS IN THEIR 3 FAVORITE DEFENSES? Defense #1: Defense #2: Defense #3: Do They Stunt? YES NO Do They Twist? YES NO

Do They Slant?

Best Pass Rusher:

YES

NO

YES

Do They Loop?

Worst Pass Rusher:

NO

7	RUNTECHNIQUE. (How Well Do They React To):
٠.	Inside Run: GOOD FAIR POOR Outside Run: GOOD FAIR POOR
	Sweep: GOOD FAIR POOR Trap: GOOD FAIR POOR
	Special Play: GOOD FAIR POOROption: GOOD FAIR POOR
	Number Of Players Expected In The Box During Their Run Defense? Indicate On Lines Above.
	Number Expected In The Red Zone:
R	HOW WELL DO THEY DEFEAT BLOCKS? GOOD FAIR POOR
0.	The Best Blocking Scheme To Beat Them:
	Their Leading Tackler: How Can We Block Him?
۵	HOW DO YOU ADJUST YOUR PASS ROUTE? (Read Progression For:)
	,
	Cover-1 (Man):
	Cover-4:
	Cover-4:
	Blitz:
	Cover-2 Man:
	Cover-2:
	Short Yardage (Technique):
	Goal Line (Technique):
	Long Yardage (Technique):
10.	TOUGHEST COVERAGES FOR YOU TO READ:
11.	DOWNS THEY BLITZ ON:
12.	FIELD ZONES THEY BLITZ ON:
13.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE?
14.	WHAT DO THEY DO BEST?
15.	HOW WELL DO THE LBs REACT TO PASS?
	Does Play-Action Fool Them?
16.	WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE AGAINST THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN?
17.	WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE?
18.	WHAT TEAM COVERAGES MUST WE BEAT TO WIN?
19.	WHEN MOTION IS USED, WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO THEY MAKE? (Rotate To Motion, Etc.)
20	WHAT ARE THE PASS AND RUSH RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DEs?
20.	WHAT ARE THE FACO AND ROOM TEED ON ORDERING OF THE DES:
21	WHAT ARE THE STRENGTHS OF THIS DEFENSE?
۷۱.	WHAT ARE THE STRENGTHS OF THIS DEFENSE:
20	WHAT ADE THE WEAKNESSES OF THIS DEFENSES
22.	WHAT ARE THE WEAKNESSES OF THIS DEFENSE?
00	IOTHER DEFENDE DALANGED OF HARMAN ANGEDO (O'. 1, C.)
23.	IS THEIR DEFENSE BALANCED OR UNBALANCED? (Circle One)
	Is This A Wide-Side (Field Defense) Or A Formation Defense? (Circle One)

QUARTERBACK OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

(Playor Jorean Numbers)

T E	AM: Crusaders FS#: 50 SS#	(Flayer Jersey Numbers)
		t: <u>68</u> RC#: <u>28</u> LC#: <u>57</u> W#: <u>42</u> S#: <u>36</u> M#: <u>53</u>
	ortest DB: 37 Tallest DB: 28 Hardest H	_
1.	WHAT ARE THE TEAM'S BASIC DEFENSES? (List 3 Or 1	•
	4-4 Cover 3 3-4 Cover 3 & Dime — long yds	only
2.	HOW WELL DO THEY:	
	a. Defend The Run? GOOD FAIR POOR	b. Defend The Pass? GOOD FAIR POOR
3.	HOW WELL DO THE DBs EXECUTE?	
	Bump Technique? (Look For Alignment, Use Of Hands, St	trength, Etc.) Best: 28 Worst: 37
	Team Agility: GOOD FAIR POOR	Best: <u>28</u> Worst: <u>37</u>
	How Do DBs' Speed Relate To Our Receivers' Speed?	FASTER SAME SLOWER
	Fastest DB: <u>37</u> Slowest DB: <u>28</u>	
	Team Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR CAN BE INTIMI	DATED Toughest: #53, 28 Weakest: #42, 20
	Man Coverage Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR	Best : 28 Worst : 37
	Do They Give Any Tips? YES NO	Zone Coverage Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR
	Cover-3 Responsibility: normal SS to flat! 68	Cover 2 Responsibility: normal
	Cover-2 Man Responsibility: don't use	Man Blitz Responsibility: 53 blitz FS covers RB
	Use Collision Technique: YES NO	
	Bump Coverage? GOOD FAIR POOR	Off Coverage? GOOD FAIR POOR
	Player That Covers Primary Receiver On 3rd Down:#	±28
	His Catch-Up Ability After Catch? GOOD FAIR	POOR
	Do They Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD	FAIR POOR
4.	COVERAGE READS (Indicate Disguise Techniques, If Any)
	Man Pre-Snap: CB inside alignment, all DB eyes on man	During Drop: DB run w/receivers
	Man Blitz Pre-Snap: #53 cheats up-same alignment & look by DBs	During Drop:
	Cover-3 Pre-Snap: FS middle - CB off @7 outside leverag	During Drop: <u>SS rotates to flat other DBs deep 1/3</u>
	Cover-2 Pre-Snap: Z deep safeties CB outside leverage less than 5yds	During Drop: safeties deep - 5 under coverage
	Cover-2 Man Pre-Snap: N/A	During Drop: N/A
5.	DB/LB STUDY	
	Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR	
	Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR	
	Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NI	EVER
	Best Match-Up Routes Against Them: Must find seams	- normal play routes will work
	Ways To Make A Big Play Against Them: Execute what	I have been taught
	Can They Be Fooled On Routes? ALWAYS SOMET	TIMES NEVER
	Which Routes: Play-action	
	Do They Cover Play-Action Well? ALWAYS SOMET	TIMES NEVER
	Do They Tip Off When They Blitz? YES NO	How? _#28 or #53 cheat up
6.	WHAT IS THEIR USUAL NUMBER OF PASS RUSHERS I	NTHEIR 3 FAVORITE DEFENSES?
	Defense #1: 4-3 -4	
	Defense #2: <u>4-4 - 4</u>	
	Defense #3: 3-4 - 3	
	Do They Stunt? YES NO	Do They Twist? YES NO
	Do They Slant? YES NO	Do They Loop? YES NO
	Best Pass Rusher: #73	Worst Pass Rusher: #65

1.	RUNTECHNIQUE. (How Well Do They React To):
	Inside Run: GOOD FAIR POOR7 Outside Run: GOOD FAIR POOR
	Sweep: GOOD FAIR POOR 7 Trap: GOOD FAIR POOR
	Special Play: GOOD FAIR POOR Option: GOOD FAIR POOR
	Number Of Players Expected In The Box During Their Run Defense? Indicate On Lines Above.
	Number Expected In The Red Zone: 8
8.	HOW WELL DO THEY DEFEAT BLOCKS? GOOD FAIR POOR
	The Best Blocking Scheme To Beat Them: Our normal schemes
	Their Leading Tackler: #53 How Can We Block Him? Normal scheme
9.	HOW DO YOU ADJUST YOUR PASS ROUTE? (Read Progression For:)
	Cover-3: Normal rules
	Cover-1 (Man): Normal rules
	Cover-4: Normal rules
	Blitz: Alert hot receiver
	Cover-2 Man: _ N/A
	Cover-2: Normal rules
	Short Yardage (Technique): Normal rules
	Goal Line (Technique): Normal rules
	Long Yardage (Technique): Remind players to run past 1st down marker or by situations
10.	TOUGHEST COVERAGES FOR YOU TO READ: None — they do not disguise coverages well
11.	DOWNSTHEY BLITZ ON: 2-3rd
40	
12.	FIELD ZONES THEY BLITZ ON: 50 yds on in
12.	FIELD ZONES THEY BLITZ ON: 50 yds on in
	FIELD ZONES THEY BLITZ ON: 50 yds on in DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills
13.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills
13.	
13.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills
13. 14.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills
13. 14.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue
13. 14. 15.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DOTHE LBs REACT TO PASS? Fair.
13. 14. 15.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBs REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early
13. 14. 15.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBs REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE ON THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN? Normal play —
13. 14. 15.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBs REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE ON THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN? Normal play — do what I have been taught
13. 14. 15. 16.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBs REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE ON THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN? Normal play — do what I have been taught
13. 14. 15. 16.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBs REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE ON THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN? Normal play — do what I have been taught WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE? Execute the game plan
13.14.15.16.17.18.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBs REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE ON THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN? Normal play — do what I have been taught WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE? Execute the game plan
13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBs REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE ON THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN? Normal play — do what I have been taught WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE? Execute the game plan WHAT TEAM COVERAGES MUST WE BEAT TO WIN? All WHEN MOTION IS USED, WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO THEY MAKE? (Rotate To Motion, Etc.) Rotate to motion
13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBS REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE ON THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN? Normal play — do what I have been taught WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE? Execute the game plan WHAT TEAM COVERAGES MUST WE BEAT TO WIN? All
13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19.	WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBs REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE ON THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN? Normal play — do what I have been taught WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE? Execute the game plan WHAT TEAM COVERAGES MUST WE BEAT TO WIN? All WHEN MOTION IS USED, WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO THEY MAKE? (Rotate To Motion, Etc.) Rotate to motion WHAT ARE THE PASS AND RUSH RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DES? Rush — outside contain
13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBs REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE ON THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN? Normal play — do what I have been taught WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE? Execute the game plan WHAT TEAM COVERAGES MUST WE BEAT TO WIN? All WHEN MOTION IS USED, WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO THEY MAKE? (Rotate To Motion, Etc.) Rotate to motion
13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 20. 21.	DOES ANY DEFENDER PLAY TOO DEEP OR LOOSE? #37 – poor coverage skills WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBS REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE ON THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN? Normal play — do what I have been taught WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE? Execute the game plan WHAT TEAM COVERAGES MUST WE BEAT TO WIN? All WHEN MOTION IS USED, WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO THEY MAKE? (Rotate To Motion, Etc.) Rotate to motion WHAT ARE THE PASS AND RUSH RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DES? Rush — outside contain WHAT ARE THE STRENGTHS OF THIS DEFENSE? Inside runs, ISO Cover 2 Short zones
13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 20. 21.	WHAT DO THEY DO BEST? 1. Stop inside runs 2. Pursue HOW WELL DO THE LBs REACT TO PASS? Fair. Does Play-Action Fool Them? Play-action makes them commit too early WHAT PATTERNS MUST I COMPLETE ON THIS DEFENSE FOR US TO WIN? Normal play — do what I have been taught WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE? Execute the game plan WHAT TEAM COVERAGES MUST WE BEAT TO WIN? All WHEN MOTION IS USED, WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO THEY MAKE? (Rotate To Motion, Etc.) Rotate to motion WHAT ARE THE PASS AND RUSH RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DES? Rush — outside contain

Is This A Wide-Side (Field Defense) OF A Formation Defense? Circle One)

RUNNING BACK OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

iayei ivailie	Height:	Weight: _
ersey Number:	Positions:	
1. LB NOTES		
Alignment Technique:		
Stance Technique (look for alignment, use of ha	ands, strength, etc.):	
Agility: GOOD FAIR POOR		
How Does His Speed Relate To My Speed?	FASTER SAME SLOWER	
Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN	BE INTIMIDATED	
Man Coverage Ability:		
Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO		
Zone Coverage Ability:		
Cover-3 Responsibility:		
Cover-2 Responsibility:		
Cover-1 Responsibility:		
Man Blitz Responsibility:		
Use Collision Technique: YES NO		
Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR	Off Coverage: GOC	DD FAIR POOR
Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd I	Down? YES NO	
Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR	R POOR	
Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GO	OOD FAIR POOR	
2. COVERAGE READS		
Base Formation:		
Man Coverage:		
Man Blitz Coverage:		
Goal-Line:		
Short Yardage:		
Cover-3:		
Cover-2:		
Cover-2 Man:		
3. LB STUDY		
Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POO)R	
Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR		
Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIN		

Continued on next page

	Can He Be Fooled On Routes? ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Which Routes:
	Does He Cover Play-Action Well? ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER
	Does He Tip Off When He Blitzes? YES NO How?
4	•
4.	RUN TECHNIQUE. (How Well Does He React To): Inside Run GOOD FAIR POOR Outside Run GOOD FAIR POOR
	Sweep GOOD FAIR POOR Trap GOOD FAIR POOR
	Special Play GOOD FAIR POOR Option GOOD FAIR POOR
5.	HOW WELL DOES HE DEFEAT BLOCKS? GOOD FAIR POOR
	What Is Your Best Blocking Technique To Beat Him?
	Can You Crack Block Him Successfully? YES NO
6.	DROP-BACK PASS. (How Do You Adjust Your Route Or Blocking To):
	Cover-3:
	Cover-1 (Man):
	Cover-4:
	Blitz:
	Cover-2 Man:
	Cover-2:
	Short Yardage (Technique):
	Goal-Line (Technique):
	Long Yardage (Technique):
7.	TOUGHEST COVERAGES FOR YOU TO READ:
٥	DOWNS THEY BUILT ON:
0.	DOWNSTHEY BLITZ ON:
9.	FIELD ZONES THEY BLITZ ON:
10.	WHAT DOES HE DO BEST?
11.	WHAT PATTERNS/RUNNING PLAYS MUST I BEAT MY DEFENDER ON FOR US TO WIN?
12.	WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE?
12	WHAT TEAM PASS AND RUN COVERAGES MUST WE BEAT TO WIN?
ıJ.	WHAT I LAW FASS AND HON COVERAGES WIDST WE BEAT TO WIN:

RUNNING BACK OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

TEAM Crusaders		
Player Name:	Height:	Weight:
Jersey Number: #53	Positions:	
1. LB NOTES		
Alignment Technique: A or B gap strong		
Stance Technique (look for alignment, use of hands, stre	ength, etc.): 2 point, good h	nands, average feet,
3-4 yds off LOS		
Agility: GOOD FAIR POOR		
How Does His Speed Relate To My Speed? FASTE		
Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INTI	MIDATED	
Man Coverage Ability:fair - slow reactions		
	oints at man when in man o	coverage
5 ,		
Cover-3 Responsibility: Middle gone 1/4		
Cover-2 Responsibility: Middle gone 1/5		
Cover-1 Responsibility: None, don't use		
Man Blitz Responsibility: He is blitz man – always	o chears up	
Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR	Off Coverage: GOC	DD FAIR POOR
Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down?	YES NO	D FAIR FOOR
Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR PO		
Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD		
2. COVERAGE READS	.,	
Base Formation: Zone middle		
Man Coverage: Points at receiver he will cover		
Man Blitz Coverage: Blitz man, cheats up		
Goal-Line:		
Short Yardage:		
A Tone middle		
Cover-2: Zone middle		
Cover-2 Man: Don't use		
3. LB STUDY		
Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR		
Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR		
Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES	NEVER	
Best Match-Ups Routes Against Him: Drag routes		
Ways To Make A Big Play Against Him:Use my spe	ed to separate from him	

example - (4.2)

	Can He Be Fooled On Routes? ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Which Routes: Drag routes, play-action
	Does He Cover Play-Action Well? ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER This is his major cover weakness
	Does He Tip Off When He Blitzes? YES NO How? Always moves close to LOS
4.	RUN TECHNIQUE. (How Well Does He React To):
	Inside Run GOOD FAIR POOR Outside Run GOOD FAIR POOR
	Sweep GOOD FAIR POOR Trap GOOD FAIR POOR
	Special Play GOOD FAIR POOR Option GOOD FAIR POOR
5.	HOW WELL DOES HE DEFEAT BLOCKS? GOOD FAIR POOR
	What Is Your Best Blocking Technique To Beat Him? Get into his body — He will let you since he lacks upper body strength
	Can You Crack Block Him Successfully? YES NO
6	DROP-BACK PASS. (How Do You Adjust Your Route Or Blocking To):
0.	Cover-3 Run route normal
	Cover-1 (Man): Separate with my speed
	Cover-4: Middle is more open – expect ball
	Blitz: I must block him – get into his body
	Cover-2 Man: Not used
	Cover-2: Run normal routes
	Short Yardage (Technique):
	Goal-Line (Technique):
	Long Yardage (Technique):
7.	TOUGHEST COVERAGES FOR YOU TO READ: None
8.	DOWNS THEY BLITZ ON: 2nd & 3rd
9.	FIELD ZONES THEY BLITZ ON: Scoring (50- & 20) Red zone (20-0)
10	WHAT DOES HE DO BEST? Very tough on inside run
10.	
11.	WHAT PATTERNS/RUNNING PLAYS MUST I BEAT MY DEFENDER ON FOR US TO WIN? Use Speed &
	read my blocks
12.	WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE? 1. Alignment
	2. Know my assignments 3. Get my man
12	WHAT TEAM PASS AND RUN COVERAGES MUST WE BEAT TO WIN? 4-3 & 4-4 Cover-3 Cover-2
13.	WITH I LAW FASS AND HON COVERAGES WIDST WE DEAT TO WIN! 4-3 & 4-4 COVER-3 COVER-Z

RECEIVER OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

Agility: GOOD FAIR POOR How Does His Speed Relate To My Speed? FASTER SAME SLOWER Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INTIMIDATED Man Coverage Ability:	TEAM		
Alignment Technique: Bump Technique (look for alignment, use of hands, strength, etc.): Agility: GOOD FAIR POOR How Does His Speed Relate To My Speed? FASTER SAME SLOWER Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INTIMIDATED Man Coverage Ability: Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO Zone Coverage Ability: Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Wan Blitz Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-4:	Player Name:	Height:	Weight:
Alignment Technique: Bump Technique (look for alignment, use of hands, strength, etc.): Agility: GOOD FAIR POOR How Does His Speed Relate To My Speed? FASTER SAME SLOWER Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INTIMIDATED Man Coverage Ability: Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO Zone Coverage Ability: Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-4 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Oes He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Biltz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-4: Cover-3: Cover-4: C	Jersey Number:	Positions:	
Bump Technique (look for alignment, use of hands, strength, etc.): Agility: GOOD FAIR POOR How Does His Speed Relate To My Speed? FASTER SAME SLOWER Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INTIMIDATED Man Coverage Ability: Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO Zone Coverage Ability: Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-4: Cover-4: Cover-4: Cover-5: Cover-6: Cover-6: Cover-7: Cover-8: Cover-8: Cover-8: Cover-9: C	1. DB NOTES		
Bump Technique (look for alignment, use of hands, strength, etc.): Agility: GOOD FAIR POOR How Does His Speed Relate To My Speed? FASTER SAME SLOWER Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INTIMIDATED Man Coverage Ability: Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO Zone Coverage Ability: Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-4: Cover-4: Cover-4: Cover-5: Cover-6: Cover-6: Cover-7: Cover-8: Cover-8: Cover-8: Cover-9: C	Alignment Technique:		
Agility: GOOD FAIR POOR How Does His Speed Relate To My Speed? FASTER SAME SLOWER Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INTIMIDATED Man Coverage Ability: Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO Zone Coverage Ability: Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-3 Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Biltz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:			
How Does His Speed Relate To My Speed? FASTER SAME SLOWER Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INTIMIDATED Man Coverage Ablity: Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO Zone Coverage Ability: Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-4 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Man Bilitz Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Bilitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Bump Technique (look for alignment, use of hands, stre	ngth, etc.):	
Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INTIMIDATED Man Coverage Ability: Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO Zone Coverage Ability: Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-2 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Off Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Agility: GOOD FAIR POOR		
Man Coverage Ability: Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO Zone Coverage Ability: Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Off Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	How Does His Speed Relate To My Speed? FASTE	R SAME SLOWER	
Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO Zone Coverage Ability: Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-2 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Man Blitz Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Off Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INTI	MIDATED	
Zone Coverage Ability: Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-2 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Man Blitz Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Off Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-4: Cover-4: Cover-5: Cover-6: Cover-6: Cover-7: Cover-7: Cover-7: Cover-7: Cover-9:	Man Coverage Ability:		
Cover-3 Responsibility: Cover-2 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Man Blitz Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Off Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-3: Co	Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO		
Cover-2 Responsibility: Cover-1 Responsibility: Man Blitz Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Off Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Zone Coverage Ability:		
Cover-1 Responsibility: Man Blitz Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Off Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Cover-3 Responsibility:		
Man Blitz Responsibility: Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Off Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-2: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Cover-2 Responsibility:		
Use Collision Technique: YES NO Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Off Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Cover-1 Responsibility:		
Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Off Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Man Blitz Responsibility:		
Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down? YES NO Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Use Collision Technique: YES NO		
Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR	Off Coverage: GOO	D FAIR POOR
Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD FAIR POOR 2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3rd Down?	YES NO	
2. COVERAGE READS Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR PC	OOR	
Base Formation: Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch? GOOD	FAIR POOR	
Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	2. COVERAGE READS		
Man Coverage: Man Blitz Coverage: Goal-Line: Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Base Formation:		
Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:			
Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Man Blitz Coverage:		
Short Yardage: Cover-3: Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:			
Cover-2: Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:			
Cover-2:			
Cover-2 Man: 3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:			
3. DB STUDY Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:			
Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:			
Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Play-Making Ability: GOOD FAIR POOR		
Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:	Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POOR		
·	Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES	NEVER	
Ways To Make A Big Play Against Him:	Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:		
Ways To Make A Big Play Against Him:			
	Ways To Make A Big Play Against Him:		

	Can He Be Fooled On Routes? ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Which Routes:
	Does He Cover Play-Action Well? ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER
	Does He Tip Off When He Blitzes? YES NO How?
4.	RUNTECHNIQUE (How Well Does He React To):
	Inside Run GOOD FAIR POOR Outside Run GOOD FAIR POOR
	Sweep GOOD FAIR POOR Trap GOOD FAIR POOR
	Special Play GOOD FAIR POOR Option GOOD FAIR POOR
	HOW WELL DOES HE DEFEAT BLOCKS? GOOD FAIR POOR
٥.	What Is Your Best Blocking Technique To Beat Him?
	Can You Crack Block Him Successfully? YES NO
6.	DROP-BACK PASS. (How Do You Adjust Your Route Or Blocking To):
	Cover-3:
	Cover-1 (Man):
	Cover-4:
	Blitz:
	Cover-2:
	Cover-2:Short Yardage (Technique):
	Goal-Line (Technique):
	Long Yardage (Technique):
7.	TOUGHEST COVERAGES FOR YOU TO READ:
• •	
8.	DOWNS THEY BLITZ ON:
0	EIELD ZONIES THEY DI ITZ ON.
9.	FIELD ZONES THEY BLITZ ON:
10.	WHAT DOES HE DO BEST?
11.	WHAT PATTERNS/RUNNING PLAYS MUST I BEAT MY DEFENDER ON FOR US TO WIN?
12.	WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE?
13.	WHAT TEAM COVERAGES MUST WE BEAT TO WIN?

RECEIVER OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

ayer Name:		Weight:
rsey Number: #28	Positions: Left cornerbac	CK
. DB NOTES		
Alignment Technique: Cover 2 bump/off	Cover-3 off	
Bump Technique (look for alignment, use of h	hands, strength, etc.): Outside shoulder,	Strong hands, Good
Agility: GOOD FAIR POOR		
How Does His Speed Relate To My Speed?	FASTER SAME SLOWER	
Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CA	AN BE INTIMIDATED	
Man Coverage Ability: fair to good		
Does He Give Any Tips? YES NO	Eyes always on receiver	
Zone Coverage Ability: Very good		
Cover-3 Responsibility: Deep 1/3		
Cover-2 Responsibility: Flat		
Cover-1 Responsibility:Don't use		
Man Blitz Responsibility: Man coverage		
Use Collision Technique: YES NO		
Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POO	R Off Coverage: GOOD	FAIR POOR
Does He Cover The Primary Receiver On 3r	rd Down? YES NO	
Catch-Up Ability After Catch: GOOD	FAIR POOR	
Does He Strip The Ball After The Catch?	GOOD FAIR POOR	
. COVERAGE READS		
Base Formation: Cover-2		
Man Coverage: Off at 7 yds inside levera	age	
Man Blitz Coverage: Off at 7 yds inside le	everage	
Goal-Line: Off at 5 yds		
Short Yardage: Off at 5 yds		
Cover-3: Off at 7 yds		
Cover-2: Always in bump position outside	de shoulder	
Cover-2 Man: Don't use		
. DB STUDY		
	OOR	
Competitiveness: GOOD FAIR POO		
	ETIMES NEVER	
Best Match-Ups Or Routes Against Him:		

	Can He Be Fooled On Routes? ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER
	Which Routes: Double-moves in man coverage Very agaressive in run support.
	Does He Cover Play-Action Well? ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Sometimes leaves coverage area too soon!
	Does He Tip Off When He Blitzes? YES NO How? Changes normal inside alignment closer to DL
4.	RUNTECHNIQUE. (How Well Does He React To):
	Inside Run GOOD FAIR POOR Outside Run GOOD FAIR POOR
	Sweep GOOD FAIR POOR Trap GOOD FAIR POOR
	Special Play GOOD FAIR POOR Option GOOD FAIR POOR
5.	HOW WELL DOES HE DEFEAT BLOCKS? GOOD FAIR POOR
	What Is Your Best Blocking Technique To Beat Him?
	Can You Crack Block Him Successfully? YES NO
6.	DROP-BACK PASS. (How Do You Adjust Your Route Or Blocking To):
	Cover-3: Look for seams
	Cover-1 (Man): Separate, double-moves
	Cover-4: Cut down long routes to open seams
	Blitz: Look for ball quickly
	Cover-2 Man: Don't use
	Cover-2: Deep corner seam under safety
	Short Yardage (Technique): Run with play adjustment rules
	Goal-Line (Technique): Run with route adjustment rules
	Long Yardage (Technique): Run with route long enough for 1st down
7.	TOUGHEST COVERAGES FOR YOU TO READ: None
8.	DOWNSTHEY BLITZ ON: 2nd & 3rd
•	FIELD ZONECTHEV DI 177 ON GCOPINA ZONA (50-20) Pad ZONA (20-0)
9.	FIELD ZONES THEY BLITZ ON: Scoring zone (50-20) Red zone (20-0)
10.	WHAT DOES HE DO BEST? Strip ball after catch, hits hard
11.	WHAT PATTERNS/RUNNING PLAYS MUST I BEAT MY DEFENDER ON FOR US TO WIN? Run disciplined
	patterns & only adjust to coverage – no freelancing!
12.	WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE?
	Do what we have been taught!
10	WHATTEAM COVEDAGES MUST WE DEATTOWNS All through and Long States and Long Stat
13.	WHAT TEAM COVERAGES MUST WE BEAT TO WIN? All—trust our plays & abilities to execute
	-

OFFENSIVE LINE OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

TEAM				
Player Name:			Height:	Weight:
Jersey Number:			Positions:	
1. STANCE				
2. DEFENSIVE AL	IGNMENT			
Nose:	0 TECH	1 TECH	SHADE	TILT
Right DT:	2I TECH	2 TECH	3 TECH	
Left DT:	2I TECH	2 TECH	3 TECH	
Right DE:	7 TECH	6 TECH	9 TECH	8 TECH
Left DE:	7 TECH	6 TECH	9 TECH	8 TECH
Other:				
Inside LB:				
Outside LB:				
Strong Safety:				
3. DEFENSIVE RU	INTECHNIQUE			
Hand Use:				
Feet:				
Position (High/L	.ow, etc.)			
4. PLAY-ACTION F	RUSHTECHNIQUE			
Playside:				
Backside:				
5. DROP-BACK PA	ASS-RUSH TECHNIQUE			
	Move:			
	CK AVERAGE SLOW			
	AVERAGE SLOW			
	k Our Passing Pocket:			
6. SHORT-YARDA	GETECHNIQUE:			

	:		
8. RUNNING GAME (Expect	ed Defense):		
8- & 9-Hole plays:	Weak		
	Strong		
6- & 7-Hole Plays:			
	Strong		
4- & 5-Hole Plays:			
2- & 3-Hole Plays:			
0- & 1-Hole Plays:			
•			
1. DOWNSTHEY BLITZ ON	?		
	FAIR POOR FAIR POOR		
	FAIR POOR	FAIR	POOR
EXPLOSION GOOD ABILITY TO GET OFF BL	FAIR POOR OCKS GOOD		
EXPLOSION GOOD ABILITY TO GET OFF BL 3. PLAYER'S STRENGTHS:	FAIR POOR OCKS GOOD		
ABILITY TO GET OFF BL 3. PLAYER'S STRENGTHS: 4. PLAYER'S WEAKNESSE	FAIR POOR OCKS GOOD S:		

OFFENSIVE LINE OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

layer Name:Jablo	onski		_ Height: <u>6-2</u>	Weight: <u>255</u>
ersey Number: #6	60	Posit	ions: <u>D-line</u>	
. STANCE 3-poir	ıt			
. DEFENSIVE ALIG	NMENT Mostly 9 t	ech		
Nose:	0 TECH	1 TECH	SHADE	TILT
Right DT:	2I TECH	2 TECH	3 TECH	
Left DT:	2I TECH	2 TECH	3 TECH	
Right DE:	7 TECH	6 TECH	9 TECH	8 TECH
Left DE:	7 TECH	6 TECH	9 TECH	8 TECH
Other:				
Inside LB:				
Outside LB:				
Strong Safety:				
. DEFENSIVE RUN	TECHNIQUE			
Hand Use:Ave	rage			
Feet: Very go	od			
Position (High/Lov	v, etc.) <u>Gets high</u>			
Slant: Never				
Blow Delivery:	Favorite tech			
Twist: Yes				
Stunt: No				
Blitz: Yes				
Zone Blitz: No	- never drops			
Pursuit: Good				
. PLAY-ACTION RU	SHTECHNIQUE			
Playside: Often	takes run fake			
Backside: Plays	s well & under contro			
. DROP-BACK PAS	S-RUSH TECHNIQUE			
	ech, he often rushes	out of control!		
His Best Rush Mo				
	AVERAGE SLOW	I		
Feet: QUICK				
		4 man rush – often no	o gaps	
•	_	ch player tries to get (
•	n lanes, twist somet	1		
Scheme: Kush i	11 1011100, 011100			

example - (4.4)

7.	GOAL-LINE TECHNIQUE:	4 point
8.	RUNNING GAME (Expecte	ed Defense):
	8- & 9-Hole plays:	Weak <u>4-3, 4-4</u>
		Strong <u>4-3, 4-4</u>
	6- & 7-Hole Plays:	Weak
		Strong
	4- & 5-Hole Plays:	Weak
		Strong
	2- & 3-Hole Plays:	Weak
		Strong
	0- & 1-Hole Plays:	Weak
		Strong
9.	TOUGHEST PLAYS FOR M	METO BLOCK: Slot screen – must clear #60 to get to CB, others OK
10.	DOWNS THEY STUNT ON	: None
11.	DOWNSTHEY BLITZ ON?	2nd — 3rd
12.	TOUGHNESS GOOD	-
	-	FAIR POOR
	ABILITY TO GET OFF BLO	OCKS GOOD FAIR POOR
13.	PLAYER'S STRENGTHS:	Reads plays well
14.	PLAYER'S WEAKNESSES	: _ Too aggressive – loses leverage
15.	WHAT MUST I DO TO SUC 2. Ride him out of par	CESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON OFFENSE? 1. Be patient soing lane

COACHING NOTES

	_		
			4
		O_	
NOTES:			-

CHAPTER 5

OFFENSIVE GRADE SHEETS — BY POSITION

ALL GOOD COACHES want to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of their offense. While most coaches make corrections to their players after games, a much better way to evaluate performance is to actually grade players from game films.

Before explaining how I grade players, I must share a few words of caution —

grading takes a lot of time. To grade all 11 players for an offense consisting of 50 plays, you must watch the game film 550 times (and that is assuming you can see everything

in one rewind of the film for each player — a task I've never been able to accomplish).

A solution is to have position coaches grade their players. Doing so not only cuts film-watching demands to maybe 200 times or so per coach, but it also strengthens your staff. Before you tell players you are going to grade them, make sure you can find the time — without sacrificing the next week's preparation. Finding the time is not as much of a problem for full-time coaches, but for

the rest of us, other constraints can really cut into your grading time. At a minimum, however, grade every game you lose. Losses should be graded to ensure there are no critical flaws in preparation. Good coaches are going to study their mistakes anyway, so why not grade at the same time? Also, try to grade the "great" perform-

ances just to be sure they were as great as you thought they were.

Another important item for grading is knowing the offensive call for each play. This is not a problem if you

chart all offensive calls on the sidelines — you can use the call sheet to check if the player executed the proper techniques for the called play. Grading is tremendously difficult, however, if you are trying to figure out the play call from watching the film alone. I have found this to be hard or even impossible because something that might look like a correctly executed assignment may actually have been the incorrect technique for the called play.

"Grading is an advanced technique that will enhance your players' ability to play better football..."



HOW IT WORKS

For each of the position grading sheets, a player is graded with a "1" or a "0" in each category for all graded categories. A "1" indicates the player accomplished the task correctly. A "0" indicates the task was not accomplished correctly. A critical mistake is denoted with a "Z," while an "A" indicates great technique or effort.

On each of the sheets, there is a final percentage grade that is calculated by the successfully completed graded items divided by the number of opportunities.

USING THE GRADE SHEET

The Quarterback Grade Sheet (5.1) grades the QB on his control of the huddle and line of scrimmage, snap technique, ball handling, pass drop, pass technique and fakes. Also recorded (but not graded) are QB completions, yards rushing, completions/attempts and yards passing.

The QB completions needs some explanation. For this metric, any pass that should have been caught is recorded as a completed pass. This tells you how well the QB is delivering the ball to his receivers, and more importantly, highlights problems that need fixing. Therefore, if the QB delivers the ball consistently to the right place but the receivers are dropping the passes, those drops would actually be counted as a QB completion. On the other hand, if the QB is throwing so hard that the receivers can't catch the ball, it is not a QB completion. Looking at completions in this light helps highlight the need to spend extra time on receiver skills. A QB completion is also counted when the QB throws the ball away to avoid an interception.

I've found that the QB respects coaches who evaluate his total play by not counting dropped passes and throwaways against his stats. This evaluation technique really has helped improve our passing game.

OTHER GRADE SHEETS

On the Offensive Back Grade Sheet (5.2), players are graded on alignment,

technique, ball protection, run drive, blocking, pass route and fakes. Yards rushing, catch yards and yards after contact are also recorded.

On the Receivers Grade Sheet (5.3), players are graded on alignment, release technique, ball protection, pass routes, catch technique and blocking. Great effort, attempts/catches, catch yards and yards after catch are also recorded.

On the Offensive Line Grade Sheet (5.4), players are graded on six items for each play they are in the game. In most cases, three or four items will occur on every play. The graded items are alignment, technique, fire out, contact, run block and pass block. On my grade sheet for offensive linemen, I record — but do not grade — items such as got man, missed man, missed assignment and great effort.

Each player graded should receive standardized comments about technique on his grade sheet. For example, run-blocking techniques may be a shoulder-block technique often used with a wing-T type team or iso-blocking techniques. Each coach should develop a standard list of error comments to help reinforce the desired technique.

At the end of each grade sheet are comment fields. "Coaching Points" include comments about correct techniques, game situations or anything else that needs coaching attention. Under "Things To Work On This Week," items such as defeating defenders, sustaining blocks, choosing the correct running alley, selecting the proper receiver in the pass progression, etc., are listed. Finally, the "Summary" field includes thoughts about the type of football game that they played. I always try to be positive unless there is no other alternative.

Grading is an advanced technique that will enhance your players' ability to play better football. Used properly, it will give you new insight to how well your players are actually playing.



QUARTERRACK GRADE SHEET

Offensive Call	Total Plays	Control Huddle & LOS	Correct Snap Technique	Ball Handling	Pass Drop	Pass Technique	Fakes	** QB Comp.★	** Yds. Rushing	** Comp / Attempts	** Yds. Passing	Total Pts.	G
lls that shou													

QUARTERBACK GRADE SHEET

Name: Johnson

Key: 1 = achieved assignment, 0 = failed assignment, A = great technique, Z = critical mistake, ** = not graded

Offensive Call	Total Plays	Control Huddle & LOS	Correct Snap Technique	Ball Handling	Pass Drop	Pass Technique	Fakes	** QB Comp.★	** Yds. Rushing	** Comp / Attempts	** Yds. Passing	Total Pts.	Grade
	10	10 10	9 10	7 10	2/3	2 3	4 7	3–3	12	2/3	22	34 43	79.06%
WR Screen	1	1	1	1	A-1	1		1-1		1/1	8		
32 Veer	2	1	O-Z	O-Z			0		12				
Slot Screen	3	1	1	1									
31 Veer	4	1	1	1			0						
Veer Bootleg	5	1	1	O-Z	0	1	1	1-1		1/1	14		
43 Lead	6	1	1	0			0						
WR Long Screen	7	1	1	1			1						
69 Speed Option	8	1	1	1									
White 4	9	1	1	1	1	0	1	1-1		0/1	0		
31 Trap	10	1	1	1			1						
							_						/
Total	10	10	9	7	2	2	4	3-3	12	2/3	33	34 _{/43}	79%

		1											
* Balls that should	d have be	en caugh	t and thos	e intentio	nally thro	wn away a	are record	led as a c	ompletior	ns.			
COACHING POI	NTS:	Remen	ıber to r	read div	e key co	rrectly	during (QΒ-FB <i>e</i>	xchang	e			
THINGS TO WO	RK ON 1	THIS WE	EK:	QB-Cer	iter exc	hange,	ball han	dling, fa	king				
SUMMARY:	Solid ga	ame but	you are	rushing	g the QE	3-FB div	ve - slo	w down	& ride l	=B on ve	eer serie	35	

OFFENSIVE BACK GRADE SHEET

Offensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Technique	Protect Ball	Run Drive	Block	Pass Route	Fake	** Yds. Rushing	** Catch Yds.	**Yds. After Contact	Total Pts.	Grad
ACHING PC	INTS:_					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					

OFFENSIVE BACK GRADE SHEET

Name: Smith

Key: 1 = achieved assignment, 0 = failed assignment, A = great technique, Z = critical mistake, ** = not graded

Offensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Technique	Protect Ball	Run Drive	Block	Pass Route	Fake	** Yds. Rushing	** Catch Yds.	**Yds. After Contact	Total Pts.	Grade
	10	9 10	9 10	5 6	4 5	2/3	1 1	0 1	25	3	12	30 43	83.33%
WR Screen	1	1	1										
32 Veer	2	1	1	1	1				17		10		
Slot Screen	3	1	Α										
31 Veer	4	1	1	1									
Veer Bootleg	5	0	0	O-Z									
43 Lead	6	1	1	1	1				3		0		
WR Long Screen	7	1	1			1							
69 Speed Option	8	1	1	1	1								
White 4	9	1	1			1	1						
31 Trap	10	1	1	1	1				5		2		
Total	10	9	9	2	4	2	1	0	25		12	30/43	83%

COACHING POINTS: caused a fumble!	Veer bootleg	exchange very poor - no fake & you tried to take ball from QB — almost
THINGS TO WORK ON	THIS WEEK:	Bootleg fake, timing on veer series
SUMMARY: Great	, hard-running (game! Don't get lazy on fakes – be a complete player!

DECEIVED CDARE CHEET

lffensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Release Technique	Protect Ball	Pass Route	Catch Technique	Blocking	** Great Effort	** Catches / Attempts	** Catch Yds.	**Yds. After Contact	Total Pts.	G
													L
													H
													_
													H
													H
													<u> </u>
													\vdash

RECEIVER GRADE SHEET

Name:	J. Swift					
-------	----------	--	--	--	--	--

Key: 1 = achieved assignment, 0 = failed assignment, A = great technique, Z = critical mistake, ** = not graded

Offensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Release Technique	Protect Ball	Pass Route	Catch Technique	Blocking	** Great Effort	** Catches / Attempts	** Catch Yds.	**Yds. After Contact	Total Pts.	Grade
	10	9 10	9 10	2/3	2/3	2/3	4 7	1	2/3	23	7	28 36	77.07%
WR Screen	1	1	А	1	1	1			1/1	8	5		
32 Veer	2	1	1				1						
Slot Screen	3	1	1				0						
31 Veer	4	1	1				1	1					
Veer Bootleg	5	0	O-Z	1	O-Z	A-1			1/1	15	2		
43 Lead	6	1	1				1						
WR Long Screen	7	1	1										
69 Speed Option	8	1	1										
White 4	9	1	1	O-Z	1	0		1-0					
31 Trap	10	1	1				1						
Total	10	9	9	2	3	2	4	1	2/3	23	7	²⁸ / ₃₆	77%
										_			

COACHING PO	INTS:	Poor ro	oute on	bootleg	равв.	Must co	oncentra	ate on a	audibles				
THINGS TO WO	RK ON 1	THIS WE	EK:	Routes	5, misse	ed audib	le on wh	ite 4 ca	all!				
SUMMARY:	You ma	de a gre	at cato	ch on th	e veer t	pootleg	pass be	cause y	ou ran a	poor ro	oute& l	nad to a	live
for the ball.	Rememl	er, a go	od rout	e = eas	y catch	1							

OFFENSIVE LINE GRADE SHEET

Offensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Technique	Fire Out	Contact	Run Block	Pass Block	** Got Man	** Missed Man	** Missed Assignment	** Great Effort	Total Pts.	Gra
	<u> </u>												
	-												
CHING PC	DINTS:												

OFFENSIVE LINE GRADE SHEET

Name: Grabowski	
-----------------	--

Key: 1 = achieved assignment, 0 = failed assignment, A = great technique, Z = critical mistake, ** = not graded

Offensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Technique	Fire Out	Contact	Run Block	Pass Block	** Got Man	** Missed Man	** Missed Assignment	** Great Effort	Total Pts.	Grade
	10	9 10	9 10	8 10	9 10	3 5	2 5	5	4	1	2	40 50	80%
WR Screen	1	1	Α	1	1		1	1			1		
32 Veer	2	1	1	1	1	1		1					
Slot Screen	3	0	0	O-Z	0		O-Z		1	1			
31 Veer	4	1	Α	1	1	1		1			1		
Veer Bootleg	5	1	1	1	1		0						
43 Lead	6	1	1	1	1	0		1	1				
WR Long Screen	7	1	1	1	1		1	1					
69 Speed Option	8	1	1	1	1				1				
White 4	9	1	1	1	1		0						
31 Trap	10	1	1	0	1	0			1				
Total	10	9	9	8	9	3	2	5	4	1	2	⁴⁰ / ₅₀	80%

COACHING PO	DINTS:	Missed a	ssignmer	it on slot	screen							
THINGS TO WO	ORK ON 1	THIS WEEK	<u>. 1. R</u>	un blockin	g - trap	& 43 lea	ad 2.	Slot so	reen pla	ay		
					·				·			
SUMMARY: _	Solid ga	ame but yo	u are not	finishing	your mai	1. Beco	me mor	re aggre	ssive &	domina	te	
_ you hav	e the tal	ent!										

CHAPTER 6

DEFENSIVE SKILLS— BY POSITION

SIMILAR TO CHAPTER 2 ("Offensive Skills

— By Position") the purpose of this chapter is to help football coaches establish the exact skills necessary for their players to master for each respective defensive position.

Included are skill-level checklists — both basic and advanced — for the following position areas:

- ✓ Defensive line (6.1).
- ✔ Defensive ends (6.2).
- ✓ Linebackers (6.3).
- ✔ Defensive backs (6.4).

While all work is original, the idea for these forms came from the *Football Coach's Survival Guide* by Michael D. Koehler.



DEFENSIVE LINE SKILLS

Name:
BASIC SKILLS
Before competing at the varsity level, defensive line players must be able to:
 □ Establish a balanced 3- and 4-point stance. □ React to the snap of ball and make contact with the opponent in a fundamentally sound position (hit-lift-look and flipper-shiver technique). □ React laterally (right or left) using correct technique. □ Consistently control the assigned run gap using correct defensive technique. □ React to and defeat an offensive block. □ Execute solid tackling fundamentals. □ Know how to react to the pass situation (a determined pass rush or cover-and-contain based on defensive assignment). □ Learn and execute the defensive assignment based on offensive key. □ Learn basic defensive calls (assignments and responsibilities).
ADVANCED SKILLS
To succeed at the varsity level, defensive line players must be able to: □ Execute basic skills correctly on 9 out of every 10 plays. □ Control the assigned run gap and limit the gain to less than 3 yards on at least 8 out of every 10 plays. □ Defeat or stalemate the offensive blocker on 8 out of every 10 plays (know blocking progression). □ Execute the correct stunt and alignment technique. □ Recognize and call out all the opponent's offensive line formations (double-tight, unbalanced line, etc.) □ Execute the correct pass-rush technique on 9 out of 10 plays. □ Force at least 1 turnover or tackle behind the line of scrimmage. □ Force at least 1 hurried or blocked pass per game.
NOTES:

DEFENSIVE END SKILLS

Name:
BASIC SKILLS
Before competing at the varsity level, the defensive end must be able to:
 □ Establish a balanced 2-, 3- and 4-point stance. □ React on the snap and make contact with the opponent in a fundamentally sound position (hit-lift-look and flipper-shiver technique). □ React laterally (right or left) using the correct technique. □ Consistently control the assigned run gap using the correct defensive technique. □ React to and defeat an offensive block. □ Execute solid tackling fundamentals. □ Know how to react to the pass situation (determined pass rush or cover-and-contain based on defensive assignment). □ Learn and execute the defensive assignment based on the offensive key. □ Learn basic defensive calls (assignments and responsibilities).
ADVANCED SKILLS
To succeed at the varsity level, the defensive end must be able to: □ Execute basic skills correctly on 9 out of every 10 plays. □ Control the assigned run gap and limit the gain to less than 3 yards on at least 8 out of every 10 plays. □ Defeat or stalemate the offensive blocker on 8 out of every 10 plays. □ Execute correct stunt and alignment technique. □ Recognize and call out all line offensive formations (double-tight, unbalanced line, etc.). □ Execute correct pass-rush technique. □ Force at least 1 turnover or tackle behind the line of scrimmage. □ Force at least 1 hurried or blocked pass per game.
NOTES:



LINEBACKER SKILLS

Name:
BASIC SKILLS
Before competing at the varsity level, the linebacker must be able to:
 □ Establish a sound hit position and stance. □ Deliver an effective forearm blow (react to and defeat an offensive block). □ React laterally (right or left) using the correct technique and correct pursuit path. □ Execute solid tackling fundamentals. □ Consistently control the assigned run gap using the correct defensive technique. □ Know how to react to the pass situation (determine whether o pass rush or cover the receiver based on defensive assignment). □ Learn and execute the defensive assignment based on the offensive key. □ Learn basic defensive calls (alignment and responsibilities).
ADVANCED SKILLS
To succeed at the varsity level, the linebacker must be able to:
 □ Execute basic skills correctly on 9 out of every 10 plays. □ Control the assigned run gap and limit the gain to less than 3 yards on at least 8 out of every 10 plays. □ Limit the pass receiver to 4 catches out of every 10 plays in your area of responsibility. □ Execute correct hand shiver and other avoidance skills. □ Recognize and call out all offensive formations. □ Call out likely plays from opponent's offensive formations based on the scouting report. □ Execute the correct blitz technique. □ Defeat offensive blocker on 8 out of every 10 plays. □ Force at least 1 turnover or tackle behind the line of scrimmage per game.
NOTES:

DEFENSIVE BACK SKILLS

Name:
BASIC SKILLS
Before competing at the varsity level, the defensive back must be able to:
 □ Establish a solid hit position and stance. □ Consistently execute backward running technique. □ Consistently cover the assigned receiver using man-coverage techniques. □ Consistently cover assigned zone-coverage area and react to the receiver once the ball is thrown. □ Defeat the blocker and force play using the correct technique. □ React on a correct pursuit path. □ Execute solid tackling fundamentals. □ Learn basic defensive calls (alignment and responsibilities).
ADVANCED SKILLS
To succeed at the varsity level, the defensive back must be able to:
 □ Execute basic skills correctly on 9 out of every 10 plays. □ Determine run and pass responsibility based on the offensive formation/defensive responsibility. □ Limit the pass receiver to 4 catches out of every 10 plays in area of responsibility. □ Execute correct hand-shiver and other avoidance techniques. □ Recognize and call out offensive formations and identify the most dangerous receiver in your area of responsibility. □ Call out likely plays from opponent's formations based on the scouting report. □ Execute the correct blitz technique. □ Aggressively support against the run only after opponent can no longer pass. □ Defeat offensive blocker on 8 out of every 10 plays. □ Force at least 1 turnover or tackle behind the line of scrimmage per game.
NOTES:



COACHING NOTES

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00000	_0000_
NOTES:	

CHAPTER 7

DEFENSIVE DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST FORMS — BY POSITION

THIS CHAPTER consists of "practice reminders" that help a defensive coach manage drills during practice time. It is the defensive counterpart to the forms introduced in Chapter 3.

Each of the worksheets lists the drills and techniques that the respective position player needs to practice to become a better defensive player. There is room to keep an accurate record of drills performed for up to 10 practices.

Defensive Drill & Technique Checklists are included for:

- ✓ Defensive line (7.1).
- ✔ Defensive ends (7.2).

- ✓ Linebackers (7.3).
- ✓ Defensive backs (7.4).

A blank form (7.5) is also provided at the end so that you can create your own forms — with your own favorite defensive drills — for each of the positions.

The idea behind these forms is to ensure that the proper skills are being taught and to help the coach add variety to individual drill periods. It also helps ensure that no important techniques or drills are overlooked in practice. All work is original, but the idea for these sheets came from books written by the late Fritz Shurmur, former Green Bay Packers defensive coordinator.

DEFENSIVE LINE DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST

Drill	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Stance								i		
Carioca										
Ladder Drills										
Bag Drills	+		 							
High step forward			1							
Side shuffle over bags										
Quick feet over dummies										
Forward/backward										
Between dummies										
Sled Drills										
Hands from knees	1									
Hands from up position	1									
Hands down the line										
Blow delivery/gap step										
Pass rush sled										
Power										
Blow delivery/gap step										
Swim										
Slant										
Tackling Drills										
Thuds										
Shake and bake										
Tennessee 6-on-5										
Run 1-on-1 Drills										
Blow delivery/gap step										
Slant										
Run 2-on-1 Drills										
Double-team										
X block			1							
Run 3-on-2										
Trap										
Base										
Draw										
Blocking progression										
Pass 1-on-1										
Blow delivery/gap step										
Slant										
Sprint, touch and go										
Swim										

DEFENSIVE END DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST

WEEKS OF: _____

Drill	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Stance										
Ladder Drills/Carioca	1									
Bag Drills										
High step forward										
Side shuffle over bags										
Quick feet over dummies										
Between dummies										
Sled Drills										
Hands from knees										
Hands from up position										
Hands down line										
Pass Rush Sled										
Power										
Blow delivery/gap step										
Swim										
Run 1-on-1 Drills										
Blow delivery/gap step										
Loop step										
Gap charge										
2-gap technique										
Run 2-on-1 Drills										
Double-team										
X block										
Run 3-on-2										
Pull										
Base										
Draw										
Blocking progression										
Tackling Drills										
Thuds										
Shake and bake										
Tennessee 6-on-5										
Pass 1-on-1 Rush										
Blow delivery/gap step										
Slant										
Pass Coverage										
Cover-1										
Cover-2										
Cover-3										
Cover-4										

LINEBACKER DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST

Drill	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2-point stance										
Ladder Drills/Carioca										
Bag/Cone Drills										
High step forward										
Side shuffle over bags										
Quick feet over dummies										
Hip Flexibility	T									
Sled Drills										
Hands from up position										
Pass Rush Sled										
Blow delivery/gap step	1									
Swim										
Tackling Drills	1									
Thuds										
Shake and bake	1									
Shed drill										
Tennessee 6-on-5										
Close sideline drill										
Key Drills										
Run 1-on-1 Drills										
Blow delivery/gap step										
Option drill										
Run 2-on-1 Drills										
Double-team										
X block										
Run 3-on-2										
Trap										
Base										
Draw										
Pass 1-on-1 Rush										
Blow delivery/gap step										
Swim										
Blitz										
Team Pass Coverages										
Cover-1										
Cover-2										
Roll cover-2	1									<u> </u>
Cover-3										<u> </u>
Cover-4	1	1						l		l

DEFENSIVE BACK DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST

Drill	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2-point stance										
Carioca										
Ladder Drills										
Hip Flexibility			i i		i e		i e	i e		
Backpedal										
Backpedal and communicate										
In the box (W Drill)										
Mirror drill										
All-in-one drill										
Ball Drills										
Highest point										
Break on indicator										
Backpedal indicator										
One hand interception										
Speed turns										
Tip drills										
Break on hash										
Divide drill										
Strip drill										
Interception angle drills										
Run Drills										
Option drill										
Run force										
Tackling Drills										
Thuds										
Shake and bake										
Tennessee 6-on-5										
Close sideline drill										
Cover Drills										
Bump and run										
Man coverage										
Zone coverage										
Press coverage										
Team Pass Coverages										
Cover-1										
Cover-1 crash										
Cover-2										
Roll cover-2										
Cover-3										
Cover-4										
Cover-5										

DRILL & TECHNIQUE CHECKLIST

Drill	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
-										
-										<u> </u>
										<u> </u>
										<u> </u>
										
										<u> </u>

CHAPTER 8

DEFENSIVE OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORMS

SIMILAR TO its offensive counterpart in Chapter 4, the purpose of this chapter is to help defensive players prepare for the team — and individuals — they will face in the upcoming game. The forms that follow are a comprehensive list to help defensive players look for weaknesses and advantages in their assigned match-ups.

Defensive Opponent-Evaluation Forms are included for:

✓ Defensive line (8.1).

- ✓ Linebackers (8.2).
- ✔ Defensive backs (8.3).

A completed example accompanies each of the forms.

These forms are also excellent tools to teach players how to watch and study game film. Further, these forms function as a study guide that players can use and reference on their own time when studying their responsibilities for the upcoming game.



DEFENSIVE LINE OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

TEAM							
			Weight:				
Jersey Number:		Positions:					
1. STANCE:							
2. SPLITS							
	Play-Action:		Drop Back:				
			Plays To:				
Plays Away:							
3. RUNTECHNIQUE							
		Feet:					
4. PLAY-ACTION TECHNIQU							
5. DROP-BACK PASS							
Splits:							
<u>-</u>	TEP 5-STEP 7-STEP RO	OLLOUT WAGGLE					
Hands: HEAVY BAL		JEE GOT WINGGEE					
Feet: QUICK AVERA							
		Technique:					
	HIGOE.						
7. GOAL-LINE TECHNIQUE:							
B.RUNNING GAME (Formation	n And Play)						
8- & 9-Hole plays:	· · ·						
6- & 7-Hole Plays:							
	Strong						
4- & 5-Hole Plays:							
2- & 3-Hole Plays:	Weak						
	Strong						
0- & 1-Hole Plays:	Weak						
	Strong						

Continued on next page



9.	TOUGHEST PLAYS FOR ME TO READ:
10.	DOWNSTHEY DRAW ON:
11.	DOWNSTHEY SCREEN ON:
12.	PASS PROTECTIONS USED:
13.	PLAYER'S STRENGTHS:
14.	PLAYER'S WEAKNESSES:
15.	WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON DEFENSE?

DEFENSIVE LINE OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

TEAMCrusaders					
Player Name: Smith		Height:	6-3	_ Weight: _	260
Jersey Number: 73		Positions: 0 Tack	le		
1. STANCE: 3 point					
2. SPLITS					
Run: 3 Feet	Play-Action: 3 F	- eet	Drop Bac	ck: 3 Feet	
Goal-Line: 2 Feet	-		-		
Plays Away: 3 Feet					
3. RUNTECHNIQUE					
Hand Use: Very good		Feet: Average			
Position (High/Low, etc): Ofte				r TE	
Pull: On T trap play or coun					
Down Block: Yes		- '			
Influence Blocks: No					
4. PLAY-ACTION TECHNIQUE					
Playside: Plays look the sa	me				
Backside: Plays look the sa					
5. DROP-BACK PASS					
Splits: 3 Feet	E OTEN 7 OTEN D				
QB Set: 1-STEP 3-STEP		OLL OUT CWAGGLE			
Hands: HEAVY BALANCE Feet: QUICK AVERAGE					
How They Pick Up: Zone		Technique: Pu	nches		
Scheme: 6-man protection			1101103		
'					
6. SHORT-YARDAGE TECHNIQUE	:				
7. GOAL-LINE TECHNIQUE:					
DINNING CAME (Formation And	Dlay)				
3.RUNNING GAME (Formation And I 8- & 9-Hole plays:	- <i>lay)</i> Weak _ In Pro set, he w	ill X block on wide pla	av <i>i</i> 6		
o- & 9-110le plays.	Strong In Pro set, he'll		-		
6- & 7-Hole Plays:	Weak In Proset, he b				
o a r noie i layer	Strong In Pro set, he b				
4- & 5-Hole Plays:	Weak In Proset, he g				
•	Strong In Pro set, he g	'			
2- & 3-Hole Plays:	Weak In Pro set, he t	i i			
-	Strong In Pro set, he t	raps lead dive.			
0- & 1-Hole Plays:	Weak In Pro set, he t				
	Strong In Pro set, he t	raps lead dive.			

example - (8.1)

9.	TOUGHEST PLAYS FOR ME TO READ: _Tackle Trap
10.	DOWNSTHEY DRAW ON: 3rd
11.	DOWNS THEY SCREEN ON: 2nd or 3rd
12.	PASS PROTECTIONS USED: 6 man zone & man Scheme - 7 man on long pass route
13.	PLAYER'S STRENGTHS: Pass Blocking
14.	PLAYER'S WEAKNESSES: Very aggressive – I can get him off balance
15.	WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON DEFENSE? Execute what my
	coaches have taught me!

LINEBACKER OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

TEAM					
Player Name:	Height: Weight:				
Jersey Number: Po	ositions:				
1. STANCE OF RBs					
Does He Fake Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER					
Type Of Runner: OUTSIDE INSIDE BOTH					
How Does RB's Speed Relate To My Speed? FASTER	SAME SLOWER				
Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR CAN BE INTIMIDATED					
Carries The Football: TIGHT LOOSE					
Open-Field Skills: GOOD FAIR POOR	Open-Field Skills: GOOD FAIR POOR				
Ability To Catch The Ball Out Of The Backfield: GOOD	FAIR POOR				
Is He The "Go-To" Guy On:					
3rd Down: YES NO SOMETIMES					
Short Yardage: YES NO SOMETIMES					
Long Yardage: YES NO SOMETIMES					
His Favorite Running Plays:					
2. QB STUDY					
Arm Strength: GOOD FAIR POOR					
Accuracy: GOOD FAIR POOR					
Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVE	R				
Frequently Thrown Routes:					
Does He Look You Off Before Throwing: ALWAYS SOM	METIMES NEVER				
Will He Run: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Whe	en:				
Is He Fooled On Coverages: ALWAYS SOMETIMES	NEVER				
QB Drops: 1-STEP 3-STEP 5-STEP 7-STEP RO	OLL OUT WAGGLE				
Does He Run Play-Action Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES	NEVER				
Does He Fake Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER					
Tip Off When Passing: YES NO SOMETIMES How	w?				
3. SPLITS					
Run: Play-Action:	Drop-Back:				
Goal-Line: Short-Yardage:	Plays To:				
Plays Away:					
4. RUNTECHNIQUE (List Primary Blocking Threats)					
	Double-Team:				
Pull:					
Down-Block:	-				
Influence Blocks:					

5.	PLAY-ACTION TECHNIQUE (List Assignments) Playside:					
6.	DROP-BACK PASS (Who/W	,				
	Splits:	EP 5-STEP 7-STEP RC	AL OUT WASSIE			
			Cover-1 (Man): Blitz:			
			Cover-2 Shadow:			
			Cover-26:			
7.						
8.	GOAL LINE TECHNIQUE: _					
9.	RUNNING GAME (Formation	n And Plav)				
•	8- & 9-Hole plays:	• /				
	6- & 7-Hole Plays:					
	4- & 5-Hole Plays:	Weak				
	2- & 3-Hole Plays:	Weak				
		Strong				
	0- & 1-Hole Plays:	Weak				
		Strong				
10.	TOUGHEST PLAYS FOR ME	TO READ:				
11.	DOWNSTHEY DRAW ON: _					
12.	DOWNSTHEY SCREEN ON	l:				
13.	B. PASS PROTECTIONS USED:					
14.	PLAYER'S STRENGTHS: _					
15.	PLAYER'S WEAKNESSES:					
16.	WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON DEFENSE?					

LINEBACKER OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

TEAM	Crusaders						
Player	Name: <u>Bielinski</u>	•		Weight: _	220		
Jersey	Number: <u>32</u>	Positions:	В				
1. ST	ANCE OF RBs 3 point						
Do	es He Fake Well: ALWAYS SOMETII	MES NEVER					
Тур	be Of Runner: OUTSIDE (INSIDE)	ВОТН					
Но	w Does RB's Speed Relate To My Speed	? FASTER SAME SLO	OWER				
Τοι	ughness: PHYSICAL FAIR CAN E	BE INTIMIDATED					
Ca	Carries The Football: TIGHT LOOSE						
Open-Field Skills: GOOD FAIR POOR							
Ab	ility To Catch The Ball Out Of The Backfie	eld: GOOD FAIR POO	R				
ls l	le The "Go-To" Guy On:						
	3rd Down: YES NO SOMETIME	S					
	Short Yardage: YES NO SOMET	ΓIMES					
	Long Yardage: YES NO SOMET	TIMES					
His	Favorite Running Plays: Trap						
2. QB	STUDY Right handed						
Arr	m Strength: GOOD FAIR POOR						
Ac	curacy: GOOD FAIR POOR						
Aff	ected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOME	TIMES NEVER					
Fre	equently Thrown Routes: Deep						
Do	es He Look You Off Before Throwing:	ALWAYS SOMETIMES	NEVER				
Wil	I He Run: ALWAYS SOMETIMES	NEVER When: Roll ou	t Bootleg				
ls l	de Fooled On Coverages : ALWAYS	SOMETIMES NEVER					
	Drops: 1-STEP 3-STEP 5-STEP		VAGGLE)				
	es He Run Play-Action Well: ALWAYS						
	es He Fake Well: ALWAYS SOMETI						
Tip	Off When Passing: YES NO SO	METIMES How? Licks fir	gers betore re	eaching LOS			
3. SP	_						
	n: <u>3 Fee</u> t Play		Drop-Ba	ack: reduce to	2 feet		
Go	al-Line: 2 or less Sho	rt-Yardage: 2 or less	Plays To	o: 3 Feet			
Pla	ys Away: 3 Feet						
4. RU	NTECHNIQUE (List Primary Blocking Three	eats)					
Div	re: Guard	Double-Tear	n: <u>Guard/Ce</u>	enter			
Pul	II: _Guard	Trap : <u>Guar</u>	d				
			c: <u>Tackle</u>				
Infl	luence Blocks: Guard / Tackle / Cente						
Spe	ecial Play:	Option:	Guard				

Continued on next page

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5.	PLAY-ACT	TION TECHNIQUE (Li	st Assignments)		
	Playside:_	Play run first, the	en drop		
	Backside:	Check run, then	drop		
6.	5. DROP-BACK PASS (Who/What Do You Cover)				
	Splits:	·			
	QB Set:	1-STEP 3-STEP	5-STEP 7-STEP P	OLL OUTO WAGGLE	
	Cover-3: _	Back in middle zon	le	Cover-1 (Man): Back	
	Cover-4: _	middle zone		Blitz: _ blitz	
	No Back:	#3 receiver strong	g side	Cover-2 Shadow: Middle zone	
	Cover-2: _	Middle zone		Cover-26: Middle zone	
	Cover-2 Cı	rash: #3 receiver		_	
7.	SHORTYA	ARDAGE TECHNIQUE	: I move up 2-3 yds		
8.	GOAL-LIN	IETECHNIQUE: Fr	ee (play to) or B gap		
9.	RUNNING	GAME (Formation Ar	nd Play)		
	8- And 9-H	lole plays:	Weak Counter, Swe	ер	
			Strong Sweep, Coun	ter	
	6- And 7-H	lole Plays:	Weak Veer, Ttrap		
			Strong Veer, T trap		
	4- And 5-H	lole Plays:	Weak <u>Veer</u>		
			<u> </u>		
	2- And 3-H	lole Plays:			
	0- And 1-H	lole Plays:			
			Strong Trap, Lead		
10.	TOUGHEST	T PLAYS FOR ME TO	READ: Counter - h.	ard to locate ball	
11.	DOWNSTI	HEY DRAW ON: 3rd	d only		
12.	DOWNSTI	HEY SCREEN ON: _	2nd or 3rd		
13.	PASS PRO	OTECTIONS USED: _	Man & zone		
14.	PLAYER'S	S STRENGTHS: Ru	ns inside for tough yds	– tough to bring down	
. –			I.a		
15.	PLAYER'S	WEAKNESSES: _5	PIOW		
16.	6. WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON DEFENSE? Execute				

DEFENSIVE BACK OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

TEAM		
Player Name:		Weight:
Jersey Number:	Positions:	
1. STUDY OF WRs		
Release Technique:		
Fake Technique: (Look For Head Fakes, Stutter Steps,		
Type: SPEED POSSESSION		
How Does WR's Speed Relate To My Speed: FAST	ER SAME SLOWER	
Toughness: PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INT	IMIDATED	
Favorite Patterns:		
Does He Give Any Tips: YES NO How:		
Deep & Inside:	Deep & Outside:	
Deep & Straight:	Short & Inside:	
Short & Outside:	Quick Passes:	
Bump Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR		
Off Coverage: GOOD FAIR POOR		
Primary Receiver On 3rd Down: YES NO		
Run Ability After Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR		
Carries The Ball After The Catch: TIGHT LOOSE		
2. SPLITS		
Base Formation: Play-Action:	Drop	-Back:
Goal-Line: Short-Yardage	e: Plays	sTo:
Plays Away:		
3. QB STUDY		
Arm Strength: GOOD FAIR POOR		
Accuracy: GOOD FAIR POOR		
Affected By Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES	NEVER	
Frequently Thrown Routes:		
Does He Look You Off Before Throwing: ALWAYS	SOMETIMES NEVER	
Will He Run: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER	When:	
Is He Fooled On Coverages: ALWAYS SOMETIM	MES NEVER	
QB Drops: 1-STEP 3-STEP 5-STEP 7-STEI	P ROLL OUT WAGGLE	
Does He Run Play-Action Well: ALWAYS SOME	TIMES NEVER	
Does He Fake Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES N	EVER	
Tip Off When Passing: YES NO SOMETIMES	How?	
4. RUNTECHNIQUE (List Primary Blocking Threats)		
Inside Run:	Outside Run:	
Sweep:		
Special play:		

5.	PLAY-ACTION TECHNIQUE (List Assignments)			
	Playside:			
	Backside:			
6.	DROP-BACK PASS (Who/What Do You Cover)			
	Cover-3:	Cover-1 (Man):		
	Cover-4:	Blitz:		
	No Back:			
	Cover-2:	Cover-2 Crash:		
	Cover-26:			
7.	SHORT YARDAGE TECHNIQUE:			
8.	. GOAL-LINE TECHNIQUE:			
9.	LONG YARDAGE TECHNIQUE:			
10.	. TOUGHEST PLAYS FOR ME TO READ:			
11.	DOWNSTHEY DRAW ON:			
12.	DOWNSTHEY SCREEN ON:			
13.	PLAYER'S STRENGTHS:			
14.	. WHAT PATTERNS MUST ITAKE AWAY?			
15.	WHAT MUST I DO TO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE MY AS	SIGNMENTS ON DEFENSE?		
16.	6. WHAT TEAM PATTERNS MUST WE STOP?			

DEFENSIVE BACK OPPONENT-EVALUATION FORM

	Crusad	1019			
ayer	Name:	Weston	Height:	6-2	Weight:218
sey	Number:	<i>#8</i> 1		ınker)	
ST	UDY OF W	Rs			
Re	lease Tech	nique: Swim, double fakes			
		ue: (Look For Head Fakes, Stutter Steps, Arr	n Movement & Body	Leans) Do	uble fakes
Тур	pe: SPE	ED POSSESSION	-		
Но	w Does Wi	R's Speed Relate To My Speed: FASTER	SAME SLOWE	ΞR	
Tou	ughness:	PHYSICAL FAIR HE CAN BE INTIMI	DATED		
Fav	vorite Patte	erns: Fly, Deep			
Do	es He Give	Any Tips: YES NO How: When	about to go deep,	holds hand	s in front vs. at sides
De	ep & Inside	Post, fly	Deep & Outside	: Flag, fac	de
De	ep & Straig	yht: <u>Go</u>	Short & Inside:	_Hitch	
Sh	ort & Outs	ide: Out	_ Quick Passes:		receiver, always deep,
Bu	ımp Covera	age: GOOD FAIR POOR		doesn't like	e contact
Off	f Coverage	: GOOD FAIR POOR			
Pri	imary Rece	eiver On 3rd Down: YES NO			
	-	fter Catch: GOOD FAIR POOR			
Ca	rries The B	all After The Catch: TIGHT LOOSE			
SP	LITS				
Bas	se Formati	on: 8-12 yds from TE_ Play-Action: _s	ame	Drop-Ba	ck: same
Go	al-l ine·	6-10 yds Short-Yardage:	8-12 yds	Plays To	: <u>8-12 yds</u>
	/ui Lilio		•		
Pla		8-12 yds	•		
		_8-12 yds	•		
QB	ays Away:	·			
. QB Arr	ays Away: B STUDY	: GOOD FAIR POOR			
. QB Arr Ac	ays Away: 3 STUDY m Strength	: GOOD FAIR POOR	EVER		
QB Arr Acc Aff	ays Away: B STUDY m Strength ccuracy: fected By F	: GOOD FAIR POOR	EVER		
Arr Acc Aff Fre	ays Away: B STUDY m Strength ccuracy: fected By Fequently The	GOOD FAIR POOR GOOD FAIR POOR Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NE		/ER	
Arr Acc Aff Fre	ays Away: B STUDY m Strength ccuracy: fected By F equently The pes He Look	GOOD FAIR POOR GOOD FAIR POOR Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NE	OMETIMES NEV	/ER)	
Arr Acc Aff Fre Do	ays Away: B STUDY m Strength ccuracy: fected By F equently Tr bes He Look Ill He Run:	GOOD FAIR POOR GOOD FAIR POOR Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NE Brown Routes: Likes deep routes KYou Off Before Throwing: ALWAYS S	OMETIMES NEV	/ER)	
Acc Aff Fre Do Will Is I	ays Away: B STUDY m Strength curacy: fected By F equently Tr bes He Lool III He Run: He Fooled	GOOD FAIR POOR GOOD FAIR POOR Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NE Prown Routes: Likes deep routes RYOU Off Before Throwing: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER W	OMETIMES NEV		
Arr Acc Aff Fre Do Wil Is I	ays Away: B STUDY m Strength ccuracy: fected By F equently Th bes He Loo III He Run: He Fooled B Drops:	GOOD FAIR POOR GOOD FAIR POOR Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NE Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NE Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER WOOD Coverages: ALWAYS SOMETIMES	OMETIMES NEV		
Aff Acc Aff Fre Do Will Is H	ays Away: B STUDY m Strength ccuracy: fected By F equently Th bes He Loo III He Run: He Fooled B Drops:	GOOD FAIR POOR GOOD FAIR POOR Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NE Brown Routes: Likes deep routes K You Off Before Throwing: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER WON Coverages: ALWAYS SOMETIMES 1-STEP 3-STEP 5-STEP 7-STEP Play-Action Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES	OMETIMES NEV Then: NEVER ROLL OUT WAG		
Accordance Affrontial States A	ays Away: B STUDY m Strength ccuracy: fected By F equently Th bes He Look III He Run: He Fooled B Drops: bes He Run bes He Fake	GOOD FAIR POOR GOOD FAIR POOR Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NE Brown Routes: Likes deep routes K You Off Before Throwing: ALWAYS SOMETIMES ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER W On Coverages: ALWAYS SOMETIMES 1-STEP 3-STEP 5-STEP 7-STEP Play-Action Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES	OMETIMES NEV	GGLE)	olays after breaking hi
Acron Acro Acron A	ays Away: B STUDY m Strength ccuracy: fected By F equently Th bes He Look III He Run: He Fooled B Drops: bes He Run bes He Fake o Off When	GOOD FAIR POOR GOOD FAIR POOR Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NE Arown Routes: Likes deep routes K You Off Before Throwing: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER On Coverages: ALWAYS SOMETIMES 1-STEP 3-STEP 5-STEP 7-STEP Play-Action Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER	OMETIMES NEV	GGLE)	olays after breaking hi
Arr Acc Afff Free Doo Will Is I QB Doo Tip	ays Away: B STUDY m Strength ccuracy: fected By F equently Tr bes He Lool III He Run: He Fooled B Drops: bes He Run bes He Fake O Off When	GOOD FAIR POOR GOOD FAIR POOR Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NE Arown Routes: Likes deep routes K You Off Before Throwing: ALWAYS SOMETIMES ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER W On Coverages: ALWAYS SOMETIMES 1-STEP 3-STEP 5-STEP 7-STEP Play-Action Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER WELL: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER Passing: YES NO SOMETIMES	OMETIMES NEVER NEVER ROLL OUT WAC ES NEVER ER How? Licks finger	GGLE) rs on pass p	olays after breaking hi
Arra Acc Affi Free Doo Will Is H QB Doo Tip RU Ins	ays Away: B STUDY m Strength ccuracy: fected By F equently Th bes He Look III He Run: He Fooled B Drops: bes He Run bes He Fake O Off When JNTECHNIC	COOD FAIR POOR GOOD FAIR POOR Pressure: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEAR FROM Routes: Likes deep routes KYOU Off Before Throwing: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER On Coverages: ALWAYS SOMETIMES 1-STEP 3-STEP 5-STEP 7-STEP Play-Action Well: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEVER WELL: ALWAYS SOMETIMES NEV	OMETIMES NEVER NEVER ROLL OUT WAG ES NEVER ER How? Licks finger	GGLE rs on pass p FB & Z	

Continued on next page



5.	PLAY-ACTION TECHNIQUE (List Assignment	nts)		
	Playside: Play assigned cover			
	Backside: Play assigned cover			
6.	DROP-BACK PASS (Who/What Do You Cove	er)		
	Cover-3: <u>Deep 1/3</u>	Cover-1 (Man):Z		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Blitz: Blitz		
		Cover-2 Man:Z		
	Cover-2: Flat	Cover-2 Crash: Blitz		
	Cover-26: Deep 1/4			
7		5 yds (off) or bump (call)		
•				
8	GOAL LINE TECHNIQUE:			
٠.				
9	9. LONG YARDAGE TECHNIQUE: Loosen to 7-8 yds			
٠.		V		
10.	TOUGHEST PLAYS FOR ME TO READ:	lay-action – I must not leave pass coverage to help on		
	the run too soon			
11.	DOWNSTHEY DRAW ON: 3rd			
• • • •				
12	DOWNSTHEY SCREEN ON: 2 & 3rd			
13	PLAYER'S STRENGTHS. Long pass patt	terns – deep threat		
14	WHAT PATTERNS MUST ITAKE AWAY?	Denv ao. flag & deep routes		
• • •				
15	WHAT MUST LDO TO SUCCESSEULLY CO	MPLETE MY ASSIGNMENTS ON DEFENSE? Do what my		
10.	coaches have taught me.	THE LETE WIT ACCIDING THE CITY OF DELICATION OF THE CITY OF THE CI		
16	•	Deep go/flag route combo – is their favorite play		
10.	MIAI ILAWI AI ILIMO MOOT WE STOP:			

COACHING NOTES

	_		
			4
		O_	
NOTES:			-

CHAPTER 9

DEFENSIVE GRADE SHEETS - BY POSITION

"At a minimum, grade

every game you lose to ensure

there are no critical flaws in

the preparation of your team...

Also, try to grade the 'great'

performances just to be

sure they were as great

as you thought...."

ALL GOOD COACHES want to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of their offense. While most coaches make corrections to their players after games, a much better way to evaluate performance is to actually grade players from game films.

This chapter is the defensive counterpart to "Offensive Grade Sheets — By Position (Chapter 5)" and much of the grading guidelines also apply on the defensive side of the ball. As was mentioned, grading all 11 players for an offense consisting of

50 plays means watching the game film a minimum of 550 times (assuming you can see everything in one rewind of the film for each player). You've got to make sure your position coaches can find the time to properly grade players without sacrificing preparation time for the next opponent.

At a minimum, grade every game you

the preparation of your team. Also, try to grade the "great" performances just to be sure they were as great as you thought.

Again, make sure you know the defensive call for the play being graded. This is not a problem if you chart all defensive calls

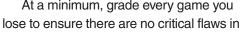
> on the sidelines — you can use the call sheet to check if the player executed the proper techniques for the defensive call.

> Grading is tremendously difficult, however, if you are trying to figure out the call from watching the film alone. I have found

this to be hard or even impossible because something that might look like a correctly executed defensive assignment may actually have been the incorrect technique for a particular defensive call.

GRADING SYSTEM

For each of the position grading sheets, a player is graded with a "1" or a "0" in each





category for all graded categories. A "1" indicates the player accomplished the task correctly. A "0" indicates the task was not accomplished correctly. Critical mistakes are denoted with a "Z." Meanwhile, an "A" indicates great technique or effort.

On the Defensive Line Grade Sheet (9.1), the player is graded on five items for each play he is in the game. These five items were selected because three or four of them typically occur on every play. The graded items are alignment, technique, pass rush, plug hole and defeat block. On my grade sheet for defensive line players I record — but do not grade — sacks, pursuit path, solo tackles, assisted tackles and missed tackles.

On the Linebackers Grade Sheet (9.2), the player is graded on alignment, key, pass react, plug hole and defeat block. Also recorded are pass attempts (in area of responsibility), pass completions (in area of responsibility) solo tackles, assisted tackles and missed tackles. Some coaches like to grade "scallops" (the correct LB technique of keeping shoulders parallel to the line of scrimmage as gaps are threatened) but I consider "react" and "plug-hole" to be the same measurement.

On the Defensive Backs Grade Sheet (9.3), the player is graded on alignment, key, pass react, run support, and rotation. The grades are designed so that key and pass reaction reflects man-coverage techniques, while rotation covers zone-pass techniques. Also recorded are pass attempts, pass completions, solo tackles assisted tackles and missed tackles.

CONSISTENCY COUNTS

To ensure consistency in your grading evaluations, the chart at right can help you note errors. By noting errors in this way, your players learn what is expected of them and what an error actually is.

At the end of each grade sheet are

comment fields. "Coaching Points" would include comments about correct techniques, game situations or anything else that needs coaching attention. Under "Things To Work On This Week," items such as defeating blockers, plugging the hole at the correct time, reacting to the key faster, etc., would be listed. Finally, the "Summary" field would include some thoughts about the type of football game that they played. I always try to be positive unless there is no other alternative.

Grading is an advanced technique that will enhance your player's ability to play better football. Used properly, it could give you new insight as to how well your players are actually playing.

Area of Evaluation	Error(s)
Key	Slow to read or not reading key at all; Slow reaction or no reaction to key.
Pass Reaction	Slow recognition of pass pattern; Slow movement to area of responsibility.
Plug Hole	Slow recognition of play or blocking scheme; Poor positioning to meet ball carrier; Failure to meet the ball carrier with authority.
Run Support	Slow recognition of running play; Poor approach angle; Failure to force or contain.
Rotation	Slow recognition of key; Slow movement to the play; Poor angle in pursuit.



DEFENSIVE LINE GRADE SHEET

Defensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Technique	Pass Rush	Plug Hole	Defeat Block	** Pass Sack	** Pursuit Path	** Solo Tackle	** Assisted Tackle	** Missed Tackle	Total Pts.	Grad
ACHING PO	INTS:				<u> </u>								

DEFENSIVE LINE GRADE SHEET

Name:	Jackson			
i taiii C.	00.0			

Key: 1 = achieved assignment, 0 = failed assignment, A = great technique, Z = critical mistake, ** = not graded

Defensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Technique	Pass Rush	Plug Hole	Defeat Block	** Pass Sack	** Pursuit Path	** Solo Tackle	** Assisted Tackle	** Missed Tackle	Total Pts.	Grade
	10	9 10	9 10	1/3	2/3	2 4	1	3	2	3	2	23 30	76.66%
5-2	1	1	Α	1		1	1		1				
4-3	2	1	1		А			1		1			
5-2	3	0	1										
Slant 5-2	4	1	O-Z	0		0		1			1		
5-3	5	1	1		1				1				
5-2	6	1	1		0						1		
4-3	7	1	Α			1							
5-2	8	1	1	0		0							
5-2	9	1	1					1		1			
5-3	10	1	1							1			
Total	10	9	9	1	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	23/30	76%

COACHING POINT	S: 1. Poor	slant te	chnique	2. You mus	t align c	orrectly	y every	olay – n	o excuse	es!	
THINGS TO WORK	ONTHISWE	EK:	1. Tackling	2. Peneti	rate to 1	8" – th	en find	pall			
SUMMARY: Yo Play with contr			that you	played out	of contr	ol – the	e result	was 2 r	nissed t	ackles.	

LINERACKER GRADE SHEET

efensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Key	Pass React	Plug Hole	Defeat Block	** Pass Attempts	* * Pass Completions	** Solo Tackle	** Assisted Tackle	** Missed Tackle	Total Pts.	G
	_												
CHING PO													

LINEBACKER GRADE SHEET

Name:
Name:

Key: 1 = achieved assignment, 0 = failed assignment, A = great technique, Z = critical mistake, ** = not graded

Defensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Key	Pass React	Plug Hole	Defeat Block	** Pass Attempts	** Pass Completions	** Solo Tackle	** Assisted Tackle	** Missed Tackle	Total Pts.	Grade
	51	51 51	26 28	13 13	10 13	7 12	13	1	2	7	2	107 117	91.45%
5-2	1	1	1		1				1	1			
Cover-2, 4-3	2	1	0	1			1	1	1	1			
Slant 5-2	3	1	1		1					1			
5-3	4	1	1		0	0					1		
Cover-3, 5-2	5	1	1	1		Α	1						
5-2	6	1	1		1	1				1			
Cover-2, 4-3	7	1	1	1			1						
5-2	8	1	1		1	1				1			
Cover-3, 5-2	9	1	1	1			1						
Cover-3, 5-3	10	1	1	1		1	1						
Total	10	10	9	5	4	4	5	1	2	5	1	107/117	91%

COACHING P	OINTS:	1. Your cor	nsistency v	vas oute	standing!	2.	Missed	tackle v	vas due	to not	oreaking]
down in a	good hit p	position										
THINGS TO W	ORK ON	THIS WEEK:	1. Tac	kling 2.	Poor pas	s reac	tion on	cover-2	— slow	/ drop &	poor ar	igle
SUMMARY: _ 50 far!	Your lea	adership &	mental pre	p showe	d on the	field or	1 every	play —	best ga	me of yo	our seas	50N

DEFENSIVE BACK GRADE SHEET

Defensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Key	Pass React	Support Run	Rotation	Pass	** Pass Completions	** Solo Tackle	** Assisted Tackle	** Missed Tackle	Total Pts.	Gr
CHING PC	пите.												

DEFENSIVE BACK GRADE SHEET

Name: White

Key: 1 = achieved assignment, 0 = failed assignment, A = great technique, Z = critical mistake, ** = not graded

Defensive Call	Total Plays	Alignment	Key	Pass React	Support Run	Rotation	** Pass Attempts	* * Pass Completions	** Solo Tackle	** Assisted Tackle	** Missed Tackle	Total Pts.	Grade
	10	9 10	9 10	1 3	2/3	2 4	3	1	2	3	2	23 30	76.66%
Cover-3	1	1	1		1					1			
Cover-2	2	0	1	1		O-Z	1						
Cover-3	3	1	1										
Cover-2	4	1	1		0	0					1		
Cover-1	5	1	0	O-Z			1	1	1				
Cover-3	6	1	1							1			
Cover-3	7	1	1			1			1				
Cover-2, Man	8	1	1	0			1						
Cover-1, Blitz	9	1	1		1					1			
Cover-3	10	1	1			1					1		
Total	10	9	9	1	2	2	3	1	2	3	2	²³ / ₃₀	76%

COACHING POI	INTS:	Two cri	tical mi	stakes ·	– partio	cularly ir	1 Cover-	1.				
THINGS TO WO	RK ON T	THIS WE	EK:	Let's s	itudy ga	ame film	on #87	to shu	ıt him d	own on l	Friday.	
SUMMARY:	Excelle	ent oper	1-field ta	ackle.								

CHAPTER 10

DEFENSIVE SCOUTING REPORT FORMS

THIS CHAPTER IS designed to help coaches gather information on an opponent's offense and convey that information to players in an organized manner that will help everyone efficiently prepare for the upcoming game.

The Opponent Offensive Team Depth Chart (10.1) is an adaptation of many different types of charts and forms. If necessary, I alter this form to give my players the opponent's base offense or most-used formation. Although receiving depth chart information on an opponent can be difficult, it's very important because the game often changes when a substitute enters the game. The coaches in the booth and the players on the field both must be aware of how substitution can change an offense.

The Defensive Scouting Fact Sheet (10.2) is a way to organize a scouting report. The examples illustrate ways to pass facts about our opponents to the players and the coaching staff. I always hand out this fact sheet and the Defensive Scouting Game Plan Checklist (10.3) on the first full day of practice after a game. The Game Plan Form (10.7) is distributed on the third

practice day, or two days before the game. Distributing them at this time allows the coach to make last-minute adjustments.

KNOW WHAT TO EXPECT

The Opponent Offensive Formations Sheet (10.4) provides players with data about the opponent's plays. This is probably the most important sheet, as defensive players must recognize the most likely plays from the formation prior to the snap to play effective defense.

The Defensive Reminders Form (10.5) is used to show coaches how to help players remember a complicated game plan and when techniques must be changed for an upcoming game. Also included is a Defensive Match-Up Form (10.6).

The Pass Analysis Form (10.8) is a way of organizing your pass game in a manner you can use to decipher a passing attack. Looking at the filled-out form will tell you all you need to know to prepare for any type of passing attack. The formation and the receiver routes (if known) are listed in the description column on this form. The circled receiver is the intended receiver — make



notes where appropriate.

For example, on pass attempt #4 on the filled-in Pass Analysis Form, I noted the QB looked off the defense. The remarks section is reserved to tell what happened on the play. I note incomplete passes (inc.), batted down passes, receptions with the receivers' jersey number and yardage, and interceptions. I also note sacks, QB scrambles or runs, and penalties.

Time and special situations (such as 2-minute drill and "one play to win") can be captured in the margins.

Although I am a huge believer of scouting with computer reports, I always fill this form out by hand since I have never found any computer report that equals this form.

EXAMINING TENDENCIES

The Formation Tendencies Sheet:
Running Plays (10.9) was adapted from the late Fritz Shurmur's book, *Coaching Team Defense*. Included is an example of an actual scouting report (given to players) that shows how these forms — and the opponent's plays that I wanted my players to study — were prepared.

In my program, the Formation Tendencies sheet are always prepared in a defensive view (instead of the offensive view, as

shown in this book). First, I fill out the form from my diagrammed plays and computer reports. Next, I provide diagrams for the players to study. Since the scouting reports require so much time to prepare, I have developed a short-cut method to assemble play sheets. When reviewing film, I diagram each play noting down, distance and result — from the offensive view. Then when preparing scouting reports, I "cut-and-paste" master play sheets so the players do not have to sort through the plays. This also allows me to show the play from the defensive view by simply turning the play upside

down when pasting it on to the sheets for the players. It looks a little sloppy but players say it makes studying opponents easier than seeing plays diagrammed from a normal offensive view. This also allows me to sort the plays by formation.

The Opponent Plays Formations Sheet (10.10) shows the various plays that are run out of a general formation. Viewing plays in this way helps you and your players understand tendencies in any given formation.

SPECIAL SITUATIONS

The Short Yardage Formation And Down-And-Distance Summary (10.11) is another form adapted from Coach Shurmur. Using this form is a very good way to be prepared for both situations. My computer reports provide me with much of this same information, but this form helps my players and staff get a better feel for these two areas.

I have included a Red Zone Defensive Strategy Worksheet (10.12) to help you prepare to defend the red zone (20-yard line to goal line). I always break the red zone into

> two 10-yard zones and analyze each on my computer. From this analysis, I develop the plan. I do not write out a formal plan for the red zone, but I fill out my defensive call sheet

based on the questions in the worksheet.

"Defensive players must

recognize the most likely plays

from the formation prior to the

snap to play effective defense..."

The Special Teams Summary Sheet (10.13) is an adaptation of a form created by Michael Koehler in his book, *Football Coach's Survival Guide*. I added critical statistical data blocks and time-measurement data to enhance this scouting form. The completed example has a wealth of information about special teams and provides all essential information to create a special teams game plan. If a team runs several types of special teams plays, simply use more copies of this form.



OPPONENT OFFENSIVE TEAM DEPTH CHART

Team:	Game Date:	
	0000	

FIRSTTEAM		SUBSTITUTES	
SE		SE	
RT		RT	
RG		RG	
С		С	
LG		LG	
LT		LT	
QB		QB	
В		В	
В		В	
FB		FB	
TE		TE	
OE		OE	

OPPONENT OFFENSIVE TEAM DEPTH CHART

Team:	Ferndale	Game Date	:
. oaiiii		Gaine Bate	























* Denotes 2 way players

FIRSTTEAM			SUBSTITUTES
SE 31	Ty Staeb SR 6-0 165	SE 11	Alex Kurtz SE Alternate sending JR 5-10 160 plays in
RT 76	Mat Hudson SR 6-5 242	RT	
RG 55	JT Chapin JR 5-9 210	RG	
C 56	Drew Foulk SR 6-0 190	С	
LG 63	Tyler Vanderlinden SR 5-7 175	LG	
LT *77	Chad Meynders SR 6-2 230	LT	
QB *12	Michael Duncan SR 5-11 180	QB	
B *20	Joe Erickson Wing SR 5-7 154	В	
Н В 22	Anthony Gardner SR 5-7 150	В	
FB 41	Blake Robbins SR 5-7 170	FB 42	Riley Cornelsen Short yds back SOPH 6-0 187
TE/OE *80	Cody Boyd SR 6-8 222	TE)0E *44	Mario Moreno Used when they go SR 6-1 195 double tight

DEFENSIVE SCOUTING FACT SHEET

Геа	m: Game Scouted:
1.	Is there a hash-mark tendency for their running game?
2.	What are their field-position tendencies (using percentages) for run and pass?
3.	What are their down-and-distance tendencies (using percentages) for run and pass?
4.	What role does the score and minutes remaining have in changing their tactics?
5.	What is the role of motion and shifts in their offense?
6.	Describe their passing game. Include the QB, receivers, results, drops, etc.
7.	Describe their running game in detail:
8.	List their key personnel (describe line, backs and receivers):
9.	List any special team notes:
10.	Comment on how we will win against this opponent:

example in memo form - (10.2)

DEFENSIVE SCOUTING FACT SHEET

Team:	Ferndale	Game Scouted:	vs. Lynden 10/18

- 1. Is there a hash mark tendency for their running game? Left Hash: 40% short side; 60% wide side. Pass: 50% short side, 0% middle, 50% wide side. Right Hash: 33% short side; 67% wide side. Pass: 33% short side, 33% middle, 33% wide side. An alignment to the wide side on 5-2 would be correct.
- 2. What are their field position tendencies (using percentages) for run and pass? Danger zone (0 to -30): 71% run, 29% pass. Pass is on 2nd and 3rd down. Transition zone (-30 to -49): 75% run, 25% pass. Offensive zone (50 to 21): 75% run, 25% pass. Long scoring zone (20 to 10): 44 % run, 56% pass. Short scoring zone (10 to 0): 100% run, 0% pass.
- 3. What are their down-and-distance tendencies (using percentages) for run and pass? 1st down: 82% run, 18% pass. 2nd and long: 58% run, 42% pass. 2nd and 4 to 6 yds: 50% run, 50% pass (2 plays only). 2nd and short: 100% run, 0 % pass. 3rd and long: 43% run, 57% pass. 3rd and 4 to 6: 100% run, 0% pass (2 plays only). 3rd and short: 100% run, 0% pass. 4th Down: 67% run, 33% pass. They run the football first and pass only when they need big yardage or a change-up. They will throw the football if they can't run.
- **4. What role does the score and minutes remaining have in changing their tactics?** They went on a 12-play drive with 4:55 just before the end of the first half against Lynden and threw the ball 7 times. To my knowledge, they have never trailed in a game in the second half and they run the football to protect the lead. They did throw from the end zone against Lynden to #22 after having the run stuffed on the previous play.
- 5. What is the role of motion and shifts in their offense? In the Lynden game, they used motion on 14 of 50 plays. The plays were from a wing formation and the motion man was a decoy in trace (shallow) motion. They threw to the motion back once from a double-tight wing formation. They use motion only if a play is successful instead of as a major part of their offense. Observation: maybe that is they key to their attack their attack is versatile enough that they make you stop a play or they continue to run it several times in a row (maybe from a different formation). Motion is not the key issue.
- 6. Describe their passing game: The QB is #12 Duncan, 5-11, 180 SR. His numbers from the 8-game league play are 30 completions on 49 attempts for 581 yards 5 interceptions and 6 TDs. That averages out to a 61% completion percentage on 4 completions on 6 attempts per game. Do not be fooled they threw 15 times against Lynden, so they will pass if they aren't moving the ball on the ground. His favorite target is #20 Erickson who had 18 catches for 313 yards and 1 TD. The other receiver is #80 Boyd, a 6-8 222 lb-TE. Look at plays I have drawn up. QB drops are 3- step (7X), 1-step (5X), rollout (2X) and screen (1X).
- 7. Describe their running game in detail: This team rushed for over 270 yards against Kennedy. The leading rusher is FB #41 Robbins (sr, 5-7, 170) with 136 carries for 779 yards and 8 TDs in 8 games (season totals). He averages 97 YPG and 5.7 yards/carry. In the first-round playoff game, Robbins rushed for 160 yards on 29 carries. The second leading rusher is HB #20 Gardiner (sr, 5-7, 150) with 67 carries for 483 yards and 4 TDs in 8 games (again season average). He averages 60 YPG and 7.2 yards/carry. He had 118 yards rushing in the playoff game. The other wing is #20 Erickson. He does not carry the ball much in the wing-T set but does figure in the full-house set. This is a pure wing-T attack, with balanced carries good faking and they try to take what the defense gives them. The plays are very similar to ours belly, trap, sweep and down. To win this game, we must stop the run with and play responsible football for 48 minutes because all four backs could run for 5 yards or more on any play. The key to beating Ferndale is to not let them chew up the clock on their routine 14- to 15-play drives. They ran 39 plays for 216 yards against Kennedy a 5.5 yard average in the first half.
- 8. List their key personnel: See Depth Chart. They have 5 players playing both ways! (It may be 6 #31 may be the starting DB!)

LINE: This is a good group and, in my opinion, the real strength of this football team. The tackles are #77 (Meynders, SR 6-2, 230) and #76 (Hudson, SR, 6-5 242). The guards are #63 (Vanderlinden, SR, 5-7, 175) and #55 (Chapin, JR, 5-9, 210). The center is #56 (Foulk, SR 6-0, 190). This line plays well together and they really have mastered wing-T blocking techniques. Do not underestimate their talent — stay low and your quickness will give us an advantage. The game will be won or lost up front — the line must keep their line off our backers, especially the tackles and TE (#80).

Continued on next page



example in memo form - (10.2)

BACKS: The run game section covers the backs in detail — it is really a 4-back attack in full-house or a 3-back attack in wing-T, even though they rely on the FB and HB as the "go-to" guys. The QB can scramble, so he is a threat off the bootleg or in full-house.

RECEIVERS: #20 is the key receiver — he had a 32-yard TD catch against Kennedy and is their leading receiver. They like to throw to him from the slot formation. #80 is a 6-8 TE and a good blocker! They will try to isolate him and run a quick hitch or fade route. I'll bet he has 8-10 catches for 150 yards or so, and most importantly, the other 4 TD catches! From the 20 on in he is their favorite target. In full-house and double-tight sets, they bring in #44 Moreno (SR 6-1, 195) to beef up the line as a blocker.

9. List any special team notes: We have an advantage here. They run a tight punt and the snap is very slow. To ensure no blocks, they use 3 personal protectors. A good punt return is a goal we must have to win this game, as I do not think we will be able to get to the punter. The punter is #19 Jungblom and he is averaging 30 yards per kick on films I have seen. The placekicker is #15 Suess with 24 of 29 extra points for an 83% average. He made a 29-yard FG (his first of the season — had a couple of misses during the regular season) in the Kennedy game and my guess is that is about his maximum range. On extra point attempts they run the swinging-gate formation — I have drawn up their exact location by opponents' jersey and Blue D will stay in for extra-point attempts. We should go after a FG attempt with our block.

10. Comment on how we will win against this opponent:

- **A.** 5-2 and 5-3 match up well. Assignment and alignment are critical. A reduce call also will help us keep the line off our backers. We must tackle well. We may use a bracket as a special D this week.
- **B.** Line shoulders square, penetrate to 18 inches, STAY LOW! Get your pads out don't catch. The run game is their attack we must stuff this to win the game. If we try to out-strength them, we will lose control of the line of scrimmage.
- **C.** We are quicker than they are. We need to play assignment football. WE MUST CONTROL THE MIDDLE. Hustle and contain are the keys.
- **D.** No plays over 25 yds. This team is a veteran unit and they will have no problem sustaining 12+ play drives. We need some 3 and outs! In the Lynden game, they attempted 15 passes when the run game was stuffed and this is just what I want them to do. Let's make them try and beat us with #20 and #80.
- E. No long plays on 1st down. They can win the ball game if they run successfully. If they can't, they will lose. Let's make them throw.
- **F.** You have worked harder than they have, but do not think they are any less disciplined than you are. This is a quality team prepare for your toughest test yet.
- **G.** You must prepare as hard as I have in studying them.
- **H.** Your goal is to make it to the finals of the 3A playoffs and win it all. Let's make a pact to deliver on that challenge by playing great defense for the full 48 minutes. Commit yourself to: knowing your assignment and alignment, getting your man and not making a penalty! Do you have it in you? You may play from behind and they may grind it out for long drives. If you keep your composure and do your job, we will win. How you handle adversity will decide this game.

GOOD LUCK! I AM PROUD TO BE YOUR COACH!

COACH SCHRADER



DEFENSIVE SCOUTING GAME PLAN CHECKLIST

Team:	Game Scouted:
A. RUN-PLAN DEFENSIVE QUESTIONS	
	?
2. How do our defenders beat their blockers	?
3. Who will contain on run plays?	
4. What blitzes will we use? On what down?)
(out-number blockers), change rush lanes, u	ush? [Ideas may include no adjustments if we have better personnel, blitz se designated pass rushers by change defensive line personnel, etc.]
	s coverage? (Ideas: 6 yards or less — blitz with man coverage, 7 yards or
C. OVERALL GAME PLAN QUESTIONS	
What is our short yardage game plan?	
2. What is our goal-line game plan?	
3. What is our red zone game plan?	
4. What are our 2-minute and special-situati	on game plans?

DEFENSIVE SCOUTING GAME PLAN CHECKLIST

Tean	n: _	m: <u>Cedarcrest</u> Game Scoute	ed: <u>vs. Central</u>
A. R	UN	RUN PLAN DEFENSIVE QUESTIONS	
1	. H	1. How do we take away their best run plays? 5-2 Press awa & sweep from slot formation – they use slot 78%	ay cover-3 matches very well against lead dive
2	2. H	2. How do our defenders beat their blockers?Blow delivery &game plan	& slant tech will match up well — normal
3	3. W	3. Who will contain on run plays? <u>CE & Wolverine</u> — normal so	cheme
4	I. W	4. What blitzes will we use? On what down? _2nd & long: Barne_ _long: 49er blitz (SS)	
B. P.	AS	PASS PLAN DEFENSIVE QUESTIONS	
1		How will we establish an effective pass rush? [Ideas may include (out-number blockers), change rush lanes, use designated pass rush No adjustments necessary	
2		2. When and how will we use our nickel pass coverage? (Ideas: 6 more — zone, man coverage or blitz.) 1. Special defense — Result receiver by SS) will take away hot receiver — use on 2. cover-26 vs. Trips, DT use 41 tech in Trips.	ed wolf cover-2 man (collision technique on
C. O	VE	OVERALL GAME PLAN QUESTIONS	
1	. W	1. What is our short yardage game plan?Normal D — LB mo	ove to 2-3 yds All must stuff holes
2	2. W	2. What is our goal-line game plan? 6-5 Goal-line	
3	3. W	3. What is our red zone game plan? 6-5 Goal-line	
4	I. W	4. What are our 2-minute and special-situation game plans? $_$ \bigcirc	over-2
	-		

OPPONENT OFFENSIVE FORMATIONS SHEET

Team: Ga	ame Scouted:
Used% Formation:	Used% Formation:
% Runs% Pass	% Runs% Pass
Used% Formation:	Used% Formation:
% Runs% Pass	% Runs% Pass
Used% Formation:	Used% Formation:
% Runs% Pass	% Runs% Pass

OPPONENT OFFENSIVE FORMATIONS SHEET

Team: Ferndale	Game Scouted: <u>vs. Lynden</u>
Used% Formation: _T	Used% Formation: Wing T & Double tight Wing 31
Used% Formation: Wing R/L	Used% Formation: _Over
80	(20) (2) (22) (41) (28) (22) (41) (29) (41) (20) (22) (41) (20) (4
Used% Formation: _Unbalanced	Used% Formation: _Slot

OPPONENT OFFENSIVE FORMATIONS SHEET

ne Scouted:vs. East
Used 36 % Formation: Trips 18 plays
9 765 6 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
Used 2 % Formation: Ace 2 plays O O O O O O O O O O O 50 % Runs 50 % Pass Ace dive Slot post
Used% Formation:

DEFENSIVE REMINDER FORM

Team:	Game Date:
1. Defensive Line:	
2. Linebackers:	
3. Defensive Backs:	
or Bolonolvo Baoker	

DEFENSIVE REMINDER FORM

Team: _	Skyline	Game Date:
1. Defe	ensive Line:	
		ff LBs for all 48 minutes. Do not lose contain.
		on the QB — stay low. We will sub a lot to keep you fresh. Give an extra
	effort on the 49er Blitz	
C		os to counter the short-side run or option.
		ı Bunch call — make the QB throw early or restrict his vision.
		y control of the second of the
2. Line	backers:	
A	Spartan	
		without losing leverage to the run game. Key one back to the slot on your
	side.	
		er max protect or lead or motion screen.
		itch is the call between the corner and wolverine or the contain end on the
		an Bunch is the call to handle bunch pass alignment.
		in motion, Fred LB will cover with help from FS. Barney LB will play QB run.
В	. Cover-2	
		QB draw — never leave the middle zone until the ball has been declared.
		Right/Left call tells cover men that Skyline is expanding (pushing out) by motion or
		I tells corner to play the flag route and to drop deeper than flat. The Tomahawk call
		se this call if one back goes in motion. Cover-26 is an adjustment to cover trips
		e that wolverine covers the inside slot closest to Skyline's offensive line.)
	•	contain end of option responsibilities on likely run downs.
	C. Nomina workering and	oonvalin ond of oppoint to sponsivilibles on likely full downs.
3. Defe	ensive Backs:	
	Spartan	
		techniques. No match-ups except for #4 — Willis will cover if they move
		eld. Call a time out if you're confused or we don't find him fast enough.
		/contain ends must know how to play the switch call on the pick pass. Also,
	you must know the b	
		e motions out of the backfield. We will not let their best player run in a
	mismatch with our L	
	. Cover-2	<u>/8.</u>
<u></u>	1. Know the calls. See th	- Bis section
		que — know the scheme. Be ready for the bunch call.
		y deep. Prevent the big play.
	4. Coverage alsguises —	- see align coverage diagrams.

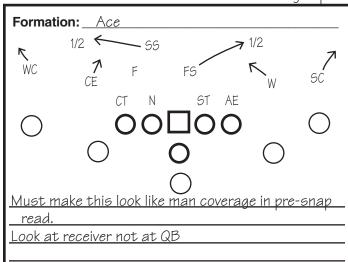
DEFENSIVE MATCH-UP FORMS

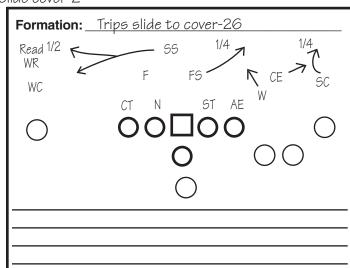
Team Scouted:		
Formation:	Formation:	
	·	
Formation:	Formation:	
Formation:	Formation:	

DEFENSIVE MATCH-UP FORMS

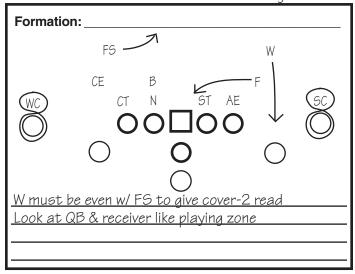
Team	Scouted:	Skyline va	West 9/9

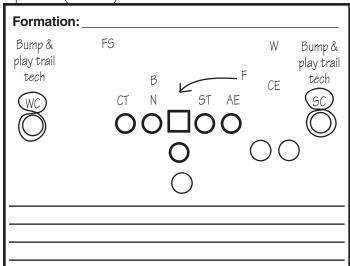
Align spartan slide cover-2





Align cover-2 slide spartan (cover-1)





Formation:	
	00 <u>0</u> 00

DEFENSIVE GAME PLAN FORM

Team:	Game Date:
1. Defending The Run:	
	
2. Defending The Pass:	
O. Consolal Cityrations	
3. Special Situations:	
-	

DEFENSIVE GAME PLAN FORM

Team	:	Mt. Si Game Date:
4 5		dia a Tha Barra
1. υ		ding The Run: Important tendencies & keys
-	/ \.	1. In slot formation, they run 80% of time to side of 60 (T) and 54 (G). In Pro they are 86% run to
-		TE side. Only line calls this week will be "5-2 Press Away" or "5-2 Press Away G." Fred Backer
-		aligns on inside shoulder of guard instead of A gap. LBs will key FB to TB or Ace back.
-	B	Contain on run plays
-	ν.	1. 5-2 Cover-1 AE or CT on slot side. W or CE on SE side. FS has force.
-		2. 5-2 Cover-2 W or CE. WC & SC have force.
-		3. 5-2 Cover-3 W or CE. FS has force.
-	С.	Run down blitzes
-	<u> </u>	1. 5-2 49er (Fred & Barney blitz) Cover-1.
-		2. 5-2 Cover-1 Crash.
-		3. Either 5-2 W or CE Crash Cover-2.
-		C. EIVING C E W CI OF GRACITOCOUT E.
-		
_		
2. D		ding The Pass:
_	Α.	Pass rush – We have better personnel and can get to QB without much blitz help. If help is needed
-		we will use run down blitzes and Saint.
_	В.	Drop back/roll out plan
_		1. Man-to-man. #24 will match up on #9. #22 or #2 will match up on #10. On bracket #9 call, #24 $\&$
_		#9 will cover #9.
_		2. We will play cover-2 & cover-2 soft and cover-3.
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
2 C		al Cituations.
ა. ა	•	al Situations: Short yards (2 or less) goal-line 6-5.
-		Goal-line (10 to 0) goal-line 6-5, #24 on #9, #8 on #10, W on next receiver, CE on 4th receiver
-	_ <i>□</i> .	(Barney goes to rush end).
-		2 minute/special situations cover-2
-	C.	Z minuterspecial situations cover-Z
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
_		
_		

PASS ANALYSIS FORM

Play#	Description	Receivers	Protection	QB Drop	Remarks
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

PASS ANALYSIS FORM

* After turnover

Team: _____ Skyline _____ **Game Date:** ____10/14

Play#	ı	Description	Receivers	Protection	QB Drop	Remarks
1	L SE hitch Slot right	R SE drag in middle slot post	3	7 man	roll right	lnc
2	L SE hitch Slot right	R SE drag in middle slot out	3	7 man	roll right	lnc
3	R SE drag across Slot left	institution of the state of the	3	7 man	roll left	Batted Down Inc
4	L SE slant in Slot left	R SE fly middle slot out	3	7 man	look off 3 step	+ 15 #14
5	L SE hitch Slot right	R SE drag in middle slot out	3	7 man	3 step	lnc
6	Slot left	all curl	3	7 man	3 step	Butz Inc
* 7	L SE? Slot right	R SE slant in middle slot out	3	7 man	3 step	Interception
8	Slot left	R SE screen	3	7 man	screen drop	lnc
9	L SE hitch Ace L Slot post	R SE hitch R slot post	4	6 man	3 step	Interception
10	L SE fly Slot left	middle slot deep out	3	7 man	QB roll left	Pass interference
11	Slot left	R SE drag in middle slot out	3	7 man	QB roll left	Inc
12	L SE slant in Trips left	Inside slot out middle slot hitch	4	6 man	QB 5 step	lnc
13	Ace QB scramble		4	6 man	QB roll right	QB ran +10
14	L SE slant in Trips left	Inside slot out middle slot slant in	4	6 man	QB 3 step	lnc
15	L SE hitch Trips left	Inside slot slant in middle slot slant in	4	6 man	QB roll left	lnc
16	all fly Trips right	Hail Mary	4	6 man	QB roll right	R SE Inc
17	, ,	?	3	7 man	QB roll left	QB sack
18	Slot right Slot right	R SE fly middle slot out	3	7 man	QB 3 step	+ 20
19	Slot right	?	3	7 man	QB roll left	QB scramble
20		?	4	6 man	QB 5 step	+ 5 QB sack
21	Ace L SE hitch		4	6 man	QB 5 step	Inc
22	Ace L SE slant in	L slot out R 5E slant in	3	7 man	QB 3 step	+ 12 #28
23	Slot right	slot slant in ?	3	7 man	QB roll left	QB scramble
24	Slot left	R SE drag in	3	7 man	QB 3 step	<u>Inc</u> +5
25	Slot right L SE slant in	middle slot out	3	7 man	QB 3 step	Inc
	Slot right					

FORMATION TENDENCIES SHEET: RUNNING PLAYS

Team:	Formation:	
	0000	
	0	

9	7	5	3	2	4	6	8

Run:	Pass:	Inside:	Outside:	Draw:	
Must stop: 1	2	3		<u>Calls</u>	
1st & 10, 2nd no	rmal:				
2nd long:					
3rd long:					
Inside 20:					
Alerts:					

FORMATION TENDENCIES SHEET: RUNNING PLAYS

Team: Mt. Si		For	mation: Slot	Right Play	ув	
	C					
3 pitch play	5				7 pitch plays	
9 7	5	3	2	4	6	8
TB Pitch 2 x 3.5 yds 1. 2-6 16 2. 2-7 -41 Counter TB Trey 1 x 0 yds 1. 2-3 50 TB Pitch 4 x 6 yds 1. 2-7 -41					TB Pitch 2 x 2.5 yds 1. 3-1 -47 2. 1-10 -39 TB Lead 1 x 4 yds 1. 1-10 -43 TB Pitch 4 x 1.8 yds 1. 4-2 +35 2. 1-10 -10 3. 1-10 -26 4. 2-6 -47 TB Pitch 1 x 6.0 yds 1. 1-10 +47	
4					8	
Run:12 Pass:	6 Ins	ide:	Outside:	12	_ Draw:	
Must stop: 1. TB pitch 1st & 10, 2nd normal: 4 TB 2nd long: 3 TB pitch @ 7 h 2nd short: 1 TB counter Tre	pitch @ 6 hole nole				<u>Calls</u>	
3rd long:3rd short:TB_pitch @ 6 ho	ple					

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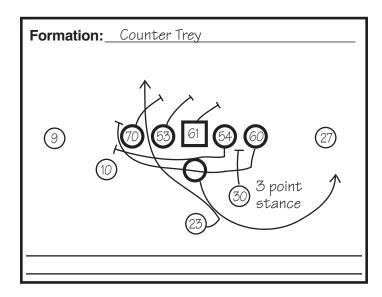
Alerts: 83% pitch play. About 70% of runs went to 6-hole!

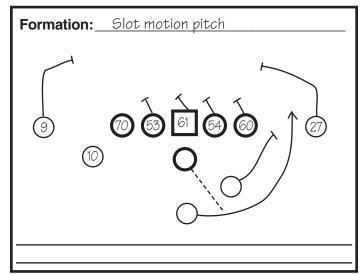
OPPONENT PLAY FORMATIONS SHEET

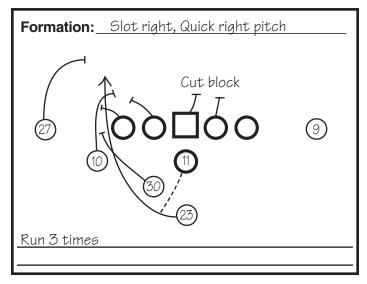
Team: Fo	rmation:
Formation:	Formation:
Formation:	Formation:
Formation:	Formation:

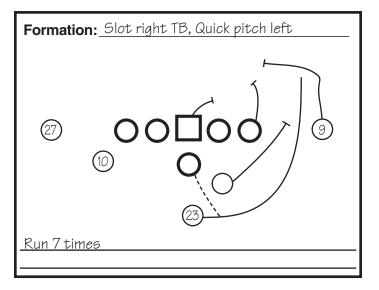
OPPONENT PLAY FORMATIONS SHEET

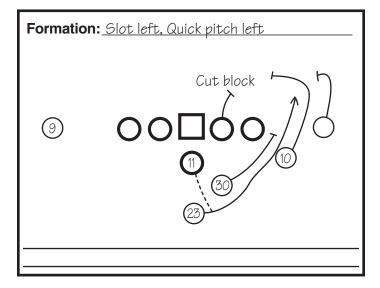
Team: Mt. Si Formation: Slot Runs

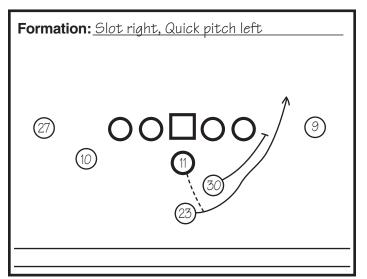






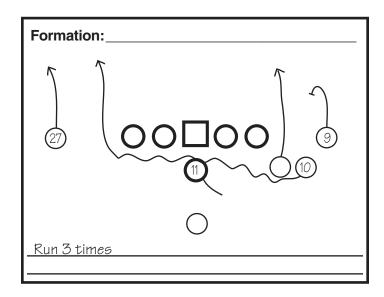


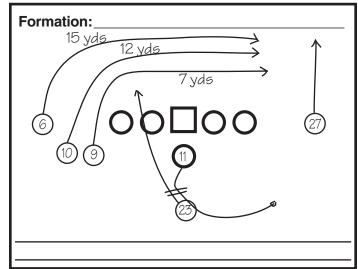


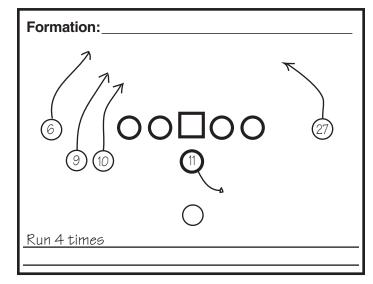


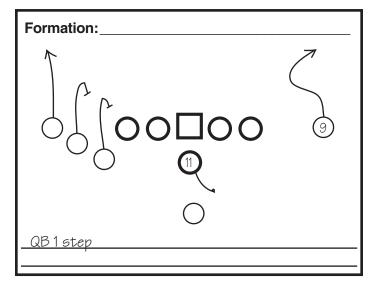
OPPONENT PLAY FORMATIONS SHEET

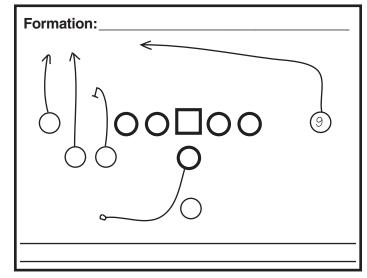
Team: Mt. Si Formation: Trips Passes

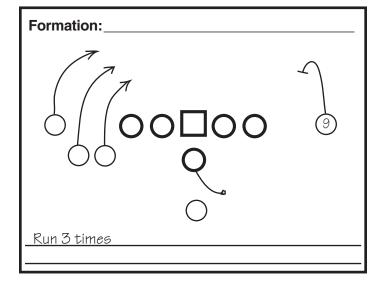












SHORT YARDAGE FORMATION, DOWN-AND-DISTANCE SUMMARY

Team:	Game & Date:					
☐ Short Yardage						
☐ Goal-Line						
	OC					
		\bigcirc				
Down & Distance	F	ormation		Ī	Play	
	Total	Run	Pass	Play-Action	Screen	Draw
ALERTS						
1 2						
3						
4						
5						

SHORT YARDAGE FORMATION, DOWN-AND-DISTANCE SUMMARY

「eam: _lssaquah	OOC			Mt. Si, 10/10		
Down & Distance	F	ormation		_	Play	
2-3 +49	Slot L spli			Lead Dive @		#21 ±3
2-1 +37	Pro split	<u>v</u>				
3-2 +21	Wing T			DBI hook/TE fly #9 +8 Flk hook Lead dive @ 4 hole #21 +		
3-3 -45	Pro Split			FB dive		
	Total	Run	Pass	Play-Action	Screen	Draw
2nd down	2	1	1			
3rd down	2	2				
		_				
Totals	4	3	1			
ALERTS 1. 100% success on 3 or less! 2. Favorite play lead dive 3. Formations Pro(2) Slot left 4.	& wing T					

RED ZONE DEFENSIVE STRATEGY WORKSHEET

Team:		Game Date	:	
	THEIR TENDENCIES BY D	OOWN-AND-DISTANCE —	FROM THE 20-TO 10-YAR	D LINE AND THE
Total Plays	1st down	2nd down	3rd down	4th down
	20 to 10	20 to 10	20 to 10	20 to 10
	% run% pass	% run% pass	% run% pass	% run% pass
	10 to Goal	10 to Goal	10 to Goal	10 to Goal
	% run% pass	% run% pass	·	% run% pass
2. DOTHEY H	AVE ANY HASH MARK TE	NDENCIES FROM THE 20	-YARD-LINE IN?	
3. WHEN DO 1	THEY GO INTO THEIR GOA	AL-LINE OFFENSE?		
4. WHAT ARE	THEIR SHORT YARDAGE	TENDENCIES (3 YARDS O	PR LESS)?	
5. DOTHEY:				
•	ap Counts: YES NO		ole: YES NO	
	uick Count: YES NO Count With No Hike To Di		A Non-Rhythmic Count:	YES NO
•		·	TIPS?	
	NO HOW IN THE HED ZONI	E BOTHET GIVE AITT		
7. SHIFTS AN	D MOTION USED:			
	S: Different Than Normal: \	YES NO		
9. DOTHEY U	SE:			
A No-Huddl	le Offense: YES NO	Shot	gun: YES NO	
	THEIR SUBSTITUTES IN TI V PLAYERS?		? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OF	FS TO PLAYS BASED ON
11. DOTHEY:				
	YES NO		iter: YES NO	
Bootleg:	YES NO	Run (QB-Option/Pass Type Play	s: YES NO

DOTHEY RUN:			
Screens: YES NO		Draws: YES NO	
Shovel Passes: YES N	Ο	Diano. 120 110	
DO THEY RUN THE OPTION			
		D LINE:	
THEIR 3 FAVORITE PLAYS F	FROM THE 10-YARD-LINE	: IN:	
PLAYS THEY SCORED ON I	NTHE RED ZONE:		
THEIR FAVORITE 2-POINT F	PLAYS:		
DO THEY RUN THEIR 2-POIN			
Left Hash: YES NO	Middle: YES N	O Right Hash: YES	S NO
HUDDLE BEFORE PAT AND	FIELD-GOAL KICKS:	YES NO	
KEY SUBSTITUTES FOR TH			147 1.1.1
			Weight:
		_	Weight:
Jersey Number.	Position	Height	Weight:
DOTHEV CHIET OF BLIN A	SWINGING GATE-TYPE F	FORMATION? EXPLAIN/DIAG	GRAM BELOW
DO THE T SHIFT OR ROWA.			
	LS OR EXTRA POINTS?	WHAT PLAYS DOTHEY RUN	? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFFS
			? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFFS
DOTHEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFF
DO THEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			I? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFF
DOTHEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			I? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFF
DOTHEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			I? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFF
DO THEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			I? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFF:
DO THEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			I? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFF:
DO THEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			I? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFF:
DOTHEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			I? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFF
DO THEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			? ARETHERE ANY TIP-OFF
DOTHEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFF:
DOTHEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFF
DOTHEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFF
DOTHEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			PARETHERE ANY TIP-OFF
DOTHEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			PARETHERE ANY TIP-OFF
DO THEY FAKE FIELD GOAL			PARETHERE ANY TIP-OFF

RED-ZONE DEFENSIVE STRATEGY WORKSHEET

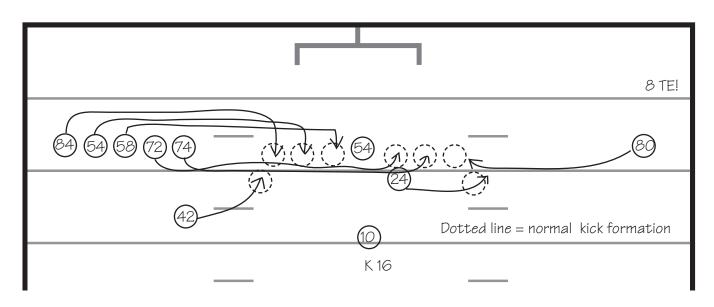
Team: Fernda	ale	Game Date	:	
	THEIR TENDENCIES BY	DOWN-AND-DISTANCE —	FROM THE 20-TO 10-YAF	D LINE AND THE
Total Plays	1st down	2nd down	3rd down(Long)	4th down (Short)
9	20 to 10 50 % run 50% pass Belly Hitch Sweep Fade	20 to 10 33 % run 67% pass Trap Post Slant In	20 to 10 O% run 1 <u>OO</u> % pass <u>V out</u>	20 to 10 % run% pass Trap
6	10 to Goal 1 <u>00</u> % run% pass	10 to Goal 100 % run% pass	10 to Goal 100 % run% pass	10 to Goal 100 % run% pass
)	Belly	Trap Belly	Belly	Dive
2. DOTHEY H	AVE ANY HASH MARKTI	ENDENCIES FROM THE 20	D-YARD-LINE IN? No	
4. WHAT ARE 5. DOTHEY: Change Sn Go On A Qu Use A Long	ap Counts: YES NO uick Count: YES NO Count With No Hike To E		ble: YES NO A Non-Rhythmic Count:	YES NO
7. SHIFTS AN	D MOTION USED:			
	S: Normal line splits Different Than Normal:	YES NO		
9. DOTHEY U A No-Hudd		Shot	gun: YES NO	
THESE NEV		THE GOAL-LINE PACKAGE t yardage, goal-line back,		FFS TO PLAYS BASED ON
11. DOTHEY: Reverse: Bootleg:	YES NO YES NO	Cour Run	nter: YES NO QB-Option/Pass Type Play	ys: YES NO

example (10.12)

12. WHAT ARE THEIR PASS DROPS AND PROTECTION SCHEMES? Used 1-step, 3-step & roll out 13. DOTHEY RUN: Screens: YES NO Draws: **Shovel Passes:** 14. DOTHEY RUNTHE OPTION: YES NO 15. THEIR 3 FAVORITE PLAYS FROM THE 20-TO 10-YARD LINE: Slant In or post #20, V out #80, Belly #41 16. THEIR 3 FAVORITE PLAYS FROM THE 10-YARD-LINE IN: Belly #41 or #42, Trap #41, Dive #42 17. PLAYS THEY SCORED ON IN THE RED ZONE: Fade to #80, Dive #42. **18. THEIR FAVORITE 2-POINT PLAYS:** Out route to #20 19. DO THEY RUN THEIR 2-POINT PLAYS FROM: Left Hash: Middle: YES NO YES NO Right Hash: 20. HUDDLE BEFORE PAT AND FIELD-GOAL KICKS: YES NO 21. KEY SUBSTITUTES FOR THE KICK SCORING GAME: **Jersey Number:** #16 Position: Kicker Height: 5-7 Weight: 140 Jersey Number: #10 Position: Holder Height: 5-9 Weight: 150 Jersey Number: #54 Position: Center Height: 5-10 Weight: 205

23. DO THEY FAKE FIELD GOALS OR EXTRA POINTS? WHAT PLAYS DO THEY RUN? ARE THERE ANY TIP-OFFS TO THESE PLAYS? None I know about

22. DO THEY SHIFT OR RUN A SWINGING GATE-TYPE FORMATION? EXPLAIN/DIAGRAM BELOW _ Check coverage



on #80, Check for #20 at wing — tip off to possible fake

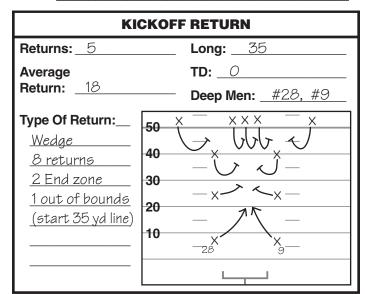
SPECIAL TEAMS SUMMARY SHEET

Team:			ame Date:		
	KICKOFF		1	KICKOFF	RETURN
Kicker:	Distance:		Returns:		Long:
Safety:	1		Average		TD:
_	۷				
Returns:					Deep Men:
Average	5		Type Of Retu	rn: ₅₀	
Return:	6				
Ball Placed	7.			40	
L. Hash Center F	R. Hash 8.		l	30	
45				20	
40					
40				10	
35					
20					
30					
FC = Fair Catch, N	F = Not Fielded		PUNT		
Punter:	_ Distance:		Fime: Hang Tim		
Center:	1yo			sec	Ω
Punts:	- 2yo - 3yo			sec sec	0000
	– 4yo	ds 4.	sec 4.	sec	
Returns:			sec 5.		
Average			sec 6		
Return:			sec 7		O
Type:		ıs 8	sec 8	sec	
Spread Tight Both	n				
		PUN	T RETURN		
Returns:	TD:		_		
Average	Deep Men:		_		
Return:	Type Of Re	turn:			
F.C.:			_		
Blocks:			-	–	-
_			_	OOOL	
Long:					
XP = Extra Point FC	G = Field Goal	P	AT/FG		
Kicker:	FG Distance:	Get Away T	ime:		
Holder:	1yo			000	
L.R.:	Zy(\sqrt{C}	
	4)	\sim
R.H.:	- 5yo			(\cup
Type: Regular	6 yo	ds 6	sec		\cap
Swinging Gate	7 yo			,	
Both	8 yo	ds 8	sec		

SPECIAL TEAMS SUMMARY SHEET

Team: Mt. Si (Note: 2 games scouted) Game Date:

KICKOFF						
Kicker:	# 9	Distance:				
Safety:	# 9	1. 6 yd line 26 yds 2. End zone				
Returns:	2	3. End zone				
Average Return:	22 yds	4. <u>End zone</u> 5 6				
	all Placed Center R. Hash	7.				
45		·				
40	711					
35		×				
30 └	<u> </u>	IN X X				



FC = Fair Catch, NF	= Nc	t Fielded			PUI	T				
Punter: #9	Dis	tance:		Get	t-Away Time	:	Har	ng Time:		71 11 1
Center: #52	1.	_26	_ yds	1.	2.33	_sec	1.		ec 🎢	
	2.	32	_ yds	2.	2.22	_ sec	2.	_3.65 s	ec (81)/((()	
Punts: 7	3.	40	_ yds	3.	2.12	_ sec	3.	3.37s	ec	~
Average: 32.7 yds	4.	29	_ yds	4.	_1.93	_ sec	4.	<u>3.77 FC</u> s	ec	(44) (56) (31)
Returns: 3	5.	_33	_yds	5.	2.17	_sec	5.	3.85 NF s	ec	
Average	6.	_31	_ yds	6.	2.14	_ sec	6.	_3.04 s	ec	
Return: 7.3	7.	_38	_ yds	7.	2.17	_sec	7.	4.25 NF s	ec	9
Туре:	8.	-	_ yds	8.		_sec	8.	S	ec	
Spread Tight Both										

PUNT RETURN						
Returns: _1	TD:	×				
Average Return: 21 yds F.C.: Blocks: _Unknown Long:	Deep Men: #9, #28 Type Of Return: Wall to their bench	000000				

XP = Extra Point FG	= Field Goal	PAT/FG	
Kicker: #9	FG Distance:	Get Away Time:	
Holder:#1O	1. <u>32</u> yd: 2. yd:		000000
L.R.: _#6	3yd:	1100	6
R.H.: <u>#27</u> Type:	4 yd: 5 yd:		0
Regular Swinging Gate	7yd:	s 6sec s 7sec	Alert: They always align for PAT in See other side
Both	8 yd:	s 8sec	swing gate! for swinging gate!

COACHING NOTES

<u> </u>	
0000	_0000_
0000	_0000_
NOTES:	

CHAPTER 11

OFFENSIVE SCOUTING FORMS

PREPARATION OF SCOUTING reports on the opponent's defense is an area in which many coaches could improve their techniques. This chapter provides offensive coaches with ideas about how to properly scout an opponent's defense.

Coaches need to gather important information on their opponent's defense and convey that information to their players in an organized manner to help them more efficiently prepare for the upcoming game.

The first form is a 30-item Offensive Game Scouting Checklist (11.1) that provides answers to key questions about your opponent's defense. The running and passing attack section is developed from several questions and checklists provided in "Offensive Game Management (Chapter 12)."

The example document is an actual scouting report that I have used as a head coach.

The Defensive Team Depth Chart (11.2) is an adaptation of various charts and forms I've seen over the years. It shows the type information to gather on your opponent's defensive personnel. The Defensive Formation & Alignment Form (11.3) is important to help players and coaches plan for — and adjust to — various defensive schemes. It also helps with pass coverage and blitz analysis.

The information provided through these offensive scouting forms is vital to your offense, as recognition of defensive alignments is the key component to your offensive success.



OFFENSIVE GAME SCOUTING CHECKLIST

Tea	m:	Game Scouted:	
1.	BASIC FRONT:		
2.	BASIC LINE TECHNIQUE:		
3.	WHEN THEY BLITZ, STUNT:		
4.	BASIC PASS COVERAGE:		
5.	HASH MARK ADJUSTMENT:		
6.	PURSUIT SKILLS:		
7.			
8.			
9.	HOW WELL LBs PLAY THEIR POSITION		
10.	WHEN DOES THE DEFENSE CHANGE ALIGNMEN	NT:	
	DEELNOES HOED FOR		
11.	DEFENSES USED FOR: Short Yardage (2 or Less):	Goal-Line:	
	Danger Zone:		
	Last 2 Minutes:		
	3rd and Long:		
12.	TOP 3 DEFENSIVE PLAYERS:		
13.	BEST DL:		
14.	BEST LB:		
15.	BEST PASS RUSHER:		
16.	BEST COVERAGE PLAYER		
17.	RELATIVE OVERALL STRENGTH OF THE D-LINE	:	

Continued on next page



18.	RELATIVE STRENGTH OF LBs:	
19.	RELATIVE STRENGTH OF DBs:	
20.	KEY BACKUPS:	
21.	KEY SITUATIONAL SUBS:	
22.	TIP-OFFS:	
23.	WEAKEST RUN LINEMAN:	
24.	WEAKEST PASS RUSHER:	
25.	WEAKEST LB:	
26.	WEAKEST DB:	
	DEFENSIVE TENDENCIES Fronts Used: Blitzes: 2nd and Long: 2nd and Short: 3rd and 4 to 6: 4th Down:	Coverages: 1st Down: 2nd and 4 to 6: 3rd and Long: 3rd and Short:
28.	OUR RUN GAME PLAN Plays:	
	Notes:	
	OUR PASS GAME PLAN Plays:	
	Notes:	
30.	HOW WE WILL WIN THIS GAME:	

example in memo form - (11.1)

OFFENSIVE GAME SCOUTING CHECKLIST

Team: NORTHWEST TECH Game Scouted: Vs. West 9/18

- 1. Basic Front: Northwest Tech runs a base pro 4-3 defense. They also use a 4-4 in short yardage defense and at the goal line. In long yardage (+12 or more), they will operate out of a 3-4 alignment.
- 2. Basic Line Technique: The basic line play is a penetrating technique. They play 2-gap responsibility but use penetrating technique instead of reading technique on the line. The linemen are very aggressive and often create large gaps by one player penetrating farther upfield than his teammates. Line technique is blow delivery.
- 3. When They Blitz, Stunt: They run a lot of twist, stunts and blitzes by the LBs. They can run these defensive adjustments with varying degrees of success, but sometimes they leave significant gaps in their base front. LBs will fill vacated gaps by twisting and stunting linemen.
- 4. Basic Pass Coverage: The base pass coverage is zone. The run a 2-deep, 5-under zone and a 3-deep zone, 4-under zone. They seem to like to run a man defense but the DBs' cover skills often seem weak and they quickly get out of man when they have coverage breakdowns.
- **5. Hash Mark Adjustment:** There seems to be no adjustment for hash marks. They play a balanced defense. They often become confused due to shifts and alignments or strange formations (slow to cover WR).
- **6. Pursuit Skills:** Pursuit is poorly coordinated by this defense. Some players take very good pursuit angles but others seem confused and show a lot of effort with no coordinated results.
- 7. Contain Responsibility: Containment is very weak. Often, ends rush upfield while CBs retreat rapidly, leaving LBs in no man's land to try and chase down the play. Safeties often end up being the first player to contain the play. Rollouts and bootlegs are very good plays to run against this defense.
- **8. Who Stays On Plays Away:** Trailer on plays seems to be the opposite end to the play direction. This seems to be a strong point of their defensive design.
- 9. How Well LBs Play Their Position: The LBs have trouble finding the ball on counters and option plays. They defend ISO and lead dive plays well. Weakside LB has trouble getting off blocks. LBs will rush or drop to zone in pass situations. Drops are quick and deep quick passes and delays work well against them.
- **10. When Defense Changes Alignment:** On 3rd and 2 or less, the defense really tightens up. LBs are aligned at 2 1/2 yards or less. Short yard defense is 4-4 usually.
- 11. Defenses Used For:

Short Yardage (2 or Less): 4-4 Goal-Line: Goal-line defense (4-4) starts at 5 yd line

Danger Zone: 4-3Red Zone: 4-3 with lots of blitzesLast 2 Minutes: 4-3 with loose 2-deep zone2-Point Play: 4-4 with tight alignment

3rd and Long: 4-3 or 3-4

- 12. Top 3 Defensive Players: #53 Becham LB, #60 Mullen, DE, #28 Wakeford, CB.
- 13. Best DL: #60.
- 14. Best LB:#53, good pursuit, counters will beat him.
- 15. Best Pass Rusher: #73 Frazier. O-linemen should help double-team him if possible.
- **16. Best Coverage Player:** #28. Good agility but speed questionable.
- 17. Relative Overall Strength Of The D-Line: Poor, undersized, weak technique.

Continued on next page



example in memo form - (11.1)

- 18. Relative Strength Of LBs: Fair, tough football players.
- 19. Relative Strength Of DBs: fair, good run support, fair coverage skills.
- 20. Key Backups: unknown.
- 21. Key Situational Subs: # 6 Janowski will come in during nickel situations.
- 22. Tip-Offs: They show blitz early and will often jump offsides on hard counts.
- 23. Weakest Run Lineman: #65 Clarke. Head is down, poor against traps.
- 24. Weakest Pass Rusher: #65, loses balance too easily.
- 25. Weakest LB: #20 Hoskins, not very agile, loses feet too often.
- 26. Weakest DB: #37 Liggat, likes to make big hit after catch but does not defend the pass well.

27. Defensive Tendencies

Fronts Used: _4-3 (80%), 4-4 (18%), 3-4 (2%) Blitzes: _blitzes called on 15% of defensive downs

2nd and Long: <u>4-3, Cover-3 (100%)</u>
2nd and Short: <u>4-4Cover-3 (100%)</u>
3rd and 4 to 6: <u>4-4 Cover-2 (100%)</u>

4th Down: No data

Coverages: 2-deep zone (55%), 3-deep zone (38%), Man (7%)

1st Down: 4-3 (75%), Cover-2 (25%)

2nd and 4 to 6: 4-3, Cover-2 (88%), 4-3, Cover-3 (12%)
3rd and Long: 4-3, Cover-3 (85%), 3-4 Cover-3 (15%)

3rd and Short: 4-3, Cover-2 (100%)

28. Our Run Game Plan

Plays: 31/32 veer, 31/32 trap, 18/57 reverse, 22/24/41/43 lead, 60/61 QB lead, 28/47 sweep, 24/43 counter, 68/69 QB Option, 68/69 speed option.

Notes: Wide runs and traps will work best — attack all 8 gaps. Avoid running lead dives on short yards; they defend these plays best. Both motion and our alignment will work well vs. this team. They are especially vulnerable to the trap from trips. Rushing goal of 150 yards or more on 30 carries (5 yard avg.) Each run play must be practiced at least 10 times. 75% of plays will be 3-back running attack (15/20), and 25% will be 1-back running attack (5/20). Only TE running attack will be diamond formation, the rest is a split-end attack. No adjustment necessary for field position except in an absolutely wideopen option pitch in the danger zone (FB or QB keeps only). See game plan for list of special situation run plans.

29. Our Pass Game Plan

Plays: Lancer motion right/left, 31/32 Veer bootleg pass, Switch, 32 Veer HB option pass, 28/47 Sweep bootleg pass, 18 reverse pass, 67/68 speed option pass, White 4, Ringo 1/19/59, FB Quick screen R/L, WR screen R/L, WR screen long R/L, slot screen R/L, 39 swing pass, Double chair, QB motion pass right.

Notes: All 9 passing zones will be attacked. We must avoid throwing short in cover-2 vs. 5 short zones. Both motion and our alignment will work well. Roll out option pass and bootleg pass will be especially effective. We need 125 yards passing or more on 20 attempts. We need at least 10 repetitions per play to be ready for this game. The script will be used to determine best formations for this game. All pass formations will not use TE except the diamond formation pass. Field position will cause us to reduce the routes or break routes off in the red zone. Audibles are White 4, Ringo 1 and Ringo 19 or 59.

30. How We Will Win This Game:

- A. Our line outweighs and has better skills than their D line. We will control the LOS. They do not play the trap well.
- B. Our offense is rarely seen in their league. Counters and special plays are confusing to them.
- **C.** We will control the tempo of the game by our script and execution.
- D. Passing plays disguised as runs are very good calls vs. this team. QB runs (option) put real pressure on them.
- E. Our biggest advantage will be our ability to get wide by breaking containment of their DEs.
- F. We will be able to counter their quickness through better football technique and experience.
- **G.** You must work as hard in practice as I have in studying them.

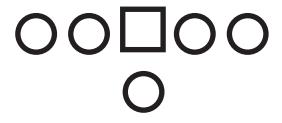
They are talkers. You let your pads do the talking, not your mouths!

GOOD LUCK! Coach Schrader



DEFENSIVE TEAM DEPTH CHART

Team:	Game Date:



FIRSTTEAM	SUBSTITUTES	
DE	DE	
DT	DT	
N/T	N/T	
DT	DT	
DE/LB	DE/LB	
LB	LB	
LB	LB	
SS/R	SS/R	
SC	SC	
FS	FS	
WC	WC	

DEFENSIVE TEAM DEPTH CHART

Team:	Northwest Tech		Game Date:			
		X 50		X 20		X 37
	X ₂₈	X 51	X ₅₃	>	〈 36	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		× 71 × 8	64 X 73			
			\bigcirc			

	FIRSTTEAM			SUBSTITUTES
DE 60	Nail Mullen 6-3, 270	Best DL	DE	
DT 73	Richard Frazier 6-5, 260	Best pass rusher	DT	
64	Niel Prothero 6-1, 210		N/T	
DT 71	Andrew Donald 6-2, 235		DT	
DE(LB) 36	Martin Jolly 6-0, 195		DE/LB	
LB 53	Kirk Beacham 6-1, 210	Best LB	LB	
LB 51	Daniel Parker 5-11, 180		LB	
SS/R 20	Mark Hoskins 5-11, 185		SS/R	
SC 37	Steve Liggat 5-10, 172		SC	
FS 50	Paul Kelly 5-10, 165		FS	
WC 28	Paul Wakeford 6-0, 170	Best DB cover	WC	

DEFENSIVE FORMATIONS & ALIGNMENT FORM

Team:	Game Date:
Formation: Used% When Front: Coverage:	
Blitz: Notes:	0000
Formation: Used% When Front: Coverage: Blitz: Notes:	0000
Formation: Used% When Front: Coverage: Blitz: Notes:	0000

DEFENSIVE FORMATIONS & ALIGNMENT FORM

Team: Northwest Tech Game Date: 10/13

Formation: 4-3	
Used <u>80</u> % When	
Front: Even 4 man	55 ₆₈ FS ₅₀
Coverage: Cover-2 Base on 2nd & 3rd	
Down; Cover-3 on long yds only	C{28} LB_{42} LB_{53} LB_{36} C_{37}
Blitz: 1 <u>5% LB or C</u>	C ₂₈ LB ₄₂ LB ₅₃ LB ₃₆ C ₃₇ E ₇₁ T ₆₄ T ₇₃ E ₆₀
	\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc
Notes: unpredictable on 1st down	\circ \circ

Formation: 4-4	_	
Used <u>18</u> % When	-	
Front: Even 4 man	FS	
Coverage: Only cover-3	- C	
	LB ₆ LB LB ₂₀ ET T E LB	
Blitz: LB	E T T E LB	
	$\bigcirc \qquad \bigcirc \bigcirc$	
Notes:	0 0	
	-	
	-	

Formation: 3-4 Used 2 % When Long yds only		
Front: Odd 3	FS	
Coverage: Cover-3, Dime	C DB ₆ LB LB DB	С
Blitz: None Used	E N E	
	\circ \bullet	\bigcirc
Notes:	0 0	

COACHING NOTES

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CHAPTER 12

OFFENSIVE GAME MANAGEMENT

GETTING THE RIGHT offensive personnel on the field and quickly calling the right play for a given situation requires great organization from the coaching staff. Game adjustments are always necessary, but a coach

who is prepared with well thought-out ideas and checklists can make the important game decisions far easier on himself and his team.

"If the defense is doing something different than what you expected, your game plan will need correcting..."

This chapter was designed to help coaches organize their personnel and attack the defensive weaknesses of their opponent.

OFFENSIVE MANAGEMENT FORMS

The form at the bottom of the Three-Deep Offensive Depth Chart (12.1) offers a way to manage personnel packages by using a numeric system. The first number is the number of running backs, the second number is the number of tight ends and the third number is the number of wide receivers. This system was used by Mack Brown while he was head coach at

the University of North Carolina. The completed example shows how this form is put to work. Since we use a run-and-shoot offense, I adapted the position packages to use slots instead of tight ends for

some packages.
The beauty of a
system like this is
its flexibility in
matching personnel
requirements to
formations. If the
team is more than

three-deep or more personnel packages are needed, simply use multiple copies of this form.

The Offensive Game Plan Form (12.2) is the most comprehensive offensive game plan form I have ever seen. It is easily adjusted to meet any offensive scheme, or you can change the title of the categories if they do not meet your exact needs. It takes some time (often 2 to 3 hours) to complete before the first game, but becomes easier as many plays remain the best option for a certain situation, regardless of the opponent.



On the completed example form, the circled number next to the play represents the wristband code for that play. Because our program calls all plays by a number system, we can always send in a play within 2 to 3 seconds of deciding what to call. This form was adapted from one used by Mack Brown and Greg Davis at the University of North Carolina.

The Offensive Player Substitution List (12.3) is an easy way to ensure that the right players are in the game for a specific call. On the completed example form, you'll see that I list each play and the player that I want on the field when it is run. I often write reminders on the form to relay certain points to the QB or remind a player entering the game of an important aspect of the upcoming play.

RUNNING OFFENSE FORMS

The Formation- & Blocking-Scheme Matrix: Running Offense (12.4) form is an easy way to remember the different ways to block a particular play and from what forma-

tions the play can be run. This form saves a great deal of time because it allows all coaches to make adjustments quickly and not waste time and

and not waste time and
effort trying to figure out how to adjust to an
opponent from memory. It is much easier to
make an adjustment from a written plan
instead of trying to remember all the

"These checklists and

forms have made me a better

offensive tactician..."

Both forms are an adaptation of Michael Koehler's work in his book *Football Coach's Survival Guide*.

Other running offense forms include the Running Attack Development Worksheet (12.5) and the Run Distribution Chart (12.6).

PASSING OFFENSE FORMS

permutations of your offense.

Passing counterparts to the run defense forms include the Formation- & Blocking-Scheme Matrix: Passing Offense (12.7),

Passing Attack Development Worksheet (12.8) and a Pass Distribution Chart (12.9). Several more forms address other important items for a successful passing game, such as Master Pass Plays: Protection Adjustments Chart (12.10), the Game Plan Defensive Read Chart (12.11) (examples show one completed for booth personnel both prior and during the game), Passing Strategy: Down-And-Distance (12.12), Master Pass Route Chart (12.13) and Passing Strategy: Key Reminders (12.14).

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORMS

The next section of forms, Expected Defensive Front & Technique Forms (12.15 to 12.20) were developed to verify that the defense is indeed playing in the manner expected from the scouting report. If the defense is doing something different than what you expected, your game plan will need correcting.

These forms really help booth personnel focus on the exact information needed to

make sound adjustment decisions. The left-hand portion of the chart lists the technique observed during scouting. Meanwhile, the right-hand portion

of the form is completed during the game by the coaches in the booth.

To show how these forms work, let's say your scouting report for a 5-2 base defense (example 12.19) indicated that the linebacker will hook to a curl on a pass. During the game, however, you might find that the LB blitzes on every passing down in this defense. By noting the variances from the "expected-to-actual" results, an unanticipated defensive technique is clearly revealed. By seeing this discrepancy, you can quickly make adjustments to protection schemes, change to a 3-step passing game or send a receiver into the vacated area. This form also verifies that your scouting is accurate.

While some coaches can recognize such changes, think about how many times you've received conflicting information during the "fog" of a game about what is actually occurring on the field. How many times have you asked a player what is happening on the field, only to get an answer like "two guys are coming at me" with no mention of jersey numbers or positions? These forms ensure everyone communicates in the same language. These forms are also used to verify the accuracy and thoroughness of your team's scouting activities.

MANAGING THE CLOCK

The final form, Game Clock Management Notes (12.21), covers every clock situation I have ever encountered in a game. These checklists were inspired from three articles: "The Two Minute Offense" published in *Gridiron Coach* by Jim Caldwell of Wake Forest University; "Squeeze the Most Out Of Each Second" in *The Point After* by Tom Deahn of St. Norbert's College; and "Clock Management" in *American Football Quarterly* by John T. Reed. Reed's premise is that running a quarterback sweep can add 10 seconds per play to a clock-killing effort. I caution coaches to practice this play to ensure against mistakes and also teach ball security. Ball location is another variable to consider in this decision.

These checklists and forms have made me a better offensive tactician, and I hope they do the same for you.



THREE-DEEP OFFENSIVE DEPTH CHART

Game:	Game Date:

FIRSTTEAM	SECONDTEAM	THIRDTEAM
SE	SE	SE
RT	RT	RT
RG	RG	RG
С	С	С
LG	LG	LG
LT	LT	LT
QB	QB	QB
В	В	В
В	В	В
FB	FB	FB
TE/OE	TE/OE	TE/OE

Package Key: First # = Backs, Second # = Tight Ends, Third # = Receivers

PACKAGE	BACKS	TE	RECEIVERS
3-2-0			
3-1-1			
2-1-2			
1-0-4			
0-0-5			

THREE-DEEP OFFENSIVE DEPTH CHART

Game: Jefferson **Game Date:** 10/16

	FIRSTTEAM		SECONDTEAM		THIRDTEAM
SE	Mike Walker	SE	Jason Willis	SE	Oscar Maria
#24	6-0 175	#2	5-10 175	#41	5-11 160
RT #79	Mike Bround 6-1 215	RT #78	Aaron Gibbs 6-4 275	RT	
RG #56	Mark Wilkerson 5-11 190	RG #76	Andy Miller 6-2 190	RG	
C	Nick Bumgardner	C	Brett Amos	C	Jeremy McCormick
#75	5-10 250	#64	5-10 210	#53	5-10 175
LG #50	Lee Driftner 6-3 220	LG #62	Grant Milne 5-10 190	LG	
LT	Jeff Dicks	LT	Taylor Emerson	LT	Blake Smith
#52	6-3 250	#70		#65	6-2 220
QB	Matt Coombs	QB	Danny Lytle	QB	David Cahill
#8	5-11 185	#14	6-1 200	#12	6-0 165
B #1	Yohahns Carr	B	Brian Tapia	B	Andy Young
	5-6 150	#22	5-9 170	#34	6-2 190
B	Gavin Smith	B	Kick Warren	B	JR Hasty
#20	5-9 175	#21	5-11 190	#40	5-10 180
FB #42	Jay Johnson 5-11 215	FB #48	Kalin Tobin 6-1 200	FB	
TE/OE	Andy Willingham	TE/OE	John Marcus Pinard	TE/OE	Jake Maria
#82	5-7 155	#90	6-5 225	#88	6-3 200

Package Key: First # = Backs, Second # = Tight Ends, Third # = Receivers

PACKAGE	BACKS	TE	RECEIVERS
3-2-0	#42 Johnson, #21 Warren, #48 Tobin	#90 Pinard, #88 Maria	
3-1-1	# Carr, #20 Smith, #42 Johnson	#90 Pinard	#24 Walker
2-1-2	#20 Smith, #42 Johnson	#90 Pinard	#24 Walker, #82 Willingham
1-0-4	#42 Johnson	Slots #1 Carr, #20 Smith	SE #24 Walker #82 Willingham
0-0-5	Inside slot #20 Smith	Slots #21 Tapia, #1 Carr	SE #24 Walker #82 Willingham

OFFENSIVE GAME PLAN FORM

Game:	Game Date:

3RD & 1 TO 2 YARDS	COALLINE	RED AREA
	GOAL LINE Runs	Runs
1 2		
	1	1
3	2	2
4	3	3
5	4	4
6	Passes 3rd & Goal At 6-9	Passes
3RD & 3 TO 6 YARDS	1	(Balanced) (Trips)
Runs	2	1 1
	3	2 2
1	4	3 3
2	5	4 4
3	2 point Play	
4	1	COMING OUT
Passes	2	-1 to -6 Runs
1	3	1
2	4	2
3		3
4	<u>1ST AT 7, 8, 9</u>	4
5	Runs	-1 to -6 Pass
6	1	1
	2.	
3RD & 7 YARDS	3	OFF. SCHEDULE (+15 OR MORE)
Runs	Passes	Runs
1	1	1
2		2
3	2	3
4	3	4
Passes	1 PLAY TO WIN	Passes
(Balanced) (Trips)	30+	(Balanced) (Trips)
1 1	20-29	1 1
2	10-19	2 2
3	Under 10 Pass	3 3
4	Under 10 Run	4 4
5 5		
	GOAL LINE NOTES	RED AREA &
3RD DOWN NOTES		COMING OUT NOTES

DECEPTIONS

1	1. Play	1	
2	2. 3rd & less than 1		
3	3. 3rd & 1 to 2		
4	4. 3rd & 3 to 6		
5	5. 3rd & 17+		
6	6. 1st & 19 (7,8,9)		BEST DEEP SHOTS
7	7. Play-action drop	1	
8	8. Drop back deep	2	
9	9. Deception		
10	10. 2 Pt. play	4	
11			
12	HALF-TIME ADJUSTMENTS		BEST % THROWS
13	1	1	
14	2	2	
15	3	3	
16	4	4	
17	5	5	
18.	6		
19			BLITZ GAME
20	1ST DOWN PASSES	1	
21	1	2	
22	2	3	
23	3	4	
24	4	5	
	5		
25 26	6		EITHER / ORS
	Reminders:		
27 28			
		3	
29 30		4	
30		5	
	SPECIAL SITUATIONS		
SCREENS & REVERSES	TWO MINUTE OFF.		END OF GAME
1	1	1	
2	2		
3	3		
4	4		
		_	

<u>1ST</u>

FIRST HALF

OFFENSIVE GAME PLAN FORM

Game: vs. Memorial Game Date: 9/18

3RD & 1 TO 2 YARDS GOAL-LINE RED AREA 1. Trips 31/32 Trap Runs Runs 2. 43/24 lead M A/L **1**. 31/32 Veer **1**. 31/32 Veer **3.** 31/32 *Vee*r 2. 47/28 Sweep 2. 47/28 Sweep 4. <u>60/61 QB lead</u> (Send in) 3. 43/24 Counter 3. 43/24 Counter 4. 43/24 lead 4. 43/24 lead 6. QB sneak if C uncovered Passes 3rd & Goal At 6-9 Passes (Balanced) (Trips) 1. 47/28 Sweep bootleg pass* 3RD & 3TO 6 YARDS 1. 68/67 Speed Option 1. White 4 2. 68 Speed option pass 2. Switch A2. 39 Swing pass Runs **3**. Ringo 19 or 59* **1**. 31/32 Veer 3. <u>Double-Chair</u> 2. 47/28 Sweep 5. *Modify wing routes 2 point Play **Chose based on D reaction 3. 69 Speed Option (Trips) 4. 43/24 Counter **COMING OUT** 1. **Diamond lead (Run) Passes -1 to -6 Runs 2. **White 4* (pass) (send in) 1. 60/61 QB lead 1. FB Quick Screen 3. WR Screen Long* 2. WR Screen L/R 2. 24 lead MR 3. Slot Screen L/R Crazy Motion 3. 43 Lead ML 4. <u>Ringo 19-59</u> 1ST AT 7. 8. 9 (Follow Script) 5. Ringo 1 Runs -1 to -6 Pass 6. Lancer 1. 68 Speed Option Pass MR 3RD & 7YARDS **OFF SCHEDULE (+15 OR MORE)** 3. Runs Runs Passes 1. 47/28 Sweep 1. 47/28 Sweep 2. 31/32 Veer 2. 43/24 Counter 3. 68/69 QB Option (Trips) 3. <u>3</u>1/32 Veer 4. Passes Passes 1 PLAY TO WIN (Balanced) (Trips) (Balanced) (Trips) 30+ Switch 1. <u>Lancer</u> (7) 1. <u>White 4</u> (15) 1. Switch 1. WR Screen **20-29** Lancer 2. <u>Ringo 1</u> 2.18 Reverse Pass 2. White 4 10-19 31/32 Veer Bootleg Pass 3. <u>Veer Bootle</u> 3. 3. 39 Swing Pass Under 10 Pass 68 Speed Option 4.47/28 Bootle 4. Under 10 Run <u>43/24 Counter</u> 3 4._____ 4. ____ 5. 68/67 5 Option 3. __ **RED AREA & GOAL-LINE NOTES 3RD DOWN NOTES COMING OUT NOTES** *Long Patterns become curls or Receivers must get to Emphasize line must not get deep square in S. 1st down yardage. blown back & protect ball. No audibles at goal-line. No mistakes.

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FIRST HALF	<u>1ST</u>	DECEPTIVES
/1. WR screen R/L	1. Play <u>WR screen R/L</u>	1. <u>Diamond pass</u>
2. <u>32/31 Veer MR/L</u>	2. 3rd & less than 1 31/32 trap L/R (trips) 4	2. 32 veer HB option pass B
3. Slot screen R/L	3. 3rd & 1 to 2 <u>24/43 Lead M R/L</u> 3	3. QB motion pass (13)
4. <u>32/31 Veer M R/L</u>	4. 3rd & 3 to 6 <u>43/24 counter</u>	4
5. 32/31 Veer bootleg pass M R/L	5. 3rd & 17+ $\frac{68}{6}$ speed option pass M $\frac{19}{6}$	
6. <u>4/43 Lead M R/L</u> 3	6. 1st & 19 (7,8,9) <u>Script</u>	BEST DEEP SHOTS
7. WR screen long M R/L	7. Play-action drop 32/31/eer bootleg pass M R/L	1. Switch
(8. <u>69 speed option</u>	8. Drop back deep <u>Switch</u>	2. <u>WR screen long R/L</u>
9. <u>White 4</u> 5	9. Deceptive <u>Diamond pass</u>	3. <u>Double-chair</u>
10. <u>31/32 trap</u>	10. 2 Pt. play <u>White 4</u> 15	4. <u>White 4 (3 long route)</u>
(11. <u>R lead</u>		
12. Option	HALF-TIME ADJUSTMENTS	BEST % THROWS
13. Diamond pass	1	1. WR screen
(14. <u>24/43 counter</u>	2	2. Slot screen
15. <u>Switch</u>	3	3. White 4
16. <u>47/28 sweep</u> 5	4	4. <u>68 speed option pass</u>
17. 68 speed option pass M R		5. <u>Lancer</u> 9
18. Lancer M R/L	1ST DOWN PASSES	
19. Quick screen M R/L	1. WR screen R/L	BLITZ GAME
20. <u>32/31 Veer HB option pass M L</u> 3	2. WR screen long R/L	1. <u>Ringo</u>
21. 32 Veer HB option pass M L	3. <u>Diamond pass</u>	2. <u>Ringo 19/59</u>
22. 18/57 Reverse M R/L 12	4. <u>68 speed option pass ML</u>	3. White 4 (trips)
23. 18/57 Reverse M R/L 22	5. 32 veer HB option pass ML (B)	4
(24. 39 Swing pass M L 23)	6. <u>D-chair (no back) (24)</u>	5
25. D-chair 24	7. White 4 (15)	EITHER (ORG
26. QB motion pass right 13	8. FB screen (quick)	EITHER / ORS
27	9. <u>Lancer</u>	1. 68 speed option pass
28	10	2. <u>67 speed option pass</u>
29	Reminders:	3
30	Goal line D 4-4, Will use 4-3	4
	most of time, 3-4 rarely, No hash adjustments	5
	แลงแลนเนงนแต่แหง	

SPECIAL SITUATIONS

SCREENS & REVERSES	TWO MINUTE OFF.	END OF GAME
1. FB Q screen M/R	1. White 4 trips R/L	1. <u>31 Veer</u>
2. FB Q screen M/L	2. <u>WR screen L</u>	2. 32 Veer HB option pass B
3. WR screen R M/R	3. <u>31/32 Veer M L/R</u>	3. <u>39 Swing pass 23</u>
4. WR screen L M/L	4. <u>28/47 sweep</u>	4. QB motion pass (3)
5. WR screen R long MR	5. <u>28/47 sweep bootleg 21</u>	5. <u>White 4</u>
6. WR screen L long ML	6. <u>39 swing pass</u>	6. <u>Switch</u>
7. Slot screen crazy motion ML	7. <u>Double-chair</u>	7. <u>Double-chair</u>
8. <u>18/57 reverse</u>	8. <u>Switch</u>	8. <u>Switch</u>
9. <u>18/57 reverse pass 22</u>	9	9

OFFENSIVE PLAYER SUBSTITUTION LIST

Game:	Game:	Game Date:
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PLAY	1 (WR)	2 (SLOT)	3 (FB)	4 (SLOT)	5 (WR)	6 (QB)
1.						
2.						
3.						
4.						
5.						
6.						
7.						
8.						
9.						
10.						
11.						
12.						
13.						
14.						
15.						
16.						
17.						
18.						
19.						
20.						
21.						
22.						
23.						
24.						

OFFENSIVE PLAYER SUBSTITUTION LIST

Game: vs. Lincoln Game Date: 8/29

PLAY	1 (WR)	2 (SLOT)	3 (FB)	4 (SLOT)	5 (WR)	6 (QB)
1. WR screen R/L			1st te		Slot corre	ct motion
2. 32/31 Veer	Baker		QB Pr	oper read	>	
3. Slot screen	Casper	<	Knov	which slot h	as "crazy" mo	tion
4. 32/31 Veer			Cannon		20.	Team
5. 32/31 Veer bootleg	Baker	Angle	Deferer	Nelson	Derocher	Fritz
6. 24/43 Lead		Burkee		Correct slo	t in motion	
7. WR screen long			19	it Team	}	
8. 69 Speed option		Angle		Nelson <	Remind F	No Block
9. White 4	Baker			Motion	>	
10. 31/32 Veer	Baker	Angle	Cannon	Nelson	Derocher	
11. R. Lead	Casper		Stock	Healy		
12. Counter option			Wris	t band		
13. Diamond pass				Allen		
14. 24/43 counter			15	t Team		
15. Switch	Baker	Angle		Derocher		
16. 47/28 Sweep	Baker	Burkee		Nelson		
17. 68 Speed option pass		Shonkwiler	Cannon	Derocher		
18. Lancer		Angle	Welch	Nelson		
19. FB Quick screen	Baker					
20. 32/31 Veer		Burkee	Cannon			
21.						
22.						
23.						
24.						

FORMATION- & BLOCKING-SCHEME

mairix: RUNNING OFFENSE ame: Game Date:																		
		F	ORN	/IATI	ONS					BLC	ОСК	ING	SCH	HEM	IES			
	_		<u> </u>			- 	_									Ι		Г
SERIES																		
PLAYS																		
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FORMATION- & BLOCKING-SCHEME MATRIX: RUNNING OFFENSE

Game: vs. Central High _____ Game Date: _9/12

		F	ORI	ΙΑΤ	ONS	DNS BLOCKING SCHEMES														
SERIES * Double-slot has wide option for slots. Double-white (Gyds) or either slot wide (wide R - right slot at Gyds). ** Trips has bunch option receivers 11/2 apart. A. Cluster align at 12 yds B. Bunch at 8 yds C. Squeeze at 4 yds PLAYS	* 1000	Trips *	No Back	Shotgun	PRo slot R/L		Man	Veer	Leads	Cross	G Trap	Swing	D Pull	TTrap	Counter	Hammer	Screen	Zone		
<u>Veer</u>																				
31, 32	1	1			~		~	1	1											L
43, 22 Counter	V	1			1		~	~		1										L
18,57 Reverse	V	1			1		1	~		1							1			L
33, 34 Cross	1				1		~			1										L
60, 61 QB Sneak	V	1	1	1	1		1	1		1										L
<u>Power</u>																				L
22, 24 Lead	V	1		1	1		1	1	1	1	1									L
41, 43 Lead	1	1		1	1		1	1	1	1	1									L
<u>60, 61 QB Sneak</u>	1	1	1	1	1		~	1	1	1	1									L
<u>Quick</u>																				L
28, 47 Sweep	1				1							1	1	1		1				L
24, 43 Counter	1														1	1				L
24, 43 Scissors	1							1		1	1			1						L
<u>Draw</u>																				L
31, 32	1	1		1	1		1	1		1	1									L
QB	1	1	1	1	1															L
<u>Option</u>																				L
68,69	1	1		1	1		1			1										L
68, 69 Speed																				
																				L
<u> </u>	1	1		1	1						1									L
47, 28 Tackle	1													1						L
Motion																				
26, 45 Counter	1	1													1					L
28, 47 Sweep	1				1								1	1		1				L
																				L
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RUNNING ATTACK DEVELOPMENT WORKSHEET

Gar	me:			Game	Date:			
1.	WHAT PLAYS SH	HOULD WE RU	JN?					
2.	WHERE SHOUL							
	1-Hole Remarks:					6-Hole	7-Hole	8-Hole
3.	WHERE SHOUL	D WE AVOID F	RUNNING?					
	Why?							
4.	HOW CAN WE D	ICTATE DEFE	NSIVE ALIGNI	MENTS BY O	JR FORMATIC	ONS, SHIFTS C	R MOTION? _	
5.	HOW MANY YAR	RDS RUSHING	ARE NEEDED	TO WIN THIS	GAME?			
6.	HOW MANY TIM	ES DO WE WA	INT TO RUN?					
7.	HOW MANY PRA	ACTICE REPE	TITIONS DO W	/E NEED TO A	CHIEVE OUR	RUSHING GO	ALS?	
8.	HOW MANY 1-, 2	2-, OR 3-BACK	SETS DO WE	NEED FORT	HIS GAME? _			
	1- Back:		2- Bacl	K:		_ 3- Back:		
9.	HOW MANY TIGI							
10.	HOW WILL FIELD	D POSITION C	HANGE OUR	RUNNING GA	ME? HASH M	ARKS?		
	Vertical Field Po	sition						
11.	DO WE NEED AN	NY AUDIBLE F	RUN-PLANNIN	G FOR THIS (SAME?			
12.	WHAT IS OUR R	UN PLAN FOR	RTHE FOLLO	VING SITUATI	ONS?			
	Short Yardage:_							
	Goal-Line:							
	Danger Zone (-2	0 Or Less): _						
	Red Zone (+20 C	Or Less):						
	2-Minute Offense	e:						
	Slow-Down Offe	nse:						
	2-Point Convers	ions:						
	"Must-Have" 1st	Down Rushir	ng Situations:					
	Runs Against "S	Stop-A-Drive"	Defense:					

RUNNING ATTACK DEVELOPMENT WORKSHEET

Gar	me: <u>vs. Memorial</u> Game Date: <u>9/16</u>
1.	WHAT PLAYS SHOULD WE RUN? 31/32 Veer, 24/43 Lead, 69 Speed option, 31/32 Trap, 24/43 Counter, 47/28 Sweep, 18/57 Reverse, 68/69 QB option
2.	WHERE SHOULD WE RUN?
	1-Hole 2-Hole 3-Hole 5-Hole 6-Hole 7-Hole 8-Hole
	Remarks: Outside attack (7 &8 hole), Spread field and run inside – esp. traps / counter
3.	WHERE SHOULD WE AVOID RUNNING? 5/6 hole - strongest part of defense, Lead dives in short yardage situations
	Why? They defend lead dive very well — much more suspect on traps.
4.	HOW CAN WE DICTATE DEFENSIVE ALIGNMENTS BY OUR FORMATIONS, SHIFTS OR MOTION? They align on our players - we can increase size of gaps by widening splits by 1-2 feet. Motion works well on this team
5.	HOW MANY YARDS RUSHING ARE NEEDED TO WIN THIS GAME? 150 yds or more
6.	HOW MANY TIMES DO WE WANT TO RUN? 30 times
7.	HOW MANY PRACTICE REPETITIONS DO WE NEED TO ACHIEVE OUR RUSHING GOALS?
8.	HOW MANY 1-, 2-, OR 3-BACK SETS DO WE NEED FOR THIS GAME?
	1- Back: <u>25% (8/30)</u> 2- Back : 3- Back : <u>75% (22/30)</u>
9.	HOW MANY TIGHT-END AND SPLIT-END FORMATIONS DO WE NEED TO USE?
	TE: None except diamond formation. SE: All SE attack.
10.	HOW WILL FIELD POSITION CHANGE OUR RUNNING GAME? HASH MARKS? No adjustments
	Vertical Field Position No pitch in danger zone - FB or QB keeps only.
11.	DO WE NEED ANY AUDIBLE RUN-PLANNING FOR THIS GAME? None needed.
12.	WHAT IS OUR RUN PLAN FOR THE FOLLOWING SITUATIONS?
	Short Yardage: 31/32 Veer, 31/32 Trap, give to FB
	Goal-Line: 31/32 Veer, 31/32 Trap (trips), 43/24 Lead
	Danger Zone (-20 Or Less): 60/61 QB lead, 24 Lead 1st & 2nd down - use 31/32 Trap on 3rd
	Red Zone (+20 Or Less): 31/32 Veer, 47/28 Sweep, 43/24 Counter
	2-Minute Offense: 31/32 Veer, 28/47 Sweep - use sweep / pitch & try to get out of bounds.
	Slow-Down Offense: 31/32 Veer (give to FB) or 28/47 Sweep but give to FB no blocking!
	2-Point Conversions: Diamond formation - QB lead dive
	"Must-Have" 1st Down Rushing Situations: 31/32 Trap (trips)
	Runs Against "Stop-A-Drive" Defense: 69 Speed option, 43/24 Counter, 31/32 Veer

RUN DISTRIBUTION CHART

Game:	Game Date:	
	0000	

9 Hole	7 Hole	5 Hole	3 Hole	1 Hole	0 Hole	2 Hole	4 Hole	6 Hole	8 Hole

RUN DISTRIBUTION CHART

Game: vs. Trojans	Game Date: <u>9/9</u>	
9 Hole 7 H	Hole 2 Hole 3 Hole 1 Hole 2 Hole 4 Hole 6 O Hole 3	Hole 8 Hole

9 Hole	7 Hole	5 Hole	3 Hole	1 Hole	0 Hole	2 Hole	4 Hole	6 Hole	8 Hole
69 QB option	57 Reverse	45 Motion counter	33 Counter	31 Veer	QB Sneak	32 Veer	34 Cross	26 Motion counter	18 Reverse
69 Speed option	47 Sweep	35 Inside zone	33 Cross	41 Lead	QB Lead	32 Counter	24 Lead		28 Sweep
69 Weak option	47 Tackle trap	35 Diamond double-lead	43 Lead	31 Trap draw	QB Draw	22 Lead	24 Counter		28 Tackle trap
69 Strong option	47 Motion sweep		43 Counter	31 Trap		32 Trap draw	24 Scissors		68 QB option
39 Toss			43 Scissors			32 Trap	34 Inside zone		68 Speed option
39 Zone							34 Diamond double lead		28 Motion sweep
49 Diamond load option									68 Weak option
									68 Strong option
									38 Toss
									38 Zone
									28 Diamond Load option

FORMATION- & BLOCKING-SCHEME MATRIX: PASSING OFFENSE

Game:					_ (Gan	ne D	ate	:_												
	FORMATIONS							BLOCKING SCHEMES													
SERIES																					
PLAYS																					
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FORMATION- & BLOCKING-SCHEME MATRIX: PASSING OFFENSE

Game: vs. Trojans Game Date: 9/9	
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	\top	F	ORI	/IAT	ONS	3	BLOCKING SCHEMES														
SERIES																					
					\square																
				_	PRo slot L/R				0.	_											
	4	10	Sack	Shotgun	0			æ	70 Zone	Var	Blitz	<u>6</u>									
51.00	D slot	rip	S S	.ouc	Řo Ro		 	\rea	0.7	δ	Slitz	Swing									
PLAYS		<u> </u>	_	0)	π_		_	< _	7	ω	ПП	0)									
Base						_	╢							\dashv							_
Lancer L/R	<u> </u>	~		1	1		\neg	<u>/</u>	V		V										\vdash
First down L/R	<u> </u>	1	1	1	1	_	$\overline{}$	<u>/</u>	V	\vdash	~	_	\vdash	\dashv			_	\vdash	\vdash		\vdash
Switch	<u> </u>	V	1	1	V		\rightarrow	<u>/</u>	V	\vdash		\vdash	\vdash	\dashv			\vdash	\vdash	\vdash		\vdash
Lancer G-line R/L	- V	レ	1	V	V		\rightarrow	<u>ソ</u> ノ	<i>V</i>		V										\vdash
Slots cross	- V	V	_				\dashv	<u> </u>		\vdash		\vdash	$\vdash \vdash$	\dashv			\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	
Go amay P/I	V	1		1	~	٦,	7	<u> </u>	1	\vdash	V		\vdash	\dashv				\vdash	\vdash		\vdash
Go arrow R/L Go swap R/L	- V	V		V	~		_	V	V		~		\vdash	\dashv							\vdash
Screen						- `								\dashv							\vdash
Quick R/L	\ <u>\</u>	1			1	٠,	7	<u> </u>		\vdash	~	1	\Box	\dashv							\vdash
WR R/L	V				1		$\overline{}$	<u> </u>		\vdash	V	~	\Box	\dashv				\vdash	\vdash		\vdash
WR long R/L	V				7		\rightarrow	<u> </u>			V	V		\neg							\vdash
Slot R/L	V				7		+	<u> </u>			V	V		\dashv							Г
Short	Ť					<u> </u>						_									Г
Switch R/L	V	1	~	1	1	٦,	7	~			V	1									Γ
Cross R/L	V	V	-	1	V		$\overline{}$	~			V	Ť		\neg							Г
Play action	Ť	Ť	Ť	Ť	Ť	Ť					Ť										Γ
24/43 Red dragon	V	1				١,	7	~													
42/41 Slot drag	V	1				1	$\overline{}$	1													Γ
47/28 Sweep B leg	V	1				1	7	~				1									Γ
Trips																					
25/46 Shovel pass	V	1		1	1	•	/	/				1									
20/40 Slide	V	1		1	1	•	/	/													
Choice special R/L	V	1		1	1		$ \bot $														
FB Shovel pass R/L	V	1		~	1		/	1				~									
Veer																					Ĺ
32/31 Veer bootleg	V				1	•	$\overline{}$	/													L
32 Veer HB option	V				1		4	/													L
32/31 Play action					~	•	4	<u>/</u>				~	\Box								L
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PASSING ATTACK DEVELOPMENT WORKSHEET

Game:			Game Date:											
.WHAT PASS PLAYS S	HOULD WE USE	=?												
2. WHERE SHOULD W	VE PASS?													
Area 1	Area 2	Area 3	Area 4	Area 5										
	Area 7													
Remarks:														
3. WHERE SHOULD V	WHERE SHOULD WE AVOID PASSING?													
Why?														
4. HOW CAN WE DICT	TATE DEFENSIV	E ALIGNMENTS	BY OUR FORM	IATIONS, SHIFTS OR MOTION?										
5. HOW MANY YARDS	PASSING ARE	NEEDED TO WII	NTHIS GAME?											
6. HOW MANY TIMES	DO WE WANT T	O PASS?												
7. HOW MANY PRACT	TICE REPETITIO	NS DO WE NEE	DTO ACHIEVE	OUR PASSING GOALS?										
8. HOW MANY 1-, 2-, 3	3-, 4-, OR 5-RECI	EIVER SETS DO	WE NEED FOR	THIS GAME?										
1-Receiver		2-Receiver		3-Receiver										
4-Receiver														
9. HOW MANY TIGHT-	END AND SPLIT	FEND FORMATI	ONS DO WE NE	EDTO USE?										
TE:			SE:											
				? HASH MARKS?										
Vertical Field Positi	ion													
1. DO WE NEED ANY A	AUDIBLE PASS F	PLANNING FOR	THIS GAME? _											
2. WHAT IS OUR PASS	PLAN FOR THE	FOLLOWING S	ITUATIONS?											
Runs Against "Stop	o-A-Drive" Defer	nse:												

PASSING ATTACK DEVELOPMENT WORKSHEET

Gan	ne:vs.	Huskies			Game Date:	10/4
1 W	ΗΔΤ ΡΔ S	S PI AVS SHO	OUI DWF USF	:? Lancer	motion R/I 3	61/32 Veer bootleg pass switch, 32 Veer HB
	_option	1 pass. 28/4	17 sweep boot	tlea pass. 18	reverse bass.	67/68 speed option pass. White 4 ringo 1 &
	_19/59	ÉB quick sc	reen, WR scr	een, 39 swind	g pass	67/68 speed option pass, White 4 ringo 1 &
2.	WHERE	SHOULD WE	PASS?			
		Area 1	Area 2	Area 3	Area 4	Area 5
		Area 6	Area 7	Area 8	Area 9	
	Remarks:	: Use run to	set up pass	, Vertical / hor	rizontal streto	ch and flood routes.
3.	WHERE	SHOULD WE	AVOID PASSI	NG?_Avoid th	irowing short i	in cover-2
	Why? <u></u>	hey have 5 d	efenders who	play under co	overage very w	vell.
4		NWE DICTA	TE DEEENGIV	E ALICNMENT	C BY OUD FO	RMATIONS, SHIFTS OR MOTION?
4.	Motio	n & our aliar	iment is verv	effective. The	v do not defen	nd rollout bootleg passes well.
						·
5.	HOW MA	NY YARDS P	ASSING ARE	NEEDED TO W	INTHIS GAME	? 125 yds
6		NVTIMES D		O PASS? 2	O time oc	
0.	HOW WA	INT THES DO	J WE WANT IN	∪ PA33 : <u> </u>	O DIFFIES	
7.	HOW MA	NY PRACTIC	E REPETITIO	NS DO WE NE	ED TO ACHIEV	/E OUR PASSING GOALS? _10 or more
•		NV 1 0 0	4 OD 5 DEC!		OWE NEED FO	OD THE CAMES
						ORTHIS GAME?
	1-Receiv	rer		2-Receiver	1% (1 play)	3-Receiver 4% (1 play)
						NEED TO USE?
	TE : _ 5°	<u>% (1 play)</u>			SE:	95%
10. F						ES? HASH MARKS?
					field	
	Vertical F	Field Position	<u> Use adjust </u>	<u>tment rules in</u>	<u>side red zone,</u>	long patterns become curls or deep.
44 -						Vac Mhita 1 (tuing) Dings 1 (classt) 8
11.1		9/59 (fade)		LANNING FO	K I NIS GAIVIE?	Yes, White 4 (trips) Ringo 1 (slant) &
12. V	WHAT IS (OUR PASS PI	LAN FOR THE	FOLLOWING	SITUATIONS?	
			peed option r			
		_	1 1	ı	eed ontion nad	55, Ringo 19 or 59 (fade)
				pass, 00 spo peed option pa		ee, Killigo 10 of 50 (Tauc)
				beed option pa	a55	
		e (+20 Or Les	•	ion nacc 30	cuina pace W	/hita 1 Guitah (1 play ta win)
				•	owing pass, W	hite 4, Switch (1 play to win)
		wn Onense: Conversions:	68 speed op	vion pass		
				uotiona. M/D -	Echaph Glat -	creen White A. Longon
			_			creen, White 4, Lancer
	Huns Ag	aınst "Stop- <i>l</i>	ו-urive" Defen	ise: <u>riay-act</u>	ion passes or	69 speed-option pass

PASS DISTRIBUTION CHART

Game:	Game Date:	
7	8	9
	10 YDS	
4	5	6
	LOS	
1	2	3

PASS DISTRIBUTION CHART

Game: vs. Crusaders Game Date: 9/26

7 32 Veer Bootleg (#1 Corner) WR Screen Long (#4 Fly) Trips R White 4 (#1 Fly) Trips L White 4 (#5 Corner) Lancer R (#1 Chair-Up) Lancer L (#5 Throwback Seam)	Trips R White 4 (#4 Fly) Trips R White 4 (#2 Fly) Lancer L (#2 Post or Cross) Lancer R (#4 Post or Cross)	31 Veer Bootleg (#5 Corner) WR Screen Long (#2 Fly) Trips R White 4 (#5 Corner) Trips L White 4 (#5 Fly) Lancer R (#5 Throwback Seam) Lancer L (#5 Chair-Up)
	10 YDS	
Trips R White 4 (4 Out) Lancer R (#1 Chair-Out) 1st Down (#1 Curl)	5 32 Veer Bootleg (#4 Drag) 31 Veer Bootleg (#2 Drag) 1st Down (#4 Curl)	Trips L White R (#2 Out) Lancer L (#5 Chair-Out) 1st Down (#5 Curl) 1st Down (#2 Out)
	LOS	
MR Screen Left Slot Screen Left Trips R White 4 (#3 Swing)	2 FB Quick Screen	3 WR Screen Right Slot Screen Right Trips L White 4(#3 Swing)

MASTER PASS PLAYS: PROTECTION ADJUSTMENTS CHART

Game:	Game Date:			Game Date:		
PLAY	# OF RECEIVERS	PROTECTION	ADJUSTMENTS TO PROTECTION			

PLAY	# OF RECEIVERS	PROTECTION	ADJUSTMENTS TO PROTECTION
-			
-			
-	1		
-			
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MASTER PASS PLAYS: PROTECTION ADJUSTMENTS CHART

PLAY	# OF RECEIVERS	PROTECTION	ADJUSTMENTS TO PROTECTION
Base Series			
Lancer, Motion R	4	6-man	motion slot blocks
Lancer, Motion L	4	6-man	motion slot blocks
1st Down, Motion R	4	6-man	motion slot blocks
1st Down, Motion L	4	6-man	motion slot blocks
Switch	4	6-man	slot blocks; run switch 1 side only
Lancer Goal-line, M R	4	6-man	motion slot blocks
Lancer Goal-line, M L	4	6-man	motion slot blocks
_ Slots Cross	4	6-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
Cardinal, Motion R	4	6-man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
_ Cardinal, Motion L	4	6-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
Go Series			
Go Arrow, Motion L	4	6-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
Go Arrow, Motion R	4	6-man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
Go Swap, Motion L	4	6-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
Go Swap, Motion R	4	6-man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
Screen Series			
FB Quick Screen, MR	2	7-man	Tighten R WR to 4 yds
FB Quick Screen, M L	2	7-man	Tighten L WR to 4 yds
_ WR Screen Left, M L	1	7-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
WR Screen Right, M R	1	7-man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
WR Screen L Long, M L	4	6-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
WR Screen R Long, M R	4	6-man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
Slot Screen Right, C M R	2	6-man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
Slot Screen Left, C M R	2	6-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
Short Series			
Short Switch, Crazy M R	4	6-man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
Short Switch, Crazy M L	4	6-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
Short Double Switch, C M R	4	6-man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
Short Double Switch, C M L	4	6-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
X Dig			
Play Action Series			
Fake 24 Dive Red Dragon R	4	6-man	motion slot blocks
Fake 43 Dive Red Dragon L	4	6-man	motion slot blocks
Fake 42 Dive Slot Drag R	3	7-man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
Fake 21 Dive Slot Drag L	3	7-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
47 Sweep Bootleg Pass	3	6-man	sweep fake back blocks
28 Sweep Bootleg Pass	3	6-man	sweep fake back blocks

example - (12.10)

PLAY	# OF RECEIVERS	PROTECTION	ADJUSTMENTS TO PROTECTION
Trips Series			
Trips Right, 25 Shovel Pass	1	6-man	QB throws ball forward to ground
Trips Left 46 Shovel Pass	1	6-man	QB throws ball forward to ground
Trips Left 20 Slide	4	6-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
Trips Right, 40 Slide	4	6-man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
Trips Left, Choice Special L	5	5 man	FB blocks only
Trips Right, Choice Special R	5	5 man	FB blocks only
Trips R, FB Shovel Pass R	5	5 man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
Trips L, FB Shovel Pass L	5	5 man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
Trips R, Bunch, Mesh Route	4	6-man	Left WR moves to TE X-ray Left
Trips L, Bunch, Mesh Route	4	6-man	Right WR moves to TE X-ray Right
Veer Series			
32 Veer Bootleg Pass	3	6-man	motion slot blocks
31 Veer Bootleg Pass	3	6-man	motion slot blocks
32 Veer HB Option Pass	3	6-man	QB blocks after pitch
32 Veer Play Action Pass	3	7-man	none
31 Veer Play Action Pass	3	7-man	none
No Back Series			
Gold, 47 Swing Pass, M L	5	5 man	Right WR to TE X-ray Right
Silver, 28 Swing Pass, M R	5	5 man	Left WR to TE X-ray Left
Gold, Inside Overload, C M L	5	5 man	Right Slot blocks
Silver, Inside Overload, C M R	5	5 man	Left Slot blocks
Gold Digger	5	5 man	Right Slot tightens & blocks
Silver Lode	5	5 man	Left Slot tightens & blocks
Jet Motion Right Special	5	5 man	Left slot blocks—no delay route
Jet Motion Left Special	5	5 man	Right slot blocks—no delay route
67 Throw Back Pass	5	5 man	Right Slot blocks after run fake
Gold, Flood Left	5	5 man	Right Slot moves to TE
Silver, Flood Right	5	5 man	Left Slot moves to TE
Special Series			
QB Motion Right Pass	4	6-man	none
QB Motion Left Pass	4	6-man	none
28 Slot Trail Pass	4	6-man	none
47 Slot Trail Pass	3	6-man	none
68 Speed Option Pass	3	6-man	none
67 Speed Option Pass	3	6-man	none
18 WR Reverse Pass	3	6-man	none
Pass Audibles			
White 1	5	5 man	FB blocks
White 2	5	5 man	FB blocks
White 3	5	5 man	FB blocks
White 4 (Trips Right)	5	5 man	FB blocks
White 5 (Trips left)	5	5 man	FB blocks

GAME PLAN DEFENSIVE READ CHART

Game:	Game Date:

PLAY	DEFENSIVE READ	DEFENSE	OTHER OBSERVATIONS

GAME PLAN DEFENSIVE READ CHART

Game: vs. Crusaders Game Date: 9/18

PLAY	DEFENSIVE READ	DEFENSE	OTHER OBSERVATIONS
WR screen R/L M R/L	How does playside		
	CB react? Look also		
	at safety		
	How do they adjust		
	for motion		
32/31 Veer M R/L	Who plays QB		
	' "		
	Who plays dive		
	Who plays pitch		
Slot screen R/L	DB reaction		
Crazy motion R/L			
32/31 Veer M R/L	Verify QB?		Must know safety reaction
	Dive?		
	Pitch		
32/31 Veer bootleg pass	Watch for early		
	safety reaction		
	LB drops?		

example 2 (during game) - (12.11)

GAME PLAN DEFENSIVE READ CHART

Game:_	vs. Crusaders	Game Date:	9/18

PLAY	DEFENSIVE READ	DEFENSE	OTHER OBSERVATIONS
WR screen R/L M R/L	How does playside	4-3 cover 3	Strong side T & DE flex w/motion
	CB react? Look also		
_+7 yds great block by #82	at safety		
	C - 7 yds soft		
	How do they adjust		LB out 2 steps - F5 adjust to #3
	for motion		receiver (motion man) toward motion
32/31 Veer M R/L	Who plays QB	4-3 cover 2	DE slow to QB
	DE		
Pitch to #42 +4	Who plays dive		
	line/LB		
	Who plays pitch		Very fast reaction to pitch
	Safeties		·
Slot screen R/L	DB reaction		
Crazy motion R/L			Good play - open run again!
Inc	Played soft		
#6 Dropped ball!			
32/31 Veer M R/L	Verify QB?	4-3 cover 2	Must know safety reaction
	DE slow again		
+6 great leg drive by 42	Dive?		LBs keeping FB
	Line/LB		
	Pitch		Very fast again
	Safeties		
32/31 Veer bootleg pass	Watch for early	4-3 cover 3	Completely fooled! (USE AGAIN!)
	safety reaction		
TD! Great throw & easy	Safeties all faked out!		
catch for #24	LB drops?		
	None fooled by play-ac	ction!	

PASSING STRATEGY: DOWN-AND-DISTANCE

Game:	Game Date:
1. 1ST AND 10	
2. 2ND AND LONG	
3. 3RD AND 12 OR MORE	
4. 3RD AND 7TO 10	
5. 3RD AND 4TO 6	
3. STID AND 4 TO 0	
6. 3RD AND 3	

7. I	RED ZONE PLUS 25
8. I	RED ZONE PLUS 15
9. I	RED ZONE PLUS 5
10. I	DANGER ZONE OFFENSE (-1 TO –30)

PASSING STRATEGY: DOWN-AND-DISTANCE

ame:_	vs. South	Game Date: 10/7
	AND 10	
		ses that look like run plays from normal formations.
_ b.	. Inink quick, nigh-perce	entage throws (3 step drops).
	. Must not take a sack	
_a.	. Detense varies their ic	ook, so use option-style routes (like Lancer).
 2. 2ND	AND LONG	
_a.	. Above all, we need high	n-percentage completions to get to 3rd and medium or short.
		<u>juick 3- or 5-step, with option to 2nd level if short receivers are quickly jumped</u>
_C.	. Since this is a blitz do	own for many teams, have "hot" receiver plan.
d.	. Delay routes are very	good as zone defenders will make drops sooner and deeper.
	AND 12 OR MORE	45.40
		isually our best percentage deep throws (15-18 yards).
	Switch routes also go	
	. Dig route also very god	
	. Consider hook routes	
_e.	. Consider keeping one b	plocker in to help protect and give the play time to develop.
abc.	. Short crosses and de	against zones; comeback routes on boundaries vs. man coverage. lays are good plays also. ime, so he can wait for receivers to get open. A sack on 3rd down is not as
<u>a</u> .	receiver very importar	best or favorite coverage in this situation. Pre-snap reads by QB and
<u>b.</u>	Koute must be run so	that receiver is beyond first down marker.
		ield immediately after catch, no dancing.
_d.	. Often blitz down — th	ink hot receiver.
 3. 3RD) AND 3	
<u>a.</u>	Expect tight coverage. separation technique	e, so receivers must push hard upfield, make precise breaks and use good
	Hot receiver must be r	
	. Flat routes 1 yard pas	
	i iaviouvos i yaiu pas	V MIC 13V ACWIT IIIAI KCI.

example - (12.12)

7. RED ZONE PLUS 25	
a. Anticipate man coverage.	
b. Use route with at least one TD shot.	
c. Anticipate the blitz.	
8. RED ZONE PLUS 15	
a. Use crossing routes and attack the corner of end zone; QB should think of leading receivers	
to these areas.	
b. Think blitz.	
c. Receivers must work to the back of the end zone if original pattern breaks down.	
d. Use distinct receiver breaks and push hard as reduced room dictates tighter coverage.	
_a. 030 distillet 1000iver troaks and pasir hard as reduced room dictates digition coverage.	
9. RED ZONE PLUS 5	
_a. Get over goal line on routes.	
b. Use crossing and play-action routes.	
c. Must not take a sack and protect the football.	
<u>d. QB throws must miss outside and deep — no late throws! No throws off the back foot.</u>	
e. Receivers must work to the back of end zone if original patterns break down.	
f. Use tight coverage techniques when running routes.	
0. DANGER ZONE OFFENSE (-1 TO –30)	
_ a. Have a hot receiver ready for blitz.	
b. Use isolation routes on the edges of the field, out of traffic.	
c. Use max protection if possible, to give QB time.	
_ o. oso man provocalon in possibile, we give QD villio.	

MASTER PASS ROUTE CHART

ame:						
PLAY	#1 (WR)	#2 SLOT	#3 FB	#4 SLOT	#5 WR	QB
						-

PLAY	#1 (WR)	#2 SLOT	#3 FB	#4 SLOT	#5 WR	QB
-						

MASTER PASS ROUTE CHART

Game: vs. Crusaders Game Date: 9/22

PLAY	#1 (WR)	#2 SLOT	#3 FB	#4 SLOT	#5 WR	QB
Base Series						
Lancer, Motion R	Out & Up	Delay	Block	Read	Seam Post	3 to 5 Step
Lancer, Motion L	Seam Post	Read	Block	Delay	Out & Up	3 to 5 Step
1st Down, Motion R	Curl	Out	Block	Curl	Curl	3 Step
1st Down, Motion L	Curl	Curl	Block	Out	Curl	3 Step
Switch	Slant & Up	Wheel	Block	Wheel	Slant & Up	5 Step
Lancer Goal-line, M R	Out & Curl	Cross	Block	Delay	Deep In	3 to 5 Step
Lancer Goal-line, M L	Deep In	Delay	Block	Cross	Out & Curl	3 to 5 Step
Slots Cross	Slant In	Cross	Block	Cross	Fade	3 Step
Cardinal, Motion R	Fade	Wheel	Block	Slant In	Curl	3 Step
Cardinal, Motion L	Curl	Slant In	Block	Wheel	Fade	3 Step
Go Series						
Go Arrow, Motion L	Fly	Arrow	Block	Read	Fade	3 Step
Go Arrow, Motion R	Fade	Read	Block	Arrow	Fly	3 Step
Go Swap, Motion L	Slant & Up	Out	Block	Fly	Fly	3 Step
Go Swap, Motion R	Fly	Fly	Block	Out	Slant & Up	3 Step
Screen Series					•	'
FB Quick Screen, M R	Block	Delay	Screen	Block	Corner	Screen
FB Quick Screen, M L	Corner	Block	Screen	Delay	Block	Screen
WR Screen Left, M L	Hitch	Block	Play-Action	Block	Fade	1 Step
WR Screen Right, M R	Fade	Block	Play-Action	Block	Hitch	1 Step
WR Screen L Long, M L	Slant In	Deep In	Play-Action	Fly	Fly	3 Step
WR Screen R Long, M R	Fly	Fly	Play-Action	Deep In	Slant In	3 Step
Slot Screen Right, C M R	Fly	Block	Swing	Screen	Block	1 Step
Slot Screen Left, C M R	Block	Screen	Swing	Block	Fly	1 Step
Short Series						'
Short Switch, Crazy M R	Comeback	Read	Block	Wheel	Curl	3 Step
Short Switch, Crazy M L	Curl	Wheel	Block	Read	Comeback	3 Step
Short Double Switch, C M R	Curl	Out & Up	Block	Out	Post	3 Step
Short Double Switch, C M L	Post	Out	Block	Out & Up	Curl	3 Step
X Dig	Dig	Slant In	Block	Slant In	Post	3 Step
Play Action Series						<u> </u>
Fake 24 Dive Red Dragon R	Post	Out	Block	Corner	Hook	3 Step
Fake 43 Dive Red Dragon L	Hook	Corner	Block	Out	Post	3 Step
Fake 42 Dive Slot Drag R	Post	Drag	Block	Play-Action	Hook	Roll Right
Fake 21 Dive Slot Drag L	Hook	Play-Action	Block	Drag	Post	Roll Left
47 Sweep Bootleg Pass	Post	Drag	Block	Play-Action	Fly	Roll Right
28 Sweep Bootleg Pass	Fly	Play-Action	Block	Drag	Post	Roll Left

example - (12.13)

PLAY	#1 (WR)	#2 SLOT	#3 FB	#4 SLOT	#5 WR	QB
Trips Series						
Trips Right, 25 Shovel Pass	Block	Shovel	Block	Hook	Fly	3 to 5 Step
Trips Left 46 Shovel Pass	Fly	Hook	Block	Shovel	Block	3 to 5 Step
Trips Left 20 Slide	Slant & Up	Wheel	Block	Post	Fly	3 Step
Trips Right, 40 Slide	Fly	Post	Block	Wheel	Slant & Up	3 Step
Trips Left, Choice Special L	Fly	Hook	Block	Cross	Post	3 Step
Trips Right, Choice Special R	Post	Cross	Block	Hook	Fly	3 Step
Trips R, FB Shovel Pass R	Fly	Post	Shovel	Fly	Out	3 to 5 Step
Trips L, FB Shovel Pass L	Out	Fly	Shovel	Post	Fly	3 to 5 Step
Trips R, Bunch, Mesh Route	Post	Slant Out	Block	Slant In	Corner	3 to 5 Step
Trips L, Bunch, Mesh Route	Corner	Slant In	Block	Slant Out	Post	3 to 5 Step
Veer Series						
32 Veer Bootleg Pass	Corner	Fake Pitch	Play-Action	Drag	Block	Roll Left
31 Veer Bootleg Pass	Block	Drag	Play-Action		Corner	Roll Right
32 Veer HB Option Pass	Post	Pass	Play-Action		Out	Option
32 Veer Play-Action Pass	Post	Block	Play-Action		Fade	3 Step
31 Veer Play-Action Pass	Fade	Hook	Play-Action		Post	3 Step
No Back Series						-
Gold, 47 Swing Pass, M L	Corner	Out	Post	Swing	Corner	Shotgun
Silver, 28 Swing Pass, M R	Corner	Swing	Post	Out	Corner	Shotgun
Gold, Inside Overload, C M L	Deep In	Drag	Cross	Hook	Fly	Shotgun
Silver, Inside Overload, C M R	Fly	Hook	Cross	Drag	Deep In	Shotgun
Gold Digger	Corner	Post	Out	Hook	Fly	Shotgun
Silver Lode	Fly	Hook	Out	Post	Corner	Shotgun
Jet Motion Right Special	Post	Delay	Out	Fly	Hook	3 Step
Jet Motion Left Special	Hook	Fly	Out	Delay	Post	3 Step
67 Throw Back Pass	Slant & Up	Wheel	Post	Option	Fade	3 Step
Gold, Flood Left	Post	Out	Corner	Hook	Corner	Shotgun
Silver, Flood Right	Corner	Hook	Corner	Out	Post	Shotgun
Special Series						
QB Motion Right Pass	Fly	Drag	Pass	Corner	Post	Hook
QB Motion Left Pass	Post	Corner	Pass	Drag	Fly	Hook
28 Slot Trail Pass	Fly	Pitch	Block	Hook	Block	3 Step
47 Slot Trail Pass	Block	Hook	Block	Pitch	Fly	3 Step
68 Speed Option Pass	Fly	Pitch	Block	Out	Fly	Option
67 Speed Option Pass	Fly	Out	Block	Pitch	Fly	Option
18 WR Reverse Pass	Reverse					
Pass Audibles						
White 1	Slant in	Arrow	Swing	Arrow	Slant In	3 Step
White 2	Hook	Hook	Swing	Hook	Hook	3 Step
White 3	Out	Slant In	Swing	Slant In	Out	3 Step
White 4 (Trips Right)	Fly	Out	Swing	Up	Corner	3 Step

PASSING STRATEGY: KEY REMINDERS

I. QUARTERBACK ACTION	☐ Great early-down call.
A. Shotgun Formation:	G. Sprint Pass:
✓ Advantages:	☐ Goal is to complete 10- to 12-yard pass.
☐ All linemen can miss their blocks and QB	Very good against pressure or after a sack.
can still get the pass off.	Excellent against an end in a walk-away posi-
It improves QB vision (especially with a short QB).	tion.
☐ It provides clear passing lanes.	☐ Allows QB the option to pass or run with quick
 Total pass package can be run with slight 	pressure on perimeter.
modifications.	H. Screen Pass:
□ 5-, 6-, 7-, and 8- man protection can be	☐ Relies on timing and deception.
easily disguised. ✓ Disadvantages:	☐ Very good to slow down a hard rush.
3-step drops and timing may be messed up.	 Normal QB action is a 5-step drop and then a backpedal.
☐ Players can mess up the snap.	NOTES:
☐ There is a limited run package.	
B. Naked Bootlegs — Best Time To Run:	
☐ When backside defensive end or outside line-	
backer tackles the ball or gets in on a sweep.	
☐ When there is slow backside pursuit.	
☐ When you want QB to attack the perimeter.	
When you want QB to slow down an aggres- sive, attacking defense.	
☐ When your QB is a good athlete.	
☐ To help keep the defense off balance.	II. FORMATION ADJUSTMENTS
C. 3-Step Package:	A. 4-Receiver Sets:
☐ Allows easy, quick and short throws.	1. Bunch
☐ Allows linemen to aggressively cut the	✓ Advantages:
defensive line.	 By grouping wide receivers, space is created for receivers to run outside
Great for danger- and red zone situations.	routes.
☐ Goal is to set up in 1.3 seconds.	Bunch formations allow easy ways to
☐ Goal is to get ball away in 1.7 to 1.9 seconds.	attack backside areas.
D. 5-Step Package:	☐ The natural picks and rubs force
☐ Goal is 10- to 12-yard completion on rhythm.	defenders to run through and around offensive players.
☐ Goal is to set up (complete drop) in 1.6	☐ Good against zone defenses since it is
seconds.	hard to identify routes and is easy to
☐ Goal is to get ball off in 2.5 to 2.9 seconds.	attack vacated zones.
E. 7-Step Package:	☐ It is an excellent blitz passing attack
☐ Goal is 16- to 18-yard completion.	(can use 7-man protection). Also very good in red zone, overtime and on 2-
☐ Goal is to set up in 2.5 seconds.	point plays.
☐ Goal is to get ball off in 3.5 to 3.9 seconds.☐ Requires sound blocking scheme and	Easy to force the defensive match-up
execution (7-man or more protection).	desired. Most throws are easy, short,
F. Play-Action Passes:	high-percentage passes. ☐ Easy formation to run from.
☐ Single best way to throw football.	☐ It is equally good to the boundary or
☐ Helps strip underneath coverage.	wide-side of the field.
☐ Helps run game (slows run support of pass	Defenses must develop special sets of
- Holpo rail garrio (ciotto rail capport oi paco	rules to defend this attack.



✓ Disadvantages:	III. PASS PATTERN DESIGN
 □ Poor releases by wide receivers can ruin the concept. All WRs must understand their role. □ Can be beat by a blitz or pressure. □ Timing can be destroyed by bump-and-run coverage. 2. Spread Formation: ✓ Advantages: □ It easily stretches the field vertically and horizontally. □ It is easy to run with three different backs or use 4-receiver attacks. □ It is a balanced alignment that is easily changed by motion or a trips alignment to change the strength of the formation. □ Four receivers on or near to the line of scrimmage force defenses to alter their normal defensive formations (usually requires tighter pass coverage). □ The theory is to overload and outflank zone coverages or to create individual mismatches and force defenders to lose leverage in man coverage type schemes. ✓ Disadvantages: □ Limited off-tackle running game. □ Often requires receivers and QBs to read and recognize secondary coverages. □ Bad weather can limit attack. B. 3- Receiver Sets 1. Pro 	 A. Attacking Zone Defenses: ☐ Flood Routes (sending 2 or 3 receivers into 1 or 2 zones forcing defender to cover more than one player). ☐ Vertical stretch of 2 or 3 receivers at different depths (example attack flat with orbit route combination of swing route and curl route at 10 to 12 yards). ☐ Seam routes (attacking the area between two zones) ☐ Look-ins, hooks, swings & curl patterns are hard to stop. (horizontal stretch) B. Attacking Man Defenses: ☐ Receivers must accelerate away from defenders. ☐ Deep outs, curls and crossing patterns. C. Attacking Defensive Ends: ☐ If the pass defender, use deep routes (more time to throw since there is less rush). ☐ If the pass defender, sprint out, rollout pass or swing route to running back. ☐ If rusher, hot patterns or look-ins. D. Attacking Linebackers: ☐ Hot pass is very hard to defend. ☐ Scout reaction to hook and curl areas as coverage ability varies. ☐ Against rush or stunt, look-in, swing pass, or screen.
 Probably the most balanced overall passing and running formation. Easy to disguise role of running backs in 	☐ Against rush or blitz, draw or trap work well. NOTES:
routes or protection scheme.	
☐ Allows for dual quick-passing threat	
(SE & flanker). ☐ Positioning of SE and flanker requires the	
defense to cover from sideline to sideline.	
NOTES:	

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORM FRONT: 3-4

Game:	Game	Date:		
	FS	\$		
	WC		SC	
	MA	MI		
	W WE N	SE	S	
	0 00 0	ا٥٥	0	
)		

Filled out before game

	EXPECTED						UAL (Ci	ircle Technique)	
D ENDS	STRONG E	ND	W	/EAK END	STRONG E	:ND	v	VEAK END	
Action Toward						Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain	
Action Away					Pursue Cor			sue Contain	
Option					QB Pito			QB Pitch	
Pass					Rush Dr	ор	Ri	ush Drop	
NOSE / LBS	NOSE	MAC	K LB	MIKE LB	NOSE	MAC	K LB	MIKE LB	
Action Toward					Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press	Gap Ke	y Other	Gap Key Other	
Action Away					Pursue Contain	Flow K	ey Trail	Flow Key Trail	
Option					Run QB	Run/Ql		Run/QB/Pitch	
Pass					Rush Drop		itz Man	Zone Blitz Man	
Aligns To						Deep SS S	Shallow WS	Deep SS Shallow WS	
OUTSIDE LB	WEAK LB		STRONG LB		WEAK LB		STRONG LB		
Action Toward					Gap Key C	Other	Gap Key Other		
Action Away					Flow Key Trial		Flow Key Trial		
Option					Run/QB/Pitch		_	ın/QB/Pitch	
Pass					Zone Blitz Man		ı	e Blitz Man	
Aligns To					Deep SS Shalle	ow WS	Deep SS Shallow WS		
SAFETIES	SS			FS	SS			FS	
Action Toward					Contain Force	Other	Contair	n Force Other	
Action Away				Trail Pursue Rot		ate Blitz	Trail Pu	rsue Rotate Blitz	
Option					Pitch QB		F	Pitch QB	
Pass					Man Zone 2/3/4 Flat Other		r Man Zone 2/3/4 Flat Other		
Aligns To					Formation Wide Sho	ort Middle	Formation	Wide Short Middle	
CORNERS	WCB			SC	WCB			SC	
Cover					Man 2/3/4 Zone Flat Other		Man 2/3/	/4 Zone Flat Other	
Run To					Force			Force	
Run Away						Contain		Pursue Contain	
Aligns To		·			Receiver Wide	Short	Receive	er Wide Short	

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORM FRONT: 3-4

Game:_	vs. Northwest Tech		Game Date:		9/16	
		FS	9	\$		
	WC				SC	
		M	A MI			
	V	/ WE	N	SE	S	
	0	500		0	0	
			\bigcirc			

Filled out before game

		elole g		Tillea out auring game				
		EXPE	CTED			ACT	UAL (Ci	rcle Technique)
D ENDS	STRONG E	ND	W	/EAK END	STRONG E	ND	WEAK END	
Action Toward	C Gap	C Gap		D Gap	Box Crash Trail Wai Gap Contain		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain	
Action Away	Pursue	:	(Contain	Pursue Cor	ntain	Purs	sue Contain
Option	QB			QB	QB Pito			QB Pitch
Pass	Rush/Strong	contain	Drop	o/Weak Flat	Rush	ор	R	ush Drop
NOSE / LBS	NOSE	MAC	K LB	MIKE LB	NOSE	MAC	K LB	MIKE LB
Action Toward	Press/Slant	Gap the	en read	Gap then read	Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press	Gap Ke	Other	Gap Key Other
Action Away	Pursue	Flowt	o: key	Flow to: key	Pursue Contain	Flow K	ey) rail	Flow Key Trail
Option	Run	Run/QE	3/Pitch	Run/QB/Pitch	Run QB	Run/Q	3/Pitch	Run/9B/Pitch
Pass	Rush	Drop hoo	k to curl	Drop hook to curl	Rush Drop		itz Man Zone Blitz Man	
Aligns To		Short sid	le of field	Short side of field	Geep SS Sha		habow WS	Deep SS Shabow WS
OUTSIDE LB	WEAK L	В	STRONG LB		WEAK L	В	S ^r	TRONG LB
Action Toward	Gap then r	read	Gar	then read	Gap Key Other		Gap	Key Other
Action Away	Flow to: K	(ey	Flo	ow to: Key	Flow			Key Trial
Option	Run/QB/P	itch	Rur	1/QB/Pitch	Run/QB/Pi			ın/QB/Pitch
Pass	Drop hook t	o curl	Drop	hook to curl	Zone Blitz		Zone Blitz Man	
Aligns To	Short side o	f field	Wide	side of field	Deep SS Shallo	ow WS	Deep SS Shallow WS	
SAFETIES	SS			FS	SS		FS	
Action Toward	Contain D	gap	Rot	ate toward	Contain Force	Other	Contain Force Other	
Action Away	Trail	- 1	Rot	tates away	Tran Pursue Rot	ate Blitz		rsue Rotate Blitz
Option	Pitch		lr	ıside out	Pitch QI			Pitch QB
Pass	Strong f	at	De	ep 1/3 free	Man Z one 2/3/4 F			
Aligns To	Wide side of	f field	Middle/	'2 receiver side	Formation Wide Sho	ort Middle	Formation	Wide Short Middle
CORNERS	WCB			sc	WCB			SC
Cover	Man, 3/4 z	zone	Mai	n, 3/4 zone	Man 2/3/4 Zone F	lat Other	Man 2/3/	Zone lat Other
Run To	Force			Force	Force	2	Force	
Run Away	Rotate & pi	ırsue	Rota	ite & pursue	Rotate Pursue	ontain	Rotate	Pursue Contain
Aligns To	Short side c			side of field	Receiver Wide Short		Receiver Wide Short	

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORM FRONT: 4-3

Game:	Game	e Date:		
	FS	\$		
	WC	S	С	
	W	M S		
			0	

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		EXPE	CTED			ACT	UAL (Ci	rcle Technique)	
D ENDS	AE			CE	AE			CE	
Action Toward					Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		
Action Away					Pursue Coi			sue Contain	
Option					QB Pito	h)B Pitch	
Pass					Rush Dr	ор	Rı	ush Drop	
LINEMEN	WEAK D	Γ	S	TRONG DT	WEAK D	Т	S	TRONG DT	
Action Toward					Switch/Stu Read Slant		_	witch/Stunt Slant Press	
Action Away					Pursue Coi	ntain	Purs	sue Contain	
Option					Run Ql	3	Run QB		
Pass					Rush Drop		Rush Drop		
LINEBACKERS	WEAK LB	MIDDI	LE LB	STRONG LB	WEAK LB	MIDD	LE LB	STRONG LB	
Action Toward					Gap Key Other			Gap Key Other	
Action Away					Flow Key Trail	Flow K	ey Trail	Flow Key Trail	
Option					Run/QB/Pitch	Run/Q		Run/QB/Pitch	
Pass					Zone Blitz Man	Mic		Zone Blitz Man	
Aligns To					Deep SS Shallow WS	Deep SS S	Shallow WS	Deep SS Shallow WS	
SAFETIES	SS			FS	SS		FS		
Action Toward					Contain Force	Other	Contair	n Force Other	
Action Away					Trail Pursue Rot	ate Blitz	Trail Pu	rsue Rotate Blitz	
Option					Pitch QI		1	Pitch QB	
Pass					Man Zone 2/3/4 F			e 2/3/4 Flat Other	
Aligns To					Formation Wide Sh	ort Middle	Formation	Wide Short Middle	
CORNERS	WCB		SC		WCB			SC	
Cover					Man 2/3/4 Zone I	lat Other	Man 2/3/	4 Zone Flat Other	
Run To					Force		Force		
Run Away					Rotate Pursue Contain		Rotate Pursue Contain		
Aligns To					Receiver Wide	Short	Receive	er Wide Short	

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORM FRONT: 4-3

Game:	vs. Wilson		Game Date: _	8/29	
		FS	\$		
		WC		SC	
		W	M	S	
		CE	T T AI		
		0 000		0	
			0		

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		EXPE	CTED			ACT	UAL (Cii	rcle Technique)
D ENDS	AE			CE	AE			CE
Action Toward	C/B Ga	р		С Сар	Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain	
Action Away	Pursue	!	(Contain	Pursue Contain			sue Contain
Option	QB			QB	QB Pito		_	QB Pitch
Pass	Rush/Strong	contain	Drop	o/Weak Flat	Rush Dr	ор	Ri	ush Drop
LINEMEN	WEAK D	Т	S	TRONG DT	WEAK D	т	S	TRONG DT
Action Toward	Press/Sla	nt	Pre	ss/Slant	Switch/Stu Read Slant	Press	1	witch/Stunt Slant Press
Action Away	Pursue		İ	² ursue	Pursue Cor	ntain		sue Contain
Option	Run			Run	RunQl	В		Run QB
Pass	Rush/Weak co	ntain	Rush/V	Veak contain	Rush Dr	ор	Ru	ush Drop
LINEBACKERS	WEAK LB	MIDD	LE LB	STRONG LB	RONG LB WEAK LB MIDD		LE LB	STRONG LB
Action Toward	Gap then read	Gap th	en read	Gap then read	Gap Key Other	Gap Ke	y Other	Gap Key Other
Action Away	Flow to: key	Flow t	o: key	Flow to: key	Flow Key Trail	Flow K		Flow Key Dail
Option	Run/QB/Pitch				Run/QB/Pitch	Run/Q		Run/QB/Pitch
Pass	Drop hook to curl	Drop hoo	k to curl	Drop hook to curl	Zone Blitz Man	Mic		Zone Blitz Man
Aligns To	Formation	Form	ation	Formation	Deep SS Shallow WS	Deep SS S	shallow WS	Deep SS Shallow WS
SAFETIES	SS			FS	SS	•		FS
Action Toward	Contain D	gap	Rot	ate toward	Contain Force	Other	Contair	n Force Other
Action Away	Trail	,	Rot	tates away	Trail Pursue Rot	tate Blitz	Tran Pur	rsue Rotate Blitz
Option	Pitch		lr	ıside out	Pitch QB		Pitch QB	
Pass	Deep 1/2	2	De	ep 1/2 free	Man Zone 2/3/4 F			e 2/3/4 Flat Other
Aligns To	Formation	on	F	ormation	Formation Wide Sho	ort Middle	Formation	Wide Short Middle
CORNERS	WCB		SC		WCB			SC
Cover	Man 2, 3/4	zone	Man	2, 3/4 zone	Man 2/3/4 Zone	Flat Other	Man 2/3/4 Zone Plat Other	
Run To	Force			Force	Force	2	Force	
Run Away	Rotate & pi	ırsue	Rota	ite & pursue	Rotate Pursue Dontain		Rotate Pursue Contain	
Aligns To	Short side o	ffield	Wide	side of field	Receiver Wide	hort	Receiver Wide Short	

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORM FRONT: 4-4

Game:	Game Date:	
	FS	
	WC SC	
	W MA M S ET TE	
	0 00000	

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	EXPECTED				ACTUAL (Circle Technique)				
D ENDS	A	E	С	 E	A	LΕ	CE	• /	
Action Toward						Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain	
Action Away					Pursue Contain		Pursue Contain		
Option					QB	Pitch	QB P	itch	
Pass					Rush	Drop	Rush [) Orop	
LINEMEN	WEA	K DT	STRO	NG DT	WEA	K DT	STRON	G DT	
Action Toward						n/Stunt ant Press	Switch/S Read Slan		
Action Away					Pursue	Contain	Pursue C	ontain	
Option					Run	QB	Run	QB	
Pass					Rush Drop		Rush [Эгор	
LB	WEAK LB	MIDDLE A LB	MIDDLE B LB	STRONG LB	WEAK LB	MIDDLE A LB	MIDDLE B LB S	TRONG LB	
Action Toward					Gap Key Other	Gap Key Other	Gap Key Other G		
Action Away						Flow Key Trail			
Option					Run/QB/Pitch	Run/QB/Pitch	Run/QB/Pitch F	Run/QB/Pitch	
Pass					Zone Blitz Man	Zone Blitz Man	Zone Blitz Man Z	one Blitz Man	
Aligns To					Deep SS Shallow WS	Deep SS Shallow WS	Deep SS Shallow WS De	ep SS Shallow WS	
SAFETIES	S	S	F:	S	S	S	FS		
Action Toward					Contain F	orce Other	Contain Ford	ce Other	
Action Away							Trail Pursue F		
Option						ı QB	Pitch		
Pass						3/4 Flat Other	Man Zone 2/3/4		
Aligns To					Formation Wid	e Short Middle	Formation Wide	Short Middle	
CORNERS	W	СВ	S	С	W	СВ	SC	,	
Cover						one Flat Other	Man 2/3/4 Zone	Flat Other	
Run To						rce	Force		
Run Away					Rotate Pursue Contain		Rotate Pursue Contain		
Aligns To					Receiver Wide Short		Receiver Wi	de Short	

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORM FRONT: 4-4

Game:	vs. Ferndale		Game Date:	10/21	
			FS		
		WC		SC	
		E			
			0		

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		EXPE	CTED		ACT	UAL (Circle Technique))		
D ENDS	Α	E	С	E	Δ	λ E	CE		
Action Toward	C/B	Gap	CG	ар	Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		
Action Away	Pur	sue	Cont	Contain		Contain	Pursue Contain	<u> </u>	
Option	Q	В	QE			Pitch	QB Pitch		
Pass	Rush/Stro	ng contain	Drop/We	ak Flat	Rush	Drop	Rush Drop		
LINEMEN	WEA	K DT	STROI	NG DT	WEA	K DT	STRONG DT		
Action Toward	Press/Slant		Press/9	ôlant		n/Stunt ant Press	Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press	-	
Action Away	Pure	5ue	Purs	ue	Pursue	Contain	Pursue Contain	\sum_{i}	
Option	Ru	ın	Rui	1	Run	QB	Run QB		
Pass	Rush/Wea	k contain	Rush/Weak	contain	Rush	Drop	Rush Drop		
LB	WEAK LB	MIDDLE A LB	MIDDLE B LB	STRONG LB	WEAK LB	MIDDLE A LB	MIDDLE B LB STRONG	LB	
Action Toward	Gap then read	Gap then read	Gap then read	Gap then read	Gap Xey Other	Gap Key Other	Gap Key Other Gap Key Ot	ther	
Action Away	Flow to: key	Flow to: key	Flow to: key	Flow to: key	Flow Key Trail		Flow Key Trail Flow Key		
Option	Run/QB/Pitch	Run/QB/Pitch	Run/QB/Pitch	Run/QB/Pitch	Run/QB/Pitch		Run/QB/Pitch Run/QB/Pit		
Pass	Drop hook to curl	Drop hook to curl	Drop hook to curl		Zone Blitz Man	Zone Blitz Man	Zone Blitz Man Zone Blitz N		
Aligns To	Formation	Formation	Formation	Formation	Deep SS Shallow WS	Deep SS Shallow WS	Deep SS Shallow WS Deep SS Shallow	y WS	
SAFETIES	S	S	F	S	S	S	FS		
Action Toward	Contai	n D gap	Rotate	toward	Contain F		Contain Force Other		
Action Away	Tr	ail	Rotates	s away			Trait Pursue Rotate B	litz	
Option	Pit	cch	Inside		Pitch QB		Pitch QB		
Pass		ng flat	Stron				Man Zone 2/3/4 Flat Oth		
Aligns To	Wide sid	d of field	2 Reverse, 1/3	Middle side	Formation Wid	e Short Middle	Formation Wide Short Mid	dle	
CORNERS	WC	В	S	С	W	СВ	SC		
Cover	Man, 3	1/4 zone	Man , 3/	4 zone	Man 2/3/4 Z	one Flat Other	Man 2/3/4 Zone Plat Oth	ner	
Run To	Fo	rce	For	се	Fo		Force		
Run Away		& pursue	Rotate 8		Rotate Pursue Contain		Rotate Pursue Contain		
Aligns To	Short sid	de of field	Wide side	of field	Receive	Vide Short	Receiver Wide Sho	Receiver Wide Short	

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORM FRONT: 5-2 MONSTER

Game:		Game Date:		
	WC	FS		
	WC		SC	
	V	V M		
	CF	CT N ST	ΛE \$	
		CT N ST		
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	0		0	
	_	$\tilde{\bigcirc}$		

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	EXPECTED				ACTUAL (Circle Technique)				nique)
D ENDS	AE			CE	AE		CE		
Action Toward					Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		
Action Away				Pursue Co	ntain	Purs	sue Con	tain	
Option					QB Pito	ch	C	QB Pitch	1
Pass					Rush Di	rop	Rı	ush Dro	pp
LINEMEN	WEAK DT	N		STRONG DT	WEAK DT	l l	1	STRO	NG DT
Action Toward					Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press	Switch Read Sla		Switch Read Sla	
Action Away			ĺ		Pursue Contain	Pursue	Contain	Pursue	Contain
Option					Run QB	Run	QB	Run	QB
Pass					Rush Drop	Rush	Drop	Rush	Drop
LB	WEAK LB MIDD		IDDLE LB	WEAK L	.B	IV	IIDDLE L	.В	
Action Toward					Gap Key (Other	Gap	Key O	ther
Action Away					Flow Key Trial		Flov	v Key	rial
Option					Run/QB/Pitch		Ru	ın/QB/Pit	ch
Pass					Zone Blitz Man		Zone Blitz Man		
Aligns To					Deep SS Shallow WS		Deep SS Shallow WS		
SAFETIES	MONSTER S	SS		FS	SS		FS		
Action Toward					Contain Force		ı	n Force	Other
Action Away					Trail Pursue Rotate Blitz		Trail Pursue Rotate Blitz		
Option					Pitch Q	В	F	Pitch QE	3
Pass					Man Zone 2/3/4	Flat Other	Man Zon	ie 2/3/4 Fl	at Other
Aligns To					Formation Wide Sh	ort Middle	Formation	Wide Sho	rt Middle
CORNERS	WCB			SC	WCB			SC	
Cover					Man 2/3/4 Zone	Flat Other	Man 2/3/	/4 Zone Fl	at Other
Run To					Force			Force	
Run Away	† †		Rotate Pursue Contain		Rotate Pursue Contain				
Aligns To					Receiver Wide	e Short	Receiver Wide Short		

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORM FRONT: 5-2 MONSTER

Game:	vs. Springfield		Game Date: _	9/7	
	•	WC	FS	SC	
		CE	W M	AE \$	

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		EXPE	CTED			ACT	UAL (Ci	rcle Technique)
D ENDS	AE			CE	AE			CE
Action Toward	С Сар			D Gap	Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain	
Action Away	Pursue		(Contain	Pursue Co	ntain	Purs	sue Contain
Option	QB			QB	QB Pito	h		QB Pitch
Pass	Rush/Strong (contain	Drop	o/Weak Flat	Rush Dr	ор	R	ush Drop
LINEMEN	WEAK DT	1	V	STRONG DT	WEAK DT	ı	1	STRONG DT
Action Toward	Press/Slant	Press/	'Slant	Press/Slant	Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press	Switch Read Sla		Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press
Action Away	Pursue	Purs	sue	Pursue	Pursue Contain	Pursue	Contain	Pursue Contain
Option	Run	Rı	ın	Run	Run QB	Run	QB	Run QB
Pass	Rush/Weak contain	Ru:	sh	Rush Drop	Rush Drop	Rush	Drop	Rush Drop
LB	WEAK L	3	IV	IIDDLE LB	WEAK L	В	IV	IIDDLE LB
Action Toward	Gap then r	read	Gar	o then read	Gap Key (Other	Gap	Key Other
Action Away	Flow to: K		Flow to: Key		Flow Key Trial		Flow Key Trial	
Option	Run/QB/Pi	tch	Run/QB/Pitch		Run/QB/Pitch			ın/QB/Pitch
Pass	Drop hook to			hook to curl	Zone Blitz		_	Blitz Man
Aligns To	Short side o	f field	Wide	side of field	Deep SS Shall	ow WS	Deep S	SS Shallow WS
SAFETIES	MONSTER	SS		FS	SS			FS
Action Toward	Contain D	gap	Rot	ate toward	Contain Force	Other		n Force Other
Action Away	Trail	•	Rot	tates away	Trait Pursue Ro			rsue Rotate Blitz
Option	Pitch		lr	ıside out	Pitch			Pitch QB
Pass	Strong fl	at	De	ep 1/3 free				ie 2/3/4 Flat Other
Aligns To	Wide side of	field	Middle	/2 receiver side	Formation Wide Sh	ort Middle	Formation	Wide Short Middle
CORNERS	WCB			SC	WCB			SC
Cover	Man, 3/4 z	zone	Ма	n, 3/4 zone	Man 2/3/4 Zone	Flat Other	Man 2/3/	4 Zone Plat Other
Run To	Force			Force	Force	\geq	_	Force
Run Away	Rotate & pi			ite & pursue	Rotate Pursue			Pursue Contain
Aligns To	Short side o	f field	Wide	side of field	Receiver Wide	hort	Receive	Wide Short

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORM FRONT: 5-2 COVER 2/3

Game:	Game Date:	
	FS \$	
	W M	
	WC WE CT N ST SE SC	

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	EXPECTED					ACT	UAL (Ci	rcle Technique)
D ENDS	AE			CE	AE		CE	
Action Toward					Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain	
Action Away					Pursue Co			sue Contain
Option					QB Pito			B Pitch
Pass					Rush Dr	ор	Rı	ush Drop
LINEMEN	WEAK DT	1	١	STRONG DT	WEAK DT	ı	١	STRONG DT
Action Toward					Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press	Switch Read Sla	int Press	Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press
Action Away					Pursue Contain	Pursue		Pursue Contain
Option					Run QB	Run	QB	Run QB
Pass					Rush Drop	Rush	Drop	Rush Drop
LB	WEAK LE	3	MIDDLE LB		WEAK LB		l N	IIDDLE LB
Action Toward	T				Gap Key Other		Gap Key Other	
Action Away					Flow Key Trial		Flow Key Trial	
Option					Run/QB/Pitch		Run/QB/Pitch	
Pass					Zone Blitz Man		1	e Blitz Man
Aligns To					Deep SS Shall	ow WS	Deep S	SS Shallow WS
SAFETIES	SS			FS	SS			FS
Action Toward	1				Contain Force	Other	Contair	n Force Other
Action Away					Trail Pursue Rotate Blitz		Trail Pursue Rotate Blitz	
Option					Pitch QB		Pitch QB	
Pass					Man Zone 2/3/4 I			e 2/3/4 Flat Other
Aligns To					Formation Wide Sh	ort Middle	Formation	Wide Short Middle
CORNERS	WCB			SC	WCB			SC
Cover					Man 2/3/4 Zone I	lat Other	Man 2/3/	4 Zone Flat Other
Run To				Force		Force		
Run Away					Rotate Pursue Contain		Rotate Pursue Contain	
Aligns To					Receiver Wide Short		Receiver Wide Short	

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORM FRONT: 5-2 COVER 2/3

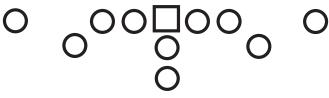
Riverdale	Game Date:	9/12
	FS \$	
	W M	
WC '	WE CT N	ST SE SC
0		
	WC '	FS \$

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		EXPE	CTED			ACT	UAL (Ci	rcle Technique)
D ENDS	AE			CE	AE		CE	
Action Toward	С Сар		D Gap		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain	
Action Away	Pursue		(Contain	Pursue Cor	ntain		sue Contain
Option	QB			QB	QB Pito		_	QB Pitch
Pass	Rush/Strong (contain	Drop	o/Weak Flat	Rush	ор	R	ush Drop
LINEMEN	WEAK DT	1	V	STRONG DT	WEAK DT	1	1	STRONG DT
Action Toward	Press/Slant	Press/	'Slant	Press/Slant	Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press	Switch Read Sla		Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press
Action Away	Pursue	Pur	sue	Pursue	Pursue Contain	Pursue	Contain	Pursue Contain
Option	Run	Rı	ın	Run	Run QB	Run	QB	Run QB
Pass	Rush/Weak contain	Ru	sh	Rush Drop	Rush Drop	Rush	Drop	Rush Drop
LB	WEAK L	3	IV	IIDDLE LB	WEAK L	В	IV	IIDDLE LB
Action Toward	Gap then r	read	Gar	o then read	Gap Key C	Other	Gap	Key Other
Action Away	Flow to: K	ey	Flow to: Key		Flow Key Trial		Flow Key Trial	
Option	Run/QB/Pi	tch	Run/QB/Pitch		Run/QB/Pitch		Run/QB/Pitch	
Pass	Drop hook to			hook to curl	Zone Blitz	_	Zone Blitz Man	
Aligns To	Short side o	f field	Wide	side of field	Deep SS Shall	ow WS	Deep S	SS Shallow WS
SAFETIES	SS			FS	SS			FS
Action Toward	Contain D	gap	Rot	ate toward	Contain Force	Other	Contair	n Force Other
Action Away	Trail		Rot	tates away	Traic Pursue Rot	tate Blitz	Trai C Pu	rsue Rotate Blitz
Option	Pitch		lr	ıside out	Pitch			Pitch QB
Pass	Strong fl		Deep 1/3 free					
Aligns To	Wide side of	field	Middle	/2 receiver side	Formation Wide Sho	ort Middle	Formation	Wide Short Middle
CORNERS	WCB			SC	WCB			SC
Cover	Man, 3/4 z	zone	Ма	n, 3/4 zone	Man 2/3/4 Zone	Flat Other	Man 2/3	4 Zone lat Other
Run To	Force			Force	Force	\geq	Force	
Run Away	Rotate & pi	ırsue	Rota	ite & pursue		ontain		Pursue Contain
Aligns To	Short side o	ffield	Wide	side of field	Receiver Wide	hort	Receive	Wide Short

EXPECTED DEFENSIVE FRONT & TECHNIQUE FORM FRONT:

Game:	Game Date:



Filled out before game

	EXPECTED					ACT	UAL (Ci	rcle Technique)
D ENDS	AE			CE	AE		CE	
Action Toward					Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain		Box Crash Trail Wait Gap Contain	
Action Away					Pursue Co			sue Contain
Option					QB Pito			B Pitch
Pass					Rush Dr	ор	Ru	ush Drop
LINEMEN	WEAK DT	1	N	STRONG DT	WEAK DT	ı	١	STRONG DT
Action Toward					Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press	Switch Read Sla	int Press	Switch/Stunt Read Slant Press
Action Away					Pursue Contain	Pursue		Pursue Contain
Option					Run QB	Run	QB	Run QB
Pass					Rush Drop	Rush	Drop	Rush Drop
LB	WEAK LE	3	MIDDLE LB		WEAK LB		MIDDLE LB	
Action Toward	T				Gap Key Other		Gap Key Other	
Action Away					Flow Key Trial		Flow Key Trial	
Option					Run/QB/Pitch		Run/QB/Pitch	
Pass					Zone Blitz Man		1	e Blitz Man
Aligns To					Deep SS Shall	ow WS	Deep S	SS Shallow WS
SAFETIES	SS			FS	SS			FS
Action Toward	1				Contain Force	Other	Contair	n Force Other
Action Away					Trail Pursue Ro	tate Blitz	Trail Pursue Rotate Blitz	
Option					Pitch QB		Pitch QB	
Pass					Man Zone 2/3/4 I			e 2/3/4 Flat Other
Aligns To					Formation Wide Sh	ort Middle	Formation	Wide Short Middle
CORNERS	WCB			SC	WCB			SC
Cover					Man 2/3/4 Zone I	lat Other	Man 2/3/	4 Zone Flat Other
Run To				Force		Force		
Run Away					Rotate Pursue Contain		Rotate Pursue Contain	
Aligns To					Receiver Wide Short		Receiver Wide Short	

GAME CLOCK MANAGEMENT NOTES

A. OVERALL

- 1. Normal Situations. Play clock for high school and college 25 seconds. Overall time includes time of the play, official's (referee) time to reset the ball and play-clock time. Minimum time is usually 31 seconds but often is 40-45 seconds or more (booth coaches should record the average time between plays at the beginning of the game it could save a close game for you). Pro time is 40 seconds running clock.
- 2. Controlling Tempo. Every team should be able to switch gears to slow down or speed up game tempo.

B.TEMPO IDEAS

- 1. Normal Tempo. Coaches need to establish these items:
 - ✓ Huddle procedures, alignment and distance from L.O.S
 - ✔ How play or defense will be communicated to players on the field.
 - ✓ How players will arrive at the L.O.S.
- 2. Up-Tempo. An accelerated game pace tempo has the following elements:
 - ✓ All players hustle to the point of the ball.
 - ✓ Huddle is at or near L.O.S.
 - ✔ Play is communicated by the audible system or wristbands.
 - ✔ Ball is snapped on a pre-determined snap count.
 - ✓ A great technique to further disguise the play formation with this up-tempo pace is to break from the huddle at L.O.S. since the defense will have little or no time to adjust to the formation.
- **3. 2-Minute Offense/Defense.** The purpose is to score and/or prevent a score in the final 2 minutes of the half or game. There are 3 key elements for the offense
 - ✓ There is limited time in calling and executing the plays.
 - ✓ Dual goals are to advance the ball as quickly as possible and stop the clock if possible.
 - ✓ All concerned must know the precise time remaining and the number of timeouts remaining for both teams (and be able to communicate with game officials to use or conserve those available assets).

C. WHAT STARTS AND STOPS THE GAME CLOCK:

1. The game clocks stops:

- a. When a timeout (charged or TV/radio) is called by an official.
- b. At the end of a period.
- c. After an incomplete pass.
- d. When a ball carrier goes out of bounds.
- e. During an administration of a penalty.
- f. When there is a measurement for a 1st down.
- g. When a live ball goes out of bounds (such as a punt out of bounds).
- h. When a coach requests to confer with an official and the official agrees to the conference.
- i. When a fair catch is made.
- j. When the ball is illegally touched (such as when an ineligible lineman behind the line of scrimmage catches a live ball).
- k. For an injury timeout.
- I. For an inadvertent whistle.
- m. For a score or touchback.
- n. For an official's timeout.

2. The game clock starts:

- a. When the ball is legally touched on a kickoff.
- b. When the official gives the "ready-to-play" signal.
- c. With the snap of the ball for the following conditions:
 - X If the play of a new period starts with a play from scrimmage.
 - **X** After a timeout.
 - **X** After an incomplete pass.
 - **X** After a ball carrier goes out of bounds.
 - **X** After a touchback.
 - **X** After the administration of a penalty.
 - **X** After a team attempts to consume time illegally.
 - **✗** After a delay-of-game penalty is granted.

Continued on next page



3. Ways To Conserve The Game Clock:

- a. Hustle by all players everywhere.
- b. Use the preplanned 2-minute script.
- c. Punt the ball out of bounds.
- d. Down rolling punts quickly.
- e. Eliminate the huddle, if possible.
- f. Call two plays in the huddle on a clock stoppage.
- g. Request measurements when the ball is close to a first down.
- h. Space your time outs intelligently (have a plan).
- i. Hustle to the line of scrimmage after a tackle has been made.
- j. Use quick snap counts (rehearse your plan).
- k. Throw sideline or out-of-bounds passes.
- I. Rehearse a ball-grounding pass play.

4. Ways To Waste The Game Clock:

- a. Break the huddle slowly.
- b. Use a long signal count.
- c. Get back to the huddle slowly when on offense.
- d. Run wide but stay in bounds.
- e. Eliminate passes.
- f. Never call timeout.
- g. Take the full-allotted time to place the ball in play. Watch the clock. Rehearse your slow-down offense.
- h. Eliminate penalties which may stop the clock.
- i. Keep the ball in-bounds.

5. Reminders And Rules For Your Players:

- a. The ball cannot be snapped until the referee has signaled the ball ready for play.
- b. If time has run out and there is a defensive penalty, the offense gets another play.
- c. You can fair catch a kickoff without a loss of time on the clock.
- d. No timeout is charged for an injured player.
- e. If a player runs off the field opposite his bench, it is a 5-yard penalty.
- f. You can not run off the field through the end zone. It is a 5-yard penalty.
- g. The kick return clock starts after the ball is touched.
- h. QB can ground the ball to stop the clock.
- i. A little-known rule allows a free kick after a successful fair catch. The free kick may be a field-goal attempt without any rush (the other team must be 10 yards back) by either a place-kick off the ground or from a tee.

D. 2-MINUTE OFFENSE:

- 1. Keep your poise and remain confident.
- 2. Make critical runs and pass completions to keep the chains moving.
- **3.** Get as many yards as possible and then get out of bounds unless it is 4th down.
- **4.** Always go on the first count on the 2-minute offense, but use a long count after an out of bounds, timeout, incomplete pass or any other clock stoppage type situation.
- 5. Always call two plays if you get the chance to huddle.
- 6. If you get a first down, be on the ball and ready to go when the official signals the ball ready to play.
- 7. Have an 8-play, 2-minute offense scripted and an end-of-game script of 8 plays. In our program, we practice both scripts with every offensive practice, and we run these plays at the end or late in practices to add realism and fatigue to the sessions. All sessions will be under the clock. No on-field coaching is allowed and all plays must be signaled under game-like conditions.
- 8. Have a code signal for several game situations. For example, our system call of "Mayday" means "no huddle." "Deuce" means we are calling two plays in a row. Our normal audible system is in effect (color and number changes play). We will have our favorite (most successful) short-yardage play by calling "Turtle." We have our long-yardage play call of "Big Mama." "Junkyard" is grounding the ball to stop the clock. "Special Delivery" means one play to win.



9. 2-Minutes To 1-Minute Remaining:

- a. Emphasis must be on hustle, poise and proper execution.
- b. Do not call timeout (unless absolutely necessary).
- c. When possible, use an audible if you see a defensive weakness and can take advantage of that weakness.
- d. All plays must be off in 15 seconds or less. Coaches must manage this. Use quick cadence calls.

10. 1-Minute To Go And No Timeout Remaining:

- a. Utilize timeouts (huddle only when clock is stopped).
- b. Understand what stops the clock and use plays that will help you stop the clock if possible.
- c. Use guick passes; throw out of bounds if covered.
- d. Practice one play to win repeatedly so that your players players believe it will work.

E. WASTE-TIME OFFENSE:

- **1.** All players must know we are in a waste-time offense.
- 2. QB will watch for the coach's signal to start the huddle (no sooner than 11 seconds).
- 3. Play clock should be at 3-4 seconds at the snap of ball.
- 4. Avoid motion or shifts that may cause delay of game penalties
- 5. All backs must keep the ball in bounds and do not fumble. Two hands on the ball.
- 6. No mistakes think QB runs or hand-offs to your RB with the best ball security to avoid fumbles.

F. INTENTIONAL SAFETY:

- 1. Slow Safety QB or punter, on instruction from the coaching staff, will take the ball and retreat to the end line and wait as long as possible until the defense approaches and then steps out of bounds. Do not get tackled in the end zone (could fumble and give up TD). Use as much time as possible.
- 2. Fast Safety QB or punter, on instruction form the coaching staff, will sprint with the ball into the end zone and down the ball (take a knee) or run out of the end zone giving up the safety.

G. TAKE A KNEE/QB SWEEP (KEEP) CLOCK-KILLING TABLE:

1. These tables tell you exactly how much time you can afford to waste without having the ball go back to your opponent.

HIGH SCHOOL / COLLEGE OPPONENT TIMEOUTS LEFT										
Down	0	1	2	3						
1	1:35	1:06	:37	:08						
2	1:04	:35	:06	:06						
3	:33	:04	:04	:04						
4	:02	:02	:02	:02						

	HIGH SCHOOL / COLLEGE OPPONENT TIMEOUTS LEFT										
Down	0	1	2	3							
1	2:10	1:39	1:08	:37							
2	1:29	:58	:27	:27							
3	:48	:17	:17	:17							
4	:07	:07	:07	:07							



CHAPTER 13

OFFENSE EFFICIENCY REVIEW FORMS

THIS CHAPTER WAS designed to help coaches monitor how well their offensive plays are working — either against a certain team or throughout the course of a

season. This data is important to determine which plays consistently work over the course of a season.

These two forms, the Master Run Game/Season Efficiency Form (13.1) and Master Pass

Game/Season Efficiency Form (13.2) can be used on both an individual game or a cumulative basis. They will only tell you the facts,

however, they do not tell you why a play is successful or not. It is the coach's job to use these tools to figure out why a certain outcome or trend has developed on a certain

> play. In my opinion, there isn't enough attention given to this type of analysis.

These two forms also remove some of the guesswork about your offense. Charting your plays in this manner will help you

quickly identify your best and worst plays. Again, you must determine why your plays are, or are not, successful.

"It is the coach's job to figure out why a certain outcome or trend has developed on a certain play. In my opinion, there isn't enough attention given to this type of analysis..."



MASTER RUN GAME/SEASON EFFICIENCY FORM

Team: Game Date:	
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PLAY	NO.	NET YDS	AVERAGE	LONG GAIN	FUMBLE	PENALTY	TDS	2 POINT PLAYS
Game/Season Totals								
								<u> </u>
								1
								-
	-	-						<u> </u>
		-						-
								1
								1
								1
								1

MASTER RUN GAME/SEASON EFFICIENCY FORM

Team: SEASON TOTALS Game Date:

PLAY	NO.	NET YDS	AVERAGE	LONG GAIN	FUMBLE	PENALTY	TDS	2 POINT PLAYS
Game/Season Totals	177	1417	8.0	72	12	27	17	3
VEER SERIES TOTALS	104	934	8.9	72	6	16	10	3
31 Veer M Left	29	266	9.1	18	3	5	2	1
32 Veer M right	24	225	9.3	21	2	7	3	0
22 Counter	10	75	7.5	12	0	1	0	0
43 Counter	27	324	12.0	72	1	2	5	2
18 Reverse	3	18	6.0	10	0	0	0	0
57 Reverse	1	-5	-5.0	-5	0	0	0	0
33 Cross	2	8	4.0	6	0	0	0	0
34 Cross	2	11	5.5	6	0	0	0	0
60/61 QB sneak	6	12	2.0	3	0	1	0	0
POWER SERIES TOTALS	17	68	4.0	8.0	2	3	2	0
22 Lead	7	21	3.0	4.0	1	2	2	0
24 Lead	1	2	2.0	2.0	0	0	0	0
41 Lead	8	41	5.1	8.0	1	1	0	0
43 Lead	1	4	4.0	4.0	0	0	0	0
60 QB Lead								
61 QB Lead								
QUICK SERIES TOTALS	28	268	9.57	28	3	4	1	0
28 Sweep	10	70	7	18	1	2	0	0
47 Sweep	18	198	11	28	2	2	1	0
24 Counter								
45 Counter								
24 Scissors								
43 Scissors								
DRAW SERIES TOTALS	4	36	9.0	21	0	1	0	0
31 Trap Draw	2	23	11.5	21	0	0	0	0
32 Trap Draw	1	11	11.0	11	0	0	0	0
QB Draw	1	2	2.0	4	0	1	0	0
TRAP SERIES TOTALS	23	11.5	5.0	9.0	1	3	4	0
31 Trap	12	72	6.0	9.0	1	2	2	0
32 Trap	8	29	3.6	5.0	0	1	2	0
28 Tackle Trap	2	6	3.0	4.0	0	0	0	0
47 Tackle Trap	1	8	8.0	8.0	0	0	0	0
OPTION SERIES TOTALS	1	-4	-4.0	-4.0	0	0	0	0
68 QB option								
69 QB option	1	-4	-4.0	-4.0	0	0	0	0

MASTER PASS GAME/SEASON EFFICIENCY FORM

eam:			G	ame Daf	te:					
PLAY	ATTEMPTS	COMPLETE	% COMPLETE	LONG GAIN	INT	NET YDS	TDS	AVERAGE	YDS PER Attempt	YDS AFTER CATCH
Game/Season Totals										
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MASTER PASS GAME SEASON EFFICIENCY FORM

Team:	SEASON TOTALS	Game Date:	
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PLAY	ATTEMPTS	COMPLETE	% COMPLETE	LONG GAIN	INT	NET YDS	TDS	AVERAGE	YDS PER Attempt	YDS AFTER CATCH
Game/Season Totals	143	81	56.6	52	4	1043	11	12.8	7.29	453
BASE SERIES TOTALS	66	35	53	52	2	504	4	14.4	7.63	199
Lancer, Motion R	16	8	50	21	1	80	1	10	5.00	18
Lancer, Motion L	14	7	50	14		70		10	5.00	20
1st Down, Motion R	8	4	50	11		40		10	5.00	10
1st Down, Motion L	4	3	75	12		25		8.3	6.25	17
Switch	12	8	66	52	1	248	3	31	20.66	119
Lancer Goal-line M R	3	1	33	8		8		8	2.66	0
Lancer Goal-line M L	2	1	50	6		6		6	3.0	0
Slots Cross	7	3	43	11		27		9	3.85	15
Cardinal Motion R										
Cardinal Motion L										
GO SERIES TOTALS	5	3	60	6		15		5	3	1
Go Arrow, Motion L	3	2	66	6		10		3	2	1
Go Arrow, Motion R	2	1	50	5		5		5	2.5	0
Go Swap, Motion L										
Go Swap, Motion R										
SCREEN SERIES TOTALS	22	14	63.6		1	130	2	9.2	5.9	72
FB Quick Screen M R	6	5	83.3	32		65	1	13	10.8	32
FB Quick Screen M L	2	1	50	2		2		2	1	2
WR Screen Left, M L	6	3	50	7	1	19		6.3	3.1	21
WR Screen Right, M R	3	2	66.6	8		12		6	4	2
WR Screen L Long, M L	3	1	33.3	10		10		10	3.3	0
WR Screen R Long, M R	2	2	100			22	1	11	11	15
Slot Screen Right, C M R										
Slot Screen Left, C M L										
SHORT SERIES TOTALS										
Short Switch, Crazy M R										
Short Switch, Crazy M L										
Short Double Switch C R M										
Short Double Switch CRL										
X Dig										
PLAY-ACTION SERIES TOTALS	15	8	53.3	47	1	138	2	17.3	9.2	99
Fake 24 Dive Red Dragon R	2	0	0	0	1			0	0	
Fake 43 Dive Red Dragon L	2	1	50	10		10		5	2.5	2
Fake 42 Dive Slot Drag R	4	4	100	47		88	2	22	22	68

COACHING NOTES

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NOTES:	

CHAPTER 14

DEFENSIVE GAME MANAGEMENT

THE FORMS IN this chapter were designed to help coaches conduct a sound defensive game plan to stop their opponents. The first form, Defensive Substitution Packages (14.1), helps coaches have the right personnel package ready for various game situations and special defenses.

The Defensive Game Plan Form (14.2) was developed over several years and condenses my most important pieces of information onto one sheet of paper. As you'll see on the completed example, this form contains all the essential information you need to make the best possible defensive call. It can quickly highlight the most likely plays by down-and-distance tendencies, your opponent's favorite formations (and favorite plays from those formations),

vertical field tendencies and the areas of the field they most like to attack.

The Defensive Play-By-Play Analysis Form (14.3) is used to track your opponent's actual game plays. As shown in the completed example, this form helps confirm your previous analysis of the opponent's tendencies and any special trends that you may need to adjust your game plan.

I also use a Defensive Drive Analysis Form (14.4), which reveals trends and play directions during the game.

The final form in the chapter is a Defensive Game Checklist (14.5). This is simply a reminder sheet about ways to adjust defensive calls, and includes game reminders that I have found useful.

DEFENSIVE SUBSTITUTION PACKAGES

Game:							_	Gan	ne D	ate	: _									_
	AE			ΑE			ΑE					ΑE			A				AE	
	ST			TS			ST					ST			<u>u</u>				ST	
	Z			z			Z					Z			Z				z	
	СТ			z			СТ					СТ			<u>-</u>				СТ	
	CE	DEF 5-2		CT	DEF		CE	₽				WILL	DEF 4-3		WIL		DE		CE	DE
	SS	3RD TEAM GOLD D		CE	DEF 6-5 GOAL-LINE		SS	DEF 5-2 COVER-1				SAM	3 COVER-2		SAM		DEF 4-3 COVER-2		SS	DEF 5-2 COVER-3
	MIKE	N GOLD D		SS	-LINE		MIKE	F-1				MIKE	BLITZ				ER-2		MIKE	ER-3
	WILL			MIKE			WILL					SS			y,				WILL	
	SC			WILL			SC					SC			oc.				SC	
	WC			WC			WC					WC			WC.				WC	
	FS			FS			FS					FS			J	;			FS	

DEFENSIVE SUBSTITUTION PACKAGES

 Game:
 Warhawks
 Game Date:
 9/9

	Sikma Andrews	Tobin Smith	AE ST	-	Pinard Smith	Munzel Braun	AE ST		Gibbs	Pinard Smith	Munzel Braun	AE ST		Pinard Smith	Munzel Braun	AE ST		Tobin Gibbs	Pinard Smith	Munzel Braun	AE ST		Tobin Gibbs	Pinard Smith	Munzel Braun	AE ST	
	ws Zarkos	Amos	z	_	Amos	Breedt	z		Johnson	Amos	Breedt	z		Johnson	Breedt	N		Johnson	Amos	Breedt	N		Johnson	Amos	Breedt	z	
	Castle	Gibbs	СТ		Budda	Johnson	z		Smith	Gibbs	Dicks	СТ		Pinard	Dicks	СТ		Gibbs	Pinard	Dicks	СТ		Smith	Gibbs	Dicks	СТ	
	Diego	Maria	CE	DEF 5-2	Gibbs	Dicks	СТ	DEF	0. Maria	Warren	Lytle	CE	_D	Warren	Drift	WILL	DEF 4-3	J. Maria	Warren	Lytle	WILL	DE	J. Maria	Warren	Lytle	CE	모
	JR Hasty	Young	SS	1	Lytle	Warren	CE	6-5	0. Maria	Warren	Kellogg	SS	DEF 5-2 COV	Warren	Kellogg	SAM	-3 COVER-2	Young	Warren	Kellog	SAM	DEF 4-3 COV	Young	Warren	Kellogg	SS	DEF 5-2 COV
Johnson	Chase	Milne	MIKE	3RD TEAM GOLD D	Warren	Kellogg	SS	GOAL-LINE	Young	Drift,	Wilk	MIKE	COVER-1	Drift	Wilk	MIKE	2 BLITZ	Budda	Drift	Wilk	MIKE	COVER-2	Milne	Drift	Wilk	MIKE	COVER-3
	Jackey	Budda	WILL		Drift	Wilk	MIKE		Milne	Budda	Drift	WILL		Tapia	0. Maria	SS			Tapia	0. Maria	SS		Budda	Budda	Drift	WILL	
	Simons	Fisher	SC		Budda	Drift	WILL		Willis	Maria	Таріа	SC		Tapia	Willis	SC			Tapia	Willis	SC		0. Maria	Willis	Таріа	SC	
	Razore	Brooks	WC		Tapia	Walker	WC		Willie	Maria	Walker	WC		Таріа	Walker	WC			Таріа	Walker	WC			0. Maria	Walker	WC	
Francis	Coombs	Roeter	FS		Maria	Coombs	FS		Willie	Maria	Coombs	FS		Warren	Coombs	FS			Таріа	Coombs	FS		Таріа	0. Maria	Coombs	FS	

DEFENSIVE GAME PLAN FORM

Gam	e Sc	oute	d:							Ga	am	e Da	te: _							
	Repo											Back	Carr	ies		Pass Char	t			
	9	7	5	3	1	0	2	4	6	8		QB	В	В	В	7	8		9	
#																4	5		6	
Yds																1	2		3	
Dow	n & Di	istan	ce Tei	ndend	cies	•					•			•						
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	#1						-		#1:	_					_					
	#2 Sase D						-	Bar	#2: se D:	_					_	2-Point Play H	och I I	MD		
1	ont Ad						-		t Adj:	_					-	Defense	Ru			<u>Pass</u>
''	Blitz						_		Blitz:								110			<u>. 400</u>
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	#1						_		#1:						_	#1:				
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	#1						-		#1:						_	#1:				
	#2	2:							#2:							#2:				
1	ase D						_		se D:	_					_	Base D:			_	
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	Blitz								Blitz:	_						Blitz:				
	cal Fi															Remarks				
Offe	nse In	side (_		Offens	e Insi	de Op	•			_		Transition Zon			19	
	%		<u> </u>	<u>ın</u>	<u>!</u>	Pass Pass			%:		<u> </u>	<u>lun</u>		<u>Pass</u>		Run% Pa	SS	_%		
	#1						-		#1:	_					-	Offensive Zone				
	#2						-		#2:						_	Run% Pa	SS	_%		
в	ase D							Bas	se D:											
Fro	nt Ad						_		t Adj:	_					_					
	Blitz	<u>:</u> :							Blitz:	_					_					
Best	Defer	nses	& Has	sh Ma	ırk A	djustn	nents	5												
Best	Overa	all De	fense				E	Best S	hort Y	'ardag	e [Defen	se							
Best	Run I	Defen	se				E	Best P	ass D	efens	e									
l off	Llook	۸ کاند ده	tmas	to			+-	Diab+ !	Joch	۸ dic.	łm.	onto				#				
Play	Hash to: SS	S	% W	/S			F	Play to	: SS _	Adjust %	٧	NS_				HT. G	С	G	T	TE
Pass	to: S	S	% N	19	% W	S	% F	Pass to	o: SS	%	· N	VI	% W	/S	_%	WT.				

example - (14.2)

DEFENSIVE GAME PLAN FORM

Game Scouted: Ferndale, Playoff #2 Game Date: 11/6 **Pass Chart Hole Report Back Carries** В 4 6 7 5 3 0 2 4 6 8 QB В 8 9 41 22 20 4 1/1 0 3/3 # 5 24 9 5 6 16 4 12 Yds 1 2 3 3/1 2 11 51 10 110 53 58 3 0 **Down & Distance Tendencies** 1st & Long: Run 4th Down: Run Pass Reminders: 1) Keep TE off LBs 2) Run or pull Pass %: 89% 75% 25% 11% %: to 63 77 slot 95% 3) Must stop #41 FB Trap (34%) Slot Pick Pass #1: SE Fade 4% #1: FB Trap 4) Hard count 5) Swing gate D #2: FB X Block (29%) #2: HB dive Base D: 5-3 Pat 6 Cover-3 Base D: 5-3 Pat 6 Cover-3 2-Point Play Hash L(M)R Swinging gate 5-2 1, 2, 3 Front Adi: Cover-3 Front Adj: Defense Run **Pass** GL 6-5 4 Cover1 crash Tout #20 Blitz: Blitz: 2nd & Long: Run Pass 2nd & Med: Run **Pass** 2nd & Short: Run **Pass** 86% 74% 100% %: 55% %: %: 45% FB Trap #1: FB Trap (34%) SE Fly/Fade #1: Slot pick pass #1: Trap Counter Trev #2: FB X block Pick Pass #2: #2: X block 5-3 Pat 6 Cover-3 5-3 Pat 6 Cover-3 5-2 1.2.3 Base D: Slot out Base D: Base D: Reduce 7,8 GL6-5 4 Front Adi: 5-2 Press away Cover-1 10 Front Adi: Cover-3 Front Adi: Mike & Will Cover-3 13 Cover 1 crash 11 Blitz: Blitz: Blitz: 3rd & Lona: Run Pass 3rd & Med: Run Pass 3rd & Short: Run Pass 100% %: 67% 33% %: %: 100% FB Trap (25%) #1: V out #1: FB Trap #1: FB X block #2: FB Draw Post_ #2: FB Down #2: FB Trap 5-2 1, 2, 3 Cover-3 5-3 Pat 6 Cover-3 5-3 Pat 6 Cover-3 Base D: Base D: Base D: 7,8 5-2 Press away Cover-1 10 Cover-3 GL6-5 4 Front Adi: Front Adi: Front Adi: Blitz: Cover crash 11 Blitz: Blitz: Cover 1 crash 11 **Opponent's Formations** #1 Form.: Run **Pass** #2 Form.: Run **Pass** #3 Form.: Run **Pass** 85% 20% 65% %: %: %: 11% #1: 50 % 37 % #1: QB Follow FB Trap (32%) Wing place/out HB Flv SE Fade/Fly #1: FB X block FB X block (13%) TE Route HB Sweep (#20)#2: #2: FB Trap Slot Pick Pass #2: Base D: Flaa Base D: Base D: Front Adj: Front Adj: Front Adj: Blitz: Blitz: Blitz: Vertical Field Tendencies Remarks Offense Inside Own 30 Transition Zone -30 to -49 Offense Inside Opponent's 30 Run 90 % Pass 10 % Run Pass Run Pass %: 19% 81% %: 44% 56% Offensive Zone 50 to 21 FB X block out #20 FB Trap Fade/Flaa #1: #1: % Pass % Run Fly/Fade #80 FB X block Slot post #20 #2: FB Trap #2: QB Dunca SR 5-11 180 Base D: Base D: FB 5-7 41) Robbins SR 170* Front Adj: Front Adj: Slot/Wina Erickson SR 5-8 154* Blitz: Blitz: Short yds Cornelsen Soph 6-0 180 **Best Defenses & Hash Mark Adjustments** SR 6-8 222* ΤE Boyd Best Overall Defense 5-2 Press away Best Short Yardage Defense * = MUST STOP Goal-line 6-5, 5-3 Pat cover-2 cover-3 (outside), 5-3 Pat cover-3 (inside) X block/trap sweep pick pass/post Best Run Defense Best Pass Defense 5-2 Press away 5-2 Press away Trap/sweep criss-cross fade/fly pick pass cover-3 (outside), 5-3 Pat cover-3 (inside) cover-3, 5-3 Press away cover-1 63) 55 76 44 56 80 Left-Hash Adjustments Right-Hash Adjustments С Τ Т Ğ G TE Play to: SS 27 % WS 72 % Play to: SS 52 % WS 48 % HT. 6-2 5-7 6-0 5-9 6-5 6-8 6-1 Pass to: SS <u>50</u>% M <u>0</u>% WS <u>50</u>% Pass to: SS <u>50</u> % M <u>25</u> % WS <u>25</u> % WT. 190 195 175 210 242

DEFENSIVE PLAY-BY-PLAY ANALYSIS FORM

Qtr:	Vs.:	Date:

D CALL	DOWN &	FORMATION	PLAY Description	START YD LINE	YDS GAINED	BALL Carrier	TACKLED By	REMARKS
D GALL	DISTANCE	FUNIMATION	DESCRIPTION	ID LINE	/ LU31	CANNIEN	DI	NEIWANNO

DEFENSIVE PLAY-BY-PLAY ANALYSIS FORM

 Qtr:
 15t
 Vs.:
 Sammamish
 Date:
 10/5

D CALL	DOWN & DISTANCE	FORMATION	PLAY Description	START YD LINE	YDS GAINED / LOST	BALL Carrier	TACKLED By	REMARKS
4	1-0	WT	Trap	-29	+1	20		
3	2-9	WT	Sweep	-30	-3	HB		
2	3-12	WT	Middle Run	-27	-4	?		
Punt R	4-16	Punt	Punt					3 runs o pass -6 yds
	1-10	WT	Middle Run	70	. 1	Ş		
<u>5</u> 5				-32	+1	4		
3	2-9 3-8	WT WT	Sweep	-33 -34	+1 -11	17	44	Sack!
	1		Pass Waggle		_	17	44	Dack!
Punt R		Punt Punt	False start	-23	-5 +5			
Punt R	1	Punt	offsides Blue (Bellevue)		+5			2 10000
<u>Punt R</u>	4-19	runi						2 runs 1 pass
3	1-10	WT	Sweep	-20	+2	20	50	
3	2-8	WT	Pass Pass	-22	Inc	20	56	Good coverage!
3	3-8	WT	X block	-22	+5	22	56	Line too high!
Punt R	4-3	WT	Punt	-27				2 runs, 1 pass
			/ End of	Quart	er_			
			7 runs, 2	<u>P pass</u>	es <i>J</i>			
 								
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DEFENSIVE DRIVE ANALYSIS FORM

Qtr:	Opponent:									Date:							
SERIES#	Г	R	UN	DIS	STR	IBL	JTIC	DN C		PAS	S DISTRIB	UTION	# OF	CARRIES	BY:		
1	7	5	3	1	0	2	4	6	8	7	8	9	#	#	#		
<u>Weak</u> <u>Strong</u> 1 2 3 4									4	5	6		1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4			
5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12										1	2	3		5 6 7 8 9 1011 12	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12		
13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16										<u> </u>				13 14 15 16			
SERIES#		R	UN	DIS	ISTRIBUTION					PAS	S DISTRIB	UTION	# OF CARRIES BY:				
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Weak Strong 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4										4	5	6		1 2 3 4			
5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12										1	2	3	-	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12			
13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16										1	2	3		13 14 15 16			
SERIES #		RUN DISTRIBUTION					JTIC	DN		PAS	S DISTRIB	UTION	# OF	CARRIES	BY:		
3	7			1	0	2		6	8	7	8	9	#	#	#		
Weak Strong 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4										4	5	6		1 2 3 4			
5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8												5 6 7 8	5 6 7 8	5 6 7 8			
9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16										1	2	3		9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16			
SERIES #	Π	RUN DISTI				PIRITION				DAS	S DISTRIB	LITION	# OE	CARRIES	RV.		
	┞					_		_					# 01	CAITILE			
4	7	5	3	1	0	2	4	6	8	7	18	9	,,	l ,,	l ,,		
Weak Strong	7	5	3	1	0	2	4	6	8				-	#	#		
	7	5	3	1	0	2	4	6	8	4	5	6	1 2 3 4	# 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
Weak Strong 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	7	5	3	1	0	2	4	6	8				1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12		
Weak Strong 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16	7			1					8	1	5	6	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16		
Weak Strong 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12	7	R	UN	DIS	STR	IBL	JTIC	DN		4 1 PAS	5 2 S DISTRIB	6 3 UTION	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16		
Weak Strong 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16 SERIES # Weak Strong		R	UN				JTIC		8	4 1 PAS	5 2 S DISTRIB	6 3 UTION 9	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1314 15 16 # OF	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 CARRIES	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 BY:		
Weak Strong 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16 SERIES #		R	UN		STR	IBL	JTIC	DN		4 1 PAS	5 2 S DISTRIB	6 3 UTION	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1314 15 16 # OF	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 CARRIES #	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 BY:		
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DEFENSIVE DRIVE ANALYSIS FORM

Date: 10/5 Otr: 2nd Opponent: Sammamish

Qtr: Zna	_ ()pp	on	ent	:: _ <u>`</u>	<i>o</i> ar	nma	<u>am</u>	15h	Date: 10/5								
SERIES#		R	UN	DIS	STR	RIBU	JTIC	DN		PAS	SS DISTRII	BUTION	# OF	CARRIES	BY:			
1	7	5	3	1	0	2	4	6	8	7 _{1 Inc}	8	9	# 4	# 28	# 17			
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①② 3 4 ①② ③ 4 5 6 7 8									1	4 1+5	5	6	5 6 7 8	① 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	5 6 7 8			
9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16										1	2	3	9 10 11 12	9 1011 12 13 14 15 16	9 10 11 12			
SERIES #		R	UN	DIS	STR	IBL	JTIC	DN		PAS	SS DISTRII	BUTION	# OF	CARRIES	BY:			
3	7	5	3	1	0	2	4	6	8	7	8	9	# <u>4</u>	#	#			
Weak 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8					1				1	4	5	6	①②34	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4			
9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16										1	2	3		9 1011 12 13 14 15 16				
SERIES #	RUN DISTRIBUTION									PAS	SS DISTRII	BUTION	# OF CARRIES BY:					
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9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16										1	2	3	9 10 11 12	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	9 10 11 12			
SERIES #	Г	R	UN	DIS	STR	IBU	JTIC	DN C		PAS	SS DISTRII	BUTION	# OF	CARRIES	BY:			
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Weak 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8										4	5	6	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16										1	2	3	9 10 11 12	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	9 10 11 12			
SERIES#	RUN DISTRIBUTION									PAS	SS DISTRII	BUTION	# OF CARRIES BY:					
6	7	5	3	1	0	2	4	6	8	7	8	9	#	#	#			
Weak Strong	1	ıl			ı	I .	l l	ı	ı		1	1						

SERIES #	RUN DISTRIBUTION								PASS	S DISTRIB	UTION	# OF CARRIES BY:				
6	7	5 3	1	0	2	4	6	8	7	8	9	#	#	#		
Weak Strong	П												#	#		
1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4									4	5	6	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4		
5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8									l			5 6 7 8	5 6 7 8	5 6 7 8		
9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12									1	2	3	9 10 11 12	9 1011 12	9 10 11 12		
13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16												1314 15 16	13 14 15 16	13 14 15 16		

SERIES # RUN DISTRIBUTION								N		PASS	S DISTRIB	UTION	# OF CARRIES BY:				
7	7	5	3	1	0	2	4	6	8	7	8	9	#	#	#		
Weak Strong	П	П												#	#		
1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4										4	5	6	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4		
5 6 7 8 5 6 7 8													5 6 7 8	5 6 7 8	5 6 7 8		
9 10 11 12 9 10 11 12										1	2	3	9 10 11 12	9 10 11 12	9 10 11 12		
13 14 15 16 13 14 15 16													1314 15 16	13 14 15 16	13 14 15 16		

DEFENSIVE GAME CHECKLIST

Game:		Game Date:	
1			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5. DEFENSIVE SITUATION CHECKLIST:			
PLAY		BEST DEFENSE	
I	_		
DEFENSIVE KEYS TO WINNING	-	CAL	
	-	Defense	Cover
	-		
	-		
	-		
	-		
	-	Blitz / Adj	ustments
	-		

DEFENSIVE GAME CHECKLIST

Gam	me: West Game Date: 9/11	
1.	PRE-GAME REMINDERS: A. Personnel Match-Ups B. 8 Defensive Keys to Victory C. Game Plans	
2.	REVIEW DEFENSIVE SIGNALS (WRIST BAND)	
3.	Chart Offense During Game – Make sure expected tendencies are correct!	
4.	. COACHES WATCH FOR: A. Alignment B. Correct Technique C. Evaluate Personnel	

5. DEFENSIVE SITUATION CHECKLIST:

PLAY	BEST DEFENSE
A. Option	5-2 (QB, dive, pitch, delayed pitch): 5-3
B. Tighter pass coverage	Walk away; cover-1; cover-2 shadow
C. More heat on QB	Cover-1 crash; Mike/Will fire
D. Screen	Pinch away hold; cover-1
E. Perimeter help	Walk away; cover-2 shadow; cover-4
F. Heavier front	Beef package
G. Stop trap	5-3; slant away; pinch away hold (short yds)
H. Shortyds	Pinch away hold; 5-3; slam; Mike/Will fire
I. Goal-line	Goal-line 6-5 press away; goal-line 6-5 pinch away hold
J. Long yds/prevent situations	Align DBs back; cover-4; cover-4 prevent
K. Take away best plays	Early D recognition; game plan
L. Half time adjustments	Make adjustments based on situation
M. Contain side help	Lancer flip, 5-3 delaware, roll cover-2

DEFENSIVE KEYS TO WINNING
1. Create turnovers
2. Prevent bombs (25 yds or more)
3. Hold during goal-line stands
4. Eliminate mental errors
5. Create minus yds plays
6. Eliminate foolish penalties
7. Win the kicking game
8. Stop our opponent after our turnovers

CA	LLS
Defense	Cover
1. Slant away (5-2)	1. Cover-1
2. Press away (5-2)	2. Cover-2 shadow 81
3. Press away G (5-2)	3. Cover-4
4. Pinch away hold (5-2)	4. Cover-4 prevent
5. 5-3 (Ark, Del, Tex)	5. Cover-1 crash
6. Goal-line 6-5 press away	6. Cover-2 shadow 27
7. Goal-line 6-5 pinch away hold	
Blitz / Adj	ustments
1. Mike fire 2. Will fire 3. S	ôlam 4. Reduce
5. Switch 6. Walk away	

COACHING NOTES

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CHAPTER 15

SPECIAL TEAMS MANAGEMENT

THE FORMS in this chapter will help you and your staff manage your special teams during a game.

The first two forms, Special Teams Depth Chart A (15.1) and Special Teams Depth Chart B (15.2), accomplish the same thing but in different formats. I've used both forms with equal success.

Next is a Special Teams Booth Form (15.3) to track special team statistics during the game. It's important to track these items — especially the hang times and get-away times — because they may provide you an opportunity to make a big play on special teams, particularly if you

discover an opponent's weakness that you can exploit.

The next three items are checklists for the Punt Return (15.4), Punt Rush (15.5), and Kickoff Coverage (15.6) teams. These are great last-minute reminders that your special teams coordinator can use to ensure that your players receive sound instructions just prior to taking the field.

In addition to a Special Teams Grade Sheet (15.7) is a Kick Distance/Time Goals Form (15.8). This is a handy reference sheet that will immediately show how your special teams are performing against your established standards.



SPECIAL TEAMS DEPTH CHART A

Gam	e:									Gaı	ne D	ate: _										
										KIC	KOFF	:							*	Denotes Starter		
<u> </u>	1	F	R2	F	₹3	R	4	-	RH	ı k		LH		\perp	L	.4	L	3	L	.2	L	1
*		*		*		*		*				*			*		*		*		*	
			PUN'				1 [PUNT RETURN						_	$\overline{}$				PAT / I			
	<u> </u>	10+		· 	Ond		П	$\overline{}$					nd		-	_	_			T	Ond	
LW	┢	1st			2nd		П	QE		1st	_		ina		-	LW	\vdash	1st		\vdash	2nd	
LS							П	QT							_	LE						
LT LG	_						П	ST SE			_				-	LT LG				-		
C							П	S							-	C						
RG							П	W							-	RG						
RT RS							П	M B				RT RE										
RW							П	LC							_	RW						
PP P	_						П	RC RS							-	HK						
							J L	no							Ш	N.						
LEFT	SIDE	6				7			K	CKOF	FRE 4	TURN				K				5	RIGHT	SIDE
1	st★				1st★				1s		•		1	1st≯	-				lst★			
	nd			-	2nd				2n				Ш	2nd				- 11 -	2nd			-
	L	N						L	.M			F	RM			_				I	RW	
1st ★	7						1st				1st					1			1st			
2nd						L	2nc	k			2n	d							2n	d ——		
						-R		7						г			RR		٦ .			
				1st 2nd				-							1st							
				2110				_		HAND	C TE	A R //		L					_			
								L	EFT	HAND	SIE	-AIVI					RIC	GHT				
Fror	nt Rov																					
	k Rov																					
Retu	ırner																					
Rep	lacen	nents																				

SPECIAL TEAMS DEPTH CHART A

Game: <u>vs. Warhawks</u> **Game Date:** <u>10/21</u>

KICKOFF

★ Denotes Starter

	R1	F	R2	F	3	F	R 4	R	Н	ŀ	(LI	Н	L	.4	L;	3	L	2	L.	
Dustin	Strehlow	Nowak	J. Blaine	Culhane	Siberowski	Nutting	Buelow	Jansen	Pergande	Alesci	Reitz	Nic D.	Cantwell	Saverine	Cantwell	Gonzalas	Nedeshiem	Ned	Valentine	Kroner	Angle
*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*	

	PUNT			
	1st	2nd		
LW	Saverine	J. Blaine		
LS	Gonzalas	Alesci		
LT	Valentine	A. Fuller		
LG	Reitz	Pergande		
С	Nedeshiem	Bobedilla/Alesci		
RG	Denham	Woz		
RT	Mauer	Jansen		
RS	Ned	Dustin		
RW	K. Blaine	Nowak		
PP	Culhane	Casper		
Р	Cantwell	Strehlow		

PUNT RETURN			
	1st	2nd	
QE	Kroner	Matarrese	
QT	Nutting	Alesci	
ST	Culhane	Casper	
SE	Cantwell	Boelk	
S	Gonzalas	K. Blaine	
W	Conrad	Woz	
М	Ned	Dustin	
В	Jansen	Valentine	
LC	J. Blaine	Nowak	
RC	Saverine	Strehlow	
RS	Angle	Nowak	

PAT / FG			
	1st	2nd	
LW	Saverine	Dustin	
LE	Jansen	Sullivan	
LT	A. Fuller	Nutting	
LG	Reitz	Pergande	
С	Nedeshiem	Bobedilla/Alesci	
RG	Conrad	Woz	
RT	Walk	Mauer	
RE	Valentine	J. Blaine	
RW	Culhane	Droner	
Н	Cantwell	Matarrese	
K	Nic D.	Cantwell	

LEFT SIDE KICKOFF RETURN RIGHT SIDE 4 5 6 Κ 1st★ Nic D. 1st★ Nutting 1st★ 1st★ 1st★ Saverine Alesci Jansen 2nd 2nd 2nd 2nd Reitz 2nd Cantwell Reitz Pergande Cantwell LW LM RMRW 1st★ Cantwell 1st★ Culhane 1st★ Nowak 1st★ Saverine 2nd 2nd 2nd Sullivan 2nd Dustin Greves Angle LR RR 1st★ J. Blaine K. Blaine 2nd 2nd Siberowski Kroner

HANDS TEAM

		LEFT	RIGHT
Front Row	5	Sullivan, Gonzalas, Jansen, Cantwell, Angle	
Back Row	5	Casper, Buelk, J. Blaine, Kroner, Nutting	
Returner	1	Saverine	
Replacements			

SPECIAL TEAMS DEPTH CHART B

Game:			_ Game Date	e:	
	КІСКО	FF	$\neg \sqcap$	KICKOFF	RETURN
\Box	1st	2nd	_ _	1st	2nd
L1					
L2					
L3			LG		
L4			C		
L5			RG		
K			RT		
R5			RE_		
R4			UB		
R3			UB		
R2			LS		
R1			RS		
	PUN ⁻	т	$\neg \sqcap$	PUNT RETURN	I / KICK BLOCK
	1st	2nd	_	1st	Block Team
LE			LE		
LT					
LG			LB		
С			N		
RG			LB		
RT			RT		
RE			RE		
LB			CB		
RB			CB		

LS RS

	FIELD GOAL			
	1st	2nd		
LE				
LT				
LG C RG				
С				
RG				
RT				
RE				
FB				
RB				
Н				
K				

	HANDSTEAM			
	1st	2nd		
LE				
LT				
LG				
С				
RG				
RT				
RE				
UB				
UB				
LS				
RS				

PP

SPECIAL TEAMS DEPTH CHART B

KICKOFF			
	1st	2nd	
L1	Kroner	Angle	
L2	Ned	Valentine	
L3	Gonzalas	Nedeshiem	
L4	Saverine	Cantwell	
L5	Nic D.	Cantwell	
K	Alesci	Reitz	
R5	Jansen	Pergande	
R4	Nutting	Buelow	
R3	Culhane	Siberowski	
R2	Nowak	J. Blaine	
R1	Dustin	Strehlow	

KICKOFF RETURN			
	1st	2nd	
LE	Ned	Nedeshiem	
LT	Valentine	Casper	
LG	Gonzalas	Bobedilla	
С	Nutting	Reitz	
RG	Jansen	Mauer	
RT	Culhane	Sullivan	
RE	Nowak	Greves	
UB	Cantwell	Dustin	
UB	J. Blaine	Siberowski	
LS	Saverine	Angle	
RS	K. Blaine	Kroner	

PUNT			
	1st	2nd	
LE	Saverine	J. Blaine	
LT	Gonzalas	Alesci	
LG	Valentine	A. Fuller	
С	Reitz	Pergande	
RG	Nedeshiem	Bobedilla/Alesci	
RT	Denham	Woz	
RE	Mauer	Jansen	
LB	Ned	Dustin	
RB	K. Blaine	Nowak	
PP	Culhane	Casper	
K	Cantwell	Strehlow	

	PUNT RETURN / KICK BLOCK		
	1st	Block Team	
LE	Kroner	Matarrese	
LT	Nutting	Alesci	
LB	Culhane	Casper	
N	Cantwell	Boelk	
LB	Gonzalas	K. Blaine	
RT	Conrad	Woz	
RE	Ned	Dustin	
СВ	Jansen	Valentine	
СВ	J. Blaine	Nowak	
LS	Saverine	Strehlow	
RS	Angle	Nowak	

	FIELD GOAL			
	1st	2nd		
LE	Saverine	Dustin		
LT	Jansen	Sullivan		
LG	A. Fuller	Nutting		
С	Reitz	Pergande		
RG	Nedeshiem	Bobedilla/Alesci		
RT	Conrad	Woz		
RE	Walk	Mauer		
FB	Valentine	J. Blaine		
RB	Culhane	Droner		
Н	Cantwell	Matarrese		
K	Nic D.	Cantwell		

	HANDSTEAM										
	1st	2nd									
LE	Sullivan										
LT	Gonzalas										
LG	Jansen										
С	Cantwell										
RG	Angle										
RT	Casper										
RE	Boelk										
UB	J. Blaine										
UB	Kroner										
LS	Nutting										
RS	Saverine										

SPECIAL TEAMS BOOTH FORM

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	THEIR PUNTS Punter	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
									Directors									
							_		Punter									Γ
									Yards									T
									Hang Time									T
									Average									Ī
									Receiver									İ
									Yds Returned									Î
									Get-Away Time									Î
									Punt Inside 20									ĺ
																		1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	THEIR KICKOFFS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	İ
									Kicker									İ
									Yards									ĺ
									Hang Time									1
									Average									1
									Receiver									1
									Yds Returned									
									THEIR FG									l
									Kicker									İ
									Yards									İ
									Get-Away Time									1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	THEIR SCORING	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
										Punt Inside 20 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 THEIR KICKOFFS Kicker Yards Hang Time Average Receiver Yds Returned THEIR FG Kicker Yards Get-Away Time	Punt Inside 20 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 THEIR KICKOFFS 1 Kicker Yards Hang Time Average Receiver Yds Returned THEIR FG Kicker Yards Get-Away Time	Punt Inside 20 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 THEIR KICKOFFS 1 2 Kicker Yards Hang Time Average Receiver Yds Returned THEIR FG Kicker Yards Get-Away Time	Punt Inside 20 Punt Inside 20	Punt Inside 20 Punt Inside 20	Punt Inside 20 Punt Inside 20	Punt Inside 20 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 THEIR KICKOFFS 1 2 3 4 5 6 Kicker Yards Hang Time Average Receiver Yds Returned THEIR FG Kicker Yards Get-Away Time	Punt Inside 20 Punt Inside 20	Punt Inside 20 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 THEIR KICKOFFS 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Kicker Yards Hang Time Average Receiver Yds Returned THEIR FG Kicker Yards Get-Away Time

Key: B = Blocked F = Fake A = Attempted R = Recovered FC = Fair Catch OB = Out of Bounds TD = Touchdown

9

8

PAT (1)

PAT (2)

Safety

Field Goal

OPP ONSIDE K.

PAT (1)

PAT (2)

Safety

Field Goal

OUR ONSIDE K.

1

2

3

4

5

6 7

1

2 3

4

5

6

7 | 8 | 9

SPECIAL TEAMS BOOTH FORM

Game: <u>Crusaders</u> **Game Date:** <u>10/5</u>

39 4.1 8 FC 2.3 1 2 42 52	FC 2.3 1 2 42 52 4.2	8	_	5 42 54 4.3	_	7 42 51	8	9	Punter Yards Hang Time Average Receiver Yds Returned Get-Away Time Punt Inside 20 THEIR KICKOFFS Kicker	7 34 	7 32	7 35 	7 36 4	7 32 5	7 33	7 29 7	8	9
8 FC 2.3 1 2 42 52 4.2	4.1 8 FC 2.3 1 2 42 52 4.2	3.7 8 7 2.2 3 42 49	3.6 4/ 0B 0 2.1 1 4 42 48	5 42 54	6 42 03	7	8	9	Hang Time Average Receiver Yds Returned Get-Away Time Punt Inside 20 THEIR KICKOFFS								8	9
8 FC 2.3 1 2 42 52 4.2	8 FC 2.3 1 2 42 52 4.2	8 7 2.2 3 42 49	4/ OB O 2.1 1 4 42 48	5 42 54	6 42 03	7	8	9	Average Receiver Yds Returned Get-Away Time Punt Inside 20 THEIR KICKOFFS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2 1 2 42 52 4.2	FC 2.3 1 2 42 52 4.2	7 2.2 3 42 49	OB O 2.1 1 4 42 48	5 42 54	6 42 03	7	8	9	Receiver Yds Returned Get-Away Time Punt Inside 20 THEIR KICKOFFS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2 1 2 42 52 4.2	FC 2.3 1 2 42 52 4.2	7 2.2 3 42 49	02.1144248	42 54	42 03	42	8	9	Yds Returned Get-Away Time Punt Inside 20 THEIR KICKOFFS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2.3 1 2 42 52 4.2	2.3 1 2 42 52 4.2	2.2 3 42 49	2.1 1 4 42 48	42 54	42 03	42	8	9	Get-Away Time Punt Inside 20 THEIR KICKOFFS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1 2 42 52 4.2	1 2 42 52 4.2	3 42 49	1 4 42 48	42 54	42 03	42	8	9	Punt Inside 20 THEIR KICKOFFS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1 2 42 52 4.2	1 2 42 52 4.2	3 42 49	1 4 42 48	42 54	42 03	42	8	9	THEIR KICKOFFS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
42 52 4.2	42 52 4.2	42 49	42 48	42 54	42 03	42	8	9		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
42 52 4.2	42 52 4.2	42 49	42 48	42 54	42 03	42	8	9		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
52 4.2	52 4.2	49	48	54	03	_			Kicker									
4.2	4.2		_	_	_	51			INCREI									
		4.0	3.9	4.3	36	1 .			Yards									
TB	TD				10.0	4.1			Hang Time									
ТВ	Tn			l	6	150	.6		Average									
TB	TO								Receiver									
	IR			TB					Yds Returned									
									THEIR FG									
									Kicker									
									Yards									
									Get-Away Time									
2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	THEIR SCORING	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
									TD									
1	1		1	1	Α				PAT (1)									
						2			PAT (2)									
		1							Field Goal									
									Safety									
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	OPP ONSIDE K.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2			 		<u> </u>	 	 	<u> </u>			_							_
			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2 PAT (2) 1 Field Goal Safety	2 PAT (2) 1 Field Goal Safety	2 PAT (2) 1 Field Goal Safety	2 PAT (2) 1 Field Goal Safety	2 PAT (2) 1 Field Goal Safety	2 PAT (2) 1 Field Goal Safety	2 PAT (2) 1 Field Goal Safety	2 PAT (2) 1 Field Goal Safety	2 PAT (2) 1 Field Goal Safety

Key: B = Blocked FC = Fair Catch F = Fake OB = Out of Bounds

A = Attempted TD = Touchdown R = Recovered

PUNT RETURN CHECKLIST

GENERAL

- ☐ Don't be offsides. Be ready for a shift.
- ☐ Don't rough the punter. Go for the ball aim for the spot in front (about 9 yards deep).
- ☐ Don't clip on the return.
 - **X** Get your head and shoulders out in front.
 - X Never block if you're behind and running in the same direction as the man you want to block.
 - X Never block if the ball carrier is ahead of you.
- ☐ Don't block below the waist.
- ☐ Be alert for the bouncing ball. Never turn your back on the ball.

RECEIVERS (SAFETY AND DEEP BACKS)

- ☐ Always know where the ball is when it is kicked.
 - **X** Do not block if the ball is near you.
 - ✗ Be careful of the high, short kick.
 - ✗ Be alert to the bouncing ball. Never turn your back on the ball.
 - ✗ The safety has priority on all balls. His call decides who will field it. Calls: "ME!" or "YOU!"
- ☐ Fair catch any ball that is high and short.
 - X Get under the ball quickly.
 - Concentrate only on catching the ball. Forget about all else.
 - **X** If the catch is dropped, it is a free ball.
- ☐ Fielding Punts: Safety (Play like a centerfielder in baseball.)
 - **X** Catch the ball with palms up and thumbs out.
 - Never try to catch the ball below your knees. Be careful if it is below the waist. Waist-up is safe.
 - ✗ Sprint fast to get under the ball, then come under control to catch the punt.
 - ✗ Taking the intermediate kick:
 - Sprint hard to the ball.
 - Decide early if you are going to catch the ball in the air or play the bounce.
 - ◆ Come under control for the catch.
 - Use the fair catch if needed.
 - All intermediate kicks down the middle are the safety's responsibility. If it's kicked to either side, call for the halfback to take the kick if you can't get to it.
 - ✗ If it's a short, high punt, play the bounce 5 yards behind the ball.
 - ◆ If ball comes to you, field and cover it.
 - ◆ If it bounces to the side, let it go.

- **X** Fielding the long punt:
 - ◆ Turn and sprint backward to the ball.
 - ◆ Decide if you can get the ball in the air or play the bounce. If it is too long, play the bounce rather than stretching for it.
 - You usually have the time to get the ball as coverage has farther to go to reach you.
- It's important to field the ball without error and then get as much yardage as possible. Order of importance:
 - No errors.
 - ◆ Field the punt.
 - Return it.

☐ Line-Up Depth: Safety

- ✗ Always know the distance that the punter averages.
- **X** Do not make the mistake of lining up too deep.
- **X** Inside the 10-yard-line:
 - ◆ Line up at 10-yard-line and catch all balls that you can without backing up.
 - If the ball goes over your head, let it go, but do not turn your back on the ball. Do not let it hit you.
- ✗ There may be a time when you should pick up a ball that is going to stop on the 1-yard-line and run it out. Judge it this way:
 - ◆ No errors. (How close is the coverage?)
 - Does the ball have enough roll to get into the end zone?
 - ◆ Is it rolling backward?
- ✗ Down any ball that goes into the end zone. Do not let it come back out into the field of play.

☐ Playing The Wind

- When a strong wind is blowing against you:
 - ◆ Play up.
 - ◆ The punt will usually be short, either high and wobbly or low and hard.
 - The ball's roll will usually be short or back toward the punter. (May not go into the end zone.)
 - If there's any question on a short and high punt, don't field it.
- **X** When a strong wind is blowing toward you:
 - Play deeper.
 - ◆ Be prepared for a high, deeper-spiral kick.
 - Know that it will usually roll a lot (into end zone).



PUNT RUSH CHECKLIST

Get off on the snap of the ball. Do not be offsides!
Always be ready for a run to your side — whether rushing or returning.
✗ If the punter runs, yell "RUN!"
Avoid blockers. Use your hands or rip through the opponent's shoulders.
Get to the punter fast.
Aim for a spot 5 yards in front of the spot where the punter lines up (about 9 yards deep).
When trying to block the punt, cross your arms, leave your feet and watch the ball coming off the punter's foot. Bring your body down over the ball.
 Most punts are missed because the rusher comes too close to the punter's body. Block the punt out in front of the punter. Watch the ball.
 ✗ Your body angle should be 45° — not straight up.
If the ball is punted, avoid contact with the punter at all costs. Keep under control and throw your body out of the way.
After the punt, get up and peel on the punt toward the right.
If you hear the punt is blocked, get up fast and get to the ball.
✗ If the area is crowded, fall on the ball.
✗ If it's open, pick the ball up and run. (You can run on a blocked punt but aren't allowed to advance on a fumble that hits the ground.)
✗ Block the kicker if you are second to the ball.
You can advance a blocked kick.
Stay away from a partially blocked punt that lands on the defense's side of the line of scrimmage. The ball belongs to the defense.
If we block a punt on 3rd down, fall on it. It could still be their ball if they fall on it. If we block a punt on 4th down, try to advance it.

KICKOFF COVERAGE CHECKLIST

IMPORTANT REMINDERS:
☐ After 10 yards, the kickoff is a free ball — get on it!
☐ An onside kick must travel 10 yards before you can touch it.
☐ Know what type of kick is being called — long, squib or onside.
☐ Learn your assignment by the numbered position.
☐ Contain men: Don't cover deeper than the ball — squeeze outside — and in slowly. Don't open a funnel.
☐ Safety: Don't cross the 50-yard line, but keep the ball in front of you at all times.
☐ Don't be offsides.
MUSTS: AGGRESSIVENESS AND SPEED ARE ESSENTIAL
☐ Speed to the ball — run at top speed — try to be the first cover man downfield.
☐ Stay in your cover lane relative to the ball.
☐ Keep equidistant spacing from the man next to you — don't create gaps.
☐ Employ block protection — don't go down. Run around to the left if you need to — and get back into your cover lane. Only run around if the ball carrier is more than 7 yards from the blocker. Otherwise, go through the blocker X Outrun cross-blockers.
X Headhunters: aggressively take on a wedge.
☐ Come under control 4 yards from the ball carrier — don't shoot past him.
☐ Responsibility to make the tackle lies with you — don't wait for a teammate to do it.
ALIGNMENTS: KICKING FROM THE LEFT HASH.*
☐ L1-L4: Space equidistant from hash to 4 yards inside the sideline.
☐ Kicker: kick from 4 yards off the hash.
□ R1 - R5: Space equidistant from the middle of the field to 3 yards inside the sideline.
☐ Safety: Align 2 yards inside of the ball.

^{*} If kicking from the right hash, exchange assignments.

SPECIAL TEAMS GRADE SHEET

Game:	Game Date:
	Key: 1 = achieved assignment, 0 = failed assignment, goal grade = 90% or above

NAME	PAT	FG	PUNT Return	КО	KO Coverage	PUNT	FG/PAT	HANDS TEAM	TOTAL
1.									
2.									
3.									
4.									
5.									
6.									
7.									
8.									
9.									
10.									
11.									
12.									
13.									
14.									
15.									
16.									
17.									
18.									
19.									
20.									
21.									
22.									
23.									
24.									
25.									
26.									
27.									
28.									
29.									

SPECIAL TEAMS GRADE SHEET

Game:	vs. Warhawks	Game Date:	10/21	
_				

Key: 1 = achieved assignment, 0 = failed assignment, goal grade = 90% or above

NAME	PAT	FG	PUNT RETURN	KO RETURN	KO COVERAGE	PUNT COVERAGE	FG/PAT Rush	HANDS TEAM	TOTAL
1. Jones	3 4	1 1	2/2						6/7 = 85.7%
2. Smith	4 4	0 1							4/5 = 80.%
3. Nelson	3 4	1 1			6 6				10/11 = 90.9%
4. Burns					5 6	2/2			7/8 = 87.5%
5. Walker				1 1	6 6	2/2			9/9 = 100%
6. Beal	2 4	0 1							2/5 = 40%
7. Dicks	4 4	1 1	2/2	1 1	6 6	2/2	1 1		17/17 = 100%
8. Blaine								1 1	1/1 = 100%
9. Nolan							1 1		¹ /1 = 100%
10.									
11.									
12.									
13.									
14.									
15.									
16.									
17.									
18.									
19.									
20.									
21.									
22.									
23.									
24.									
25.									
26.									
27.									
28.									
29.									

KICK DISTANCE / TIME GOALS FORM

Game:		iame Date:	
TYPE	DISTANCE	HANGTIME	GET-AWAY TIME
Kickoff Goal	yds	secs	
Kick 1	yds	secs	
Kick 2	yds	secs	
Kick 3	yds	secs	
Kick 4	yds	secs	
Punt Goal	yds	secs	
Punt 1	yds	secs	
Punt 2	yds	secs	
Punt 3	yds	secs	
Punt 4	yds	secs	
PAT/FG Goal	yds		secs
Kick 1			Secs Make Miss
Kick 2			Secs Make Miss
Kick 3 Kick 4			Secs Make Miss
NICK 4			Secs Make Miss
	RETURN GOALS		GAME GOALS:
TYPE	DISTANCE	START YARD LINE	1
Kickoff Goal	yds	yd line	'
Kick 1	yds	yd line	·
Kick 2	yds	yd line	•
Kick 3	yds	yd line	2
Kick 4	yds	yd line	.
Punt Goal	yds	yd line	'
Punt 1	yds	yd line	·
Punt 2	yds	yd line	
Punt 3	yds	yd line	3
Punt 4	yds	yd line	
	COVERAGE GOALS		- 1
TYPE	DISTANCE	START YARD LINE	4
Kickoff Goal	yds	yd line	'
Kick 1	yds	yd line	•
Kick 2	yds	yd line	·
Kick 3	yds	yd line	5
Kick 4	yds	yd line	
Punt Goal	yds	yd line	
Punt 1	yds	yd line	
Punt 2	yds		
Punt 3	yds		6
Punt 4	yds	yd line	

KICK DISTANCE / TIME GOALS FORM

Game: vs. Warhawks Game Date: ____10/21

TYPE	DISTANCE		HANGTIME		GET-AWAY TIME
Kickoff Goal	55	yds	4.0	secs	
Kick 1	46	yds	3.8	secs	
Kick 2	60	yds	4.2	secs	
Kick 3		yds		secs	
Kick 4		yds		secs	
Punt Goal	36	yds	4.0	secs	Snap: 0.9, punter: 1.3, Total: 2.2 sec
Punt 1	31	yds	3.0	secs	0.9 / 1.3 / 2.2
Punt 2	29	yds	2.1 Out of	bounds secs	1.0 / 1.3 / 2.3
Punt 3		yds		secs	
Punt 4		yds		secs	
PAT/FG Goal		yds			1.3 secs
Kick 1	PAT				1.3 secs Make □ Miss
Kick 2	FG 17				1.3 secs ✓ Make ☐ Miss
Kick 3					Secs 🔲 Make 🔲 Miss
Kick 4					Secs Make Miss

	RETURN	GOALS		
TYPE	DISTANCE		START YAR	D LINE
Kickoff Goal	25 +	yds	35 +	yd line
Kick 1	22	yds	34	yd line
Kick 2		yds		yd line
Kick 3		yds		yd line
Kick 4		yds		yd line
Punt Goal	10 +	yds	24	yd line
Punt 1	8	yds	34	yd line
Punt 2		yds		yd line
Punt 3		yds		yd line
Punt 4		yds		yd line

COVERAGE GOALS					
TYPE	DISTANCE		START YARD L	INE	
Kickoff Goal	20 or less	yds	25 or less	yd line	
Kick 1	12	yds	26	yd line	
Kick 2	13	yds	29	yd line	
Kick 3		yds		yd line	
Kick 4		yds		yd line	
Punt Goal	5 or less	yds		yd line	
Punt 1	7	yds		yd line	
Punt 2		yds		yd line	
Punt 3		yds		yd line	
Punt 4		yds		yd line	

GAME GOALS:

- 1. Opponent's net punt 32 yds or less.
- 2. Our net punt 37 yds or more.
- 3. Force 2 fair ca<u>tches</u> or no returns per game.
- 4. Put opponent inside 10-yd line at least once a game.
- **5.** Block 4 punts & 4 kicks each season. Get 1 this game!

6.			



CHAPTER 16

OFFENSIVE PLAYBOOK FORMS

THE FORMS IN this chapter provide coaches with a means of recording their offensive schemes in a clear and concise manner to help teach players their responsibilities. It also contains reference material to help your players learn how to properly attack defensive weaknesses.

The first two forms, Run Play Form (16.1) and Pass Play Form (16.2), were adapted from similar forms used by David Champ in *The "One Back" Offense: A Complete Handbook*. Also included is a Screen Pass Play Form (16.3) and a completed example.

Next is a series of defensive recognition references to help your players understand the defensive alignments and techniques they are likely to face. These include:

Defensive Line Technique Reference Form (16.4), Even Defensive Fronts Master Recognition Diagrams (16.5), Odd

Defensive Fronts Master Recognition

Diagrams (16.6) and 3/4 / Tilt Defensive

Fronts Master Recognition Diagrams (16.7).

Next are a series of Basic Coverage Recognition Diagrams (16.8). The two diagrams were also adapted from Champ's work.

The Defensive Attack Diagrams (16.9, 16.10,16.11 and 16.12) that show various defensive fronts are original, but the concepts and general formatting of the form were adapted Jack Olcott's book, Organizational Keys & Checklists for Successful Football Coaching.

The last two references serve as a means to help your quarterback and receivers better learn how to read defensive coverages. The Quarterback Reference And Read Sheet (16.13) is a reorganized adaptation of material Stan Zwiefel presented in "Reading Secondary Coverages" from the March 1987 Athletic Journal. The Receiver Pre-Snap Keys To Coverage Recognition (16.14) is an original form, but was developed from years of clinic lectures and various texts.



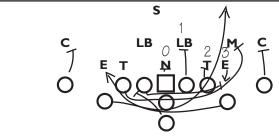
RUN PLAY FORM						
Play:						
Series:						
	S			S		
С	LB LB M	С	С	LB LB	LB LB	С
0		0	0			0
vs. 5-2 Monster	o		vs. 4-4 Stack)	
	FS SS			S		
С	LB LB LB	С	С	LB	LB	С
0		0	0			0
vs. 4-3	0		vs. 6-2)	
POS	ASSIGNMENT		COACHING PO	DINTS	CALLS/AD	JUSTMENTS
RT						
RG						
С						
LG						
LT						
1 (OE)I		•				

RT				
RG				
С				
LG				
LT				
1 (OE)L				
5 (OE)R				
4(LSB)				
2(RSB)				
3 FB				
QB				
FORMATIONS:				
COMMENTS:				

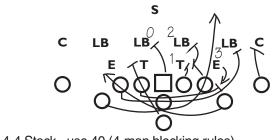
RUN PLAY FORM

Play:_____

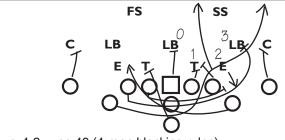
Series: 24 Quick Counter



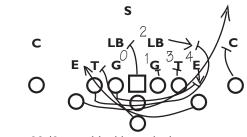
vs. 5-2 Monster...use 50 (5-man blocking rules)



vs. 4-4 Stack...use 40 (4-man blocking rules)



vs. 4-3...use 40 (4-man blocking rules)



vs. 6-2...use 60 (6-man blocking rules)

POS	ASSIGNMENT	COACHING POINTS	CALLS/ADJUSTMENTS				
RT Playside	In 40, double-tm DT w/G. In 50/60, man-block DT. Shield man from 4-hole.	Combo-block technique w/ G.					
RG Playside	Double-tm w/T in 50/60 &43, double-tm (#2 or #1 in 4-3). In 4-4 stack, double-tm w/T, then to LB.	Combo block technique w/ RT					
С	Block LB in 40 & 50. In 60 check G then work to backside LB.						
LG Backside	Kick penetrating DE out.	Pull & kick DE out.					
LT Backside	Pull & block LB or monster who aligns nearest 4 hole.	Pull & block LB in (wall off).					
1 (OE)L	Block C or man a deep pass pattern.						
5 (OE)R	In 50 & 60, stalk-block RC. In 40, block RC but be prepared to shift to M depending upon play of RC.						
4(LSB) 2 LSB	Take inside hand-off from QB.						
2 (RSB) 4 RSB	Take outside fake from QB. 4 back goes first must sell that you have ball – good fake.	but timing is almost simultaneous. Ru	ın hard at backside DE. You				
3 FB	Dive hard into backside 3 hole. Block T/E by filling for pulling guard & tackle.						
QB	2 yard inside hand-off to #2. Fake to #4 first.						
FORMATIONS	:_ Double-slot.						
COMMENTS: running play.	If you perfect the timing, defenses have a ha	rd time finding the ball. Over the years	5, this has been our best				

PASS PLAY FORM

Series:										
PLAY:_					20					
					15					
					10 5					
FORMA	TION:)S				
DROP:									$\overline{\bigcirc}$	
мотюм	l:									
VARIAT	IONS:									
POS			ASSIGNMENT					COACHIN	G POINTS	<u> </u>
1.					_					
2.										
3.										
4.										
5.										
QB				Progression:				Read:		
QD				1. Zone 2. Man						
				3. Man Under						
				•						
		FS	SS					FS		
	С			С		•				С
		\circ	$\Box\Box\Box$				W	, ООП	s C	
							· ·			
Cover-2	2		0		Co	ver-3		0		
		FS	SS					FS		
						(С
	C	W	N	c \			W	/ 	S	
	/	/00		\			(00	0
0.1.1		•			 ,,	DI:		ŏ		
2 Man					Ma	ın Blitz				

PASS PLAY FORM

Series: Great trick play to get QB in pass pattern. Especially good against man coverage, as QB is often not accounted for by D.

PLAY: QB motion right pass

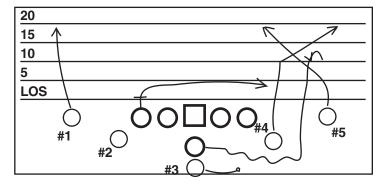
PROTECTION: 60

FORMATION: Double-slot

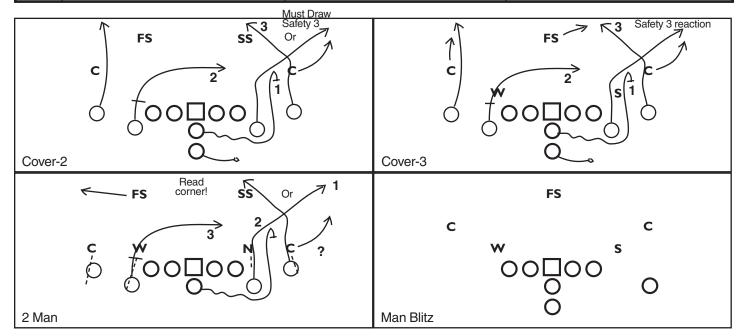
DROP: Shotgun (trick)

VARIATIONS: None

MOTION: QB motion right



POS	ASSIGNMENT			COACHING POINTS
1.	Fly route.			
2.	Block for a 2-count.			
3.	Receive direct snap from center. Roll right. Run option if all receivers are covered.		Make sure #3 can throw or substitute with any team QB. Reads are below.	
4.	Flag route at 20 yds.			
5.	Post route at FS.			
QB	Go in motion after aligning under center. Run a curl route at 12-15 yds. Must find seam vs. LB.	Progression: 1. Zone 2. Man 3. Man Under		Read: vs. 3 Ball is snapped when QB reaches right slot! vs. 2 vs. Man



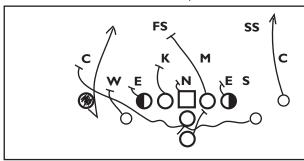
SCREEN PASS PLAY FORM

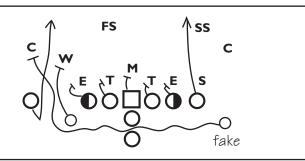
Formation: Basic: Others: C W E	FS SS K M C O O O	Basic Blocking: Formation: Basic: Others: FS SS C C FS SS C C O O O O O O O O O
	<u> </u>	
BALL CARRIER: (F)		
BACK: (A)		
ON TACKLE:		
ON GUARD:		
CENTER:		
OFF. GUARD:		
OFF. TACKLE:		
TIGHT END: (Y)		
SPLIT END: (X)		
FLANKER: (Z)		
QB		

SCREEN PASS PLAY FORM

Play Number: WR Screen Left, Motion Left	Basic Blocking: Screen
Formation:	Formation: All on LOS must keep defenders hands down!
Basic: Double-slot	Basic: Man
Others: 1. Pro Right. Slot left (Crazy motion)	Others:

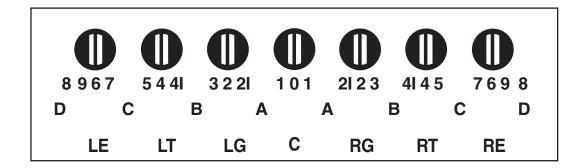
Others: 1. Pro Right, Slot left (Crazy motion)
2. Pro Left, slot right 3. Trips right motion left





BALL CARRIER: (F)	FB #3 Fake dive at right guard (2 hole). Fake must hold LB.
BACK: (A) Slot #2	Seal LB – do not allow him to get to WR. Aggressive block – deny him access to passing lane. Keep his hands down.
ON TACKLE:	Block DE in – deny him pursuit to outside.
ON GUARD:	Uncovered: Block LB nearest you in. Covered: Block defender in.
CENTER:	Uncovered: React to LB. Covered: Block defender over you in.
OFF. GUARD:	Uncovered: Relax to safety. Covered: Block defender over you.
OFF.TACKLE:	Block DE out.
TIGHT END: (Y) Slot #4	Go in motion & block cornerback. This is an easy pull.
SPLIT END: (X)	Fake a hard release upfield (2 steps) & then come back behind LOS for pass Follow motion slot block.
FLANKER: (Z)	Run a hard decoy long route.
QB	1 step drop, hit playside WR (#1) with quick pass. Make sure LB or DE is opening up a passing lane. Timing of the pass important. 1-1.5 sec is goal. Throw the pass forward!

DEFENSIVE LINE TECHNIQUE REFERENCE FORM



O Technique Head up on the center, with responsibility for A-gap frontside or backside.

1 Technique Inside eye to outside shoulder of the center. Also called "shade technique." Responsibility

for A-gap to the shade side.

Tilt Technique Nose aligns at a 45-degree angle to the center aimed at the center's helmet ear hole,

with responsibility for the A gap in direction of the tilt.

2l Technique Outside eye to inside shoulder of the guard, with A-gap responsibility.

2 Technique Head up on the guard in a pre-slant alignment. A-gap responsibility.

3 Technique Inside eye to the outside shoulder of the guard. B-gap responsibility.

4l Technique Outside eye to the outside shoulder of the guard. B-gap responsibility.

4 Technique Head up on the tackle in a pre-slant alignment. B-gap responsibility.

5 Technique Inside eye to outside shoulder tackle. C-gap responsibility. May have contain responsi-

bility if there is no tight end.

6 Technique Head up on the tight end in a pre-slant alignment. C-gap responsibility.

7 Technique Outside eye to the inside shoulder of the tight end. C-gap responsibility.

8 Technique Outside the tackle on the LOS or walked-off between the tackle and the wideout.

9 Technique Inside eye to outside shoulder of the tight end. D-gap responsibility (contain).

NOTE:

Normal Alignment Depth is 12 inches off the LOS.

"Tight" means align as close to the LOS as possible.

"Flex" means align more than 12 inches off the LOS.

"Off" with any number 1 to 7 indicates LB alignment at 4 yards off the LOS but with the same alignment width as the defensive linemen.



EVEN DEFENSIVE FRONTS: MASTER RECOGNITION DIAGRAMS

W M	M
E T T E S	W ET TES
544I 322I 101 2I23 4I45 7698 C B A A B C D	544I 322I 101 2I23 4I45 7698 C B A A B C D
LT LG C RG RT RE	LT LG C RG RT RE
M	M
W E T T E S	W E T T E S
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
5441 3221 101 2123 4145 769 8	5441 3221 101 2123 4145 7698
C B A A B C D	C B A A B C D
LT LG C RG RT RE W M	LT LG C RG RT RE W M S
E T T E S	E T T E
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
544I 322I 101 2I23 4I45 7698 C B A A B C D	C B A A B C D
LT LG C RG RT RE	LT LG C RG RT RE
W M	W M S
E T T E S	E T T E
5441 3221 101 2123 4145 769 8	5441 3221 101 2123 4145 7698
C B A A B C D LT LG C RG RT RE	C B A A B C D LT LG C RG RT RE
W M	W M S
E T T E S	E T T E
544I 322I 101 2I23 4I45 7698 C B A A B C D	544I 322I 101 2I23 4I45 7698 C B A A B C D
LT LG C RG RT RE	LT LG C RG RT RE
¢ M S	ф м ф
E T T E	E T T E
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5441 3221 101 2123 4145 7698	5441 3221 101 2123 4145 7698
C B A A B C D	C B A A B C D
LT LG C RG RT RE	LT LG C RG RT RE

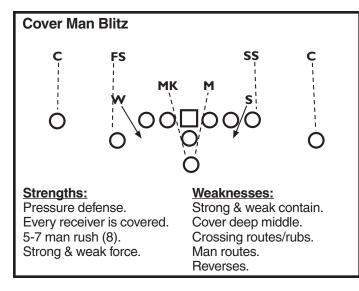
ODD DEFENSIVE FRONTS: MASTER RECOGNITION DIAGRAMS

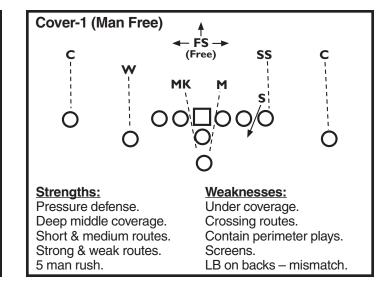
W K M	K M
E T E S	W E N E S
00000	000000
5441 3221 101 2123 4145 769 8	5441 3221 101 2123 4145 769 8
C B A A B C D	C B A A B C D
LT LG C RG RT RE	LT LG C RG RT RE
W K M	W K M
E N E S	E N E S
0 0 0 0 0	000000
544I 322I 101 2I23 4I45 7698 C B A A B C D	544I 322I 101 2I23 4I45 7698 CBAABCD
LT LG C RG RT RE	LT LG C RG RT RE
W K M	K M
E N TE\$	W E N E S
0 0 0 0 0	000000
5441 3221 101 2123 4145 769 8	5441 3221 101 2123 4145 769 8
C B A A B C D	C B A A B C D
LT LG C RG RT RE	LT LG C RG RT RE
K M W	W K M
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5441 3221 101 2123 4145 769 8	5441 3221 101 2123 4145 769 8
C B A A B C D	C B A A B C D
LT LG C RG RT RE	LT LG C RG RT RE
K	K M
W E N E S	W ENE \$ S
000000	000000
5441 3221 101 2123 4145 769 8	5441 3221 101 2123 4145 7698
C B A A B C D	C B A A B C D
LT LG C RG RT RE	LT LG C RG RT RE
K M	K M
W E N E \$ S	EN E \$ S
000000	000000
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C B A A B C D	C B A A B C D
LT LG C RG RT RE	LT LG C RG RT RE

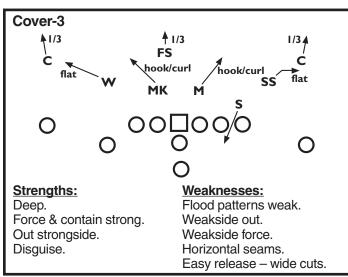
3-4 / TILT DEFENSIVE FRONTS: MASTER RECOGNITION DIAGRAMS

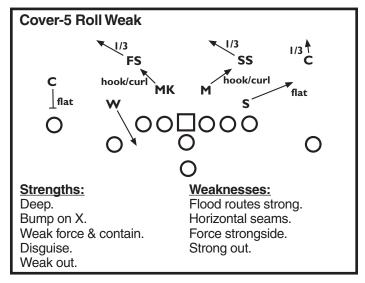
	FS B	В	SS B			В	В	FS B	SS	
С	E	_		С	С	E	N	E	В	С
			00							
			4145 769	8		_		1 2123 414	_	
Odd	C B		B C	D	Over or Even	_	B A		-	
	LI LG	C RG	RT RE			W	LG C	RG R	I KE	
	W E T		E S				1		S	
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			4145 769	8		_		1 2123 414	_	
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	LT LG	C RG	RT RE			LT	LG C	RG R	ΓRE	
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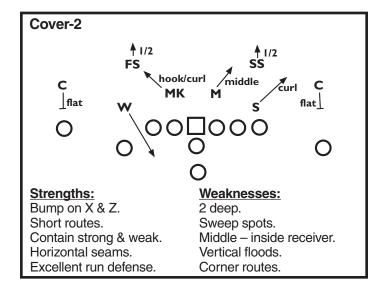
BASIC COVERAGE RECOGNITION DIAGRAMS

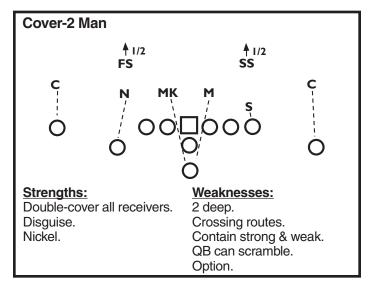




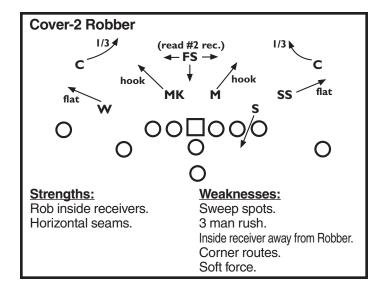


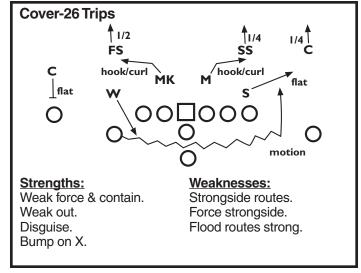


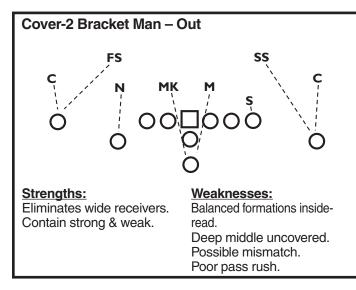


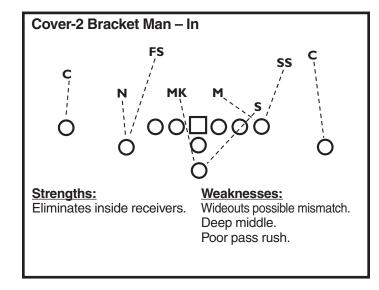


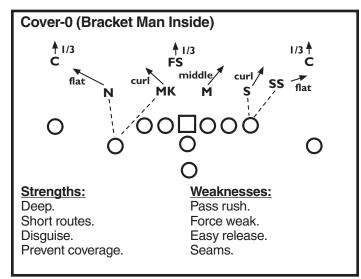
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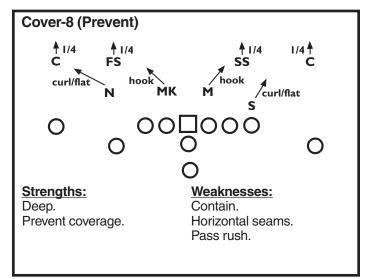




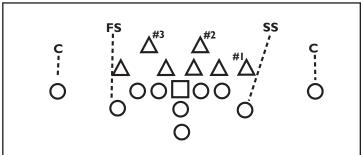


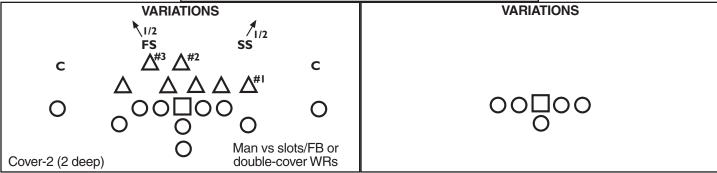






DEFENSIVE ATTACK DIAGRAMS: 4-3 (PRO) MAN





AREAS TO ATTACK RUNNING

- 1. Must test contain of DE/LB.
- 2. Attack 3 player side of front 7.
- 3. 7/8 holes (attack LB # 1).
- 4. 2/3 holes.

BASIC RUNNING PLAYS

- 1. Veer & option good.
- 2. 28/47 sweep & 24/45 counter.
- 3. Traps (esp. from trips), draws & cross block. Power series good vs. short yds.

STRONG POINTS OF GROUND DEFENSE

1. Covers 7 gaps — strong against 4-player side of front 7.

AREAS TO ATTACK PASSING

- 1. Short zones if 4 deep.
- 2. Deep outside if 2 deep, 5 under or split FS/ SS in deep middle.
- 3. Attack seams between LB & safeties.

BASIC PASSING PLAYS

- 1. All base series.
- 2. Trips & play-action pass very good.
- 3. Jet motion by FB usually puts MLB vs. FB or forces safety or man coverage.

STRONG POINTS OF PASS DEFENSE

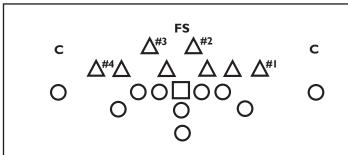
- 1.4-man rush.
- 2. Can run all types of coverages & disguise them easily.

COACHING POINTS

- 1. Use even split-blocking rules.
- 2. Must test play of MLB (#2) & OLB (#1) as they are the strength of defense.
- 3. FS play & SS alignment & play critical to pass attack.



DEFENSIVE ATTACK DIAGRAMS:



	VARIATIONS		VARIATIONS
С	FS	С	C FS C C
0		0	
4-4 Stacked			4-4 Press 3 deep

ADEACTO	ATTACK RUNNING
ADEADIO	ALIACA DUNINING

- 1. 8/9 Holes & 6/7 Holes.
- 2. Counter @ 3 & 4 Holes.
- 3. 2/3/4/5 Holes (4-4 press).

BASIC RUNNING PLAYS

- 1. All options (Veer & Speed very good).
- 2. 47/28 Sweep, 38/39 Toss, 18/59 reverse.
- 3. 31/32 Trap, all draws, inside zone veer FB 22/44 counter & 33/34 cross all good against 4-4 press.

STRONG POINTS OF GROUND DEFENSE

- 1.8 gaps covered (4-4 & 4-4 stacked).
- 2. Very strong against the run.
- 3. 4-4 stacked easy to protect LBs from blockers.

AREAS TO ATTACK PASSING

- 1. 4 receiver routes against 3 deep.
- 2. Flats after clearing w/ WR.
- 3. Screen away from motion (FB/Slot/WR).
- 4. Slot routes hardest to defend.

BASIC PASSING PLAYS

- 1. Lancer, Switch, Cardinal, 1st Down.
- 2. Veer HB Option Pass, Speed Option Pass.
- 3. 18/59 Reverse Pass, Veer Bootleg Pass.
- 4. Entire screen series.

STRONG POINTS OF PASS DEFENSE

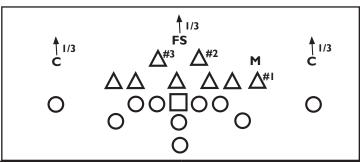
- 1. 3-deep, 4-under coverage.
- 2. Very easy to blitz & disguise blitz by LBs.
- 3. 4-4 press allows better coverage of WR.

COACHING POINTS

- 1. If there's 8 in the box, throw the ball!
- 2. Must know split/stack line-blocking rules.
- 3. Motion will help identify man coverage or any rotation zone or man/zone combo.



DEFENSIVE ATTACK DIAGRAMS: 5-2 (OKLAHOMA DEFENSE)



	VARIATIONS			VARIATIONS
walk aw positio	Δ^{-1} Δ M	С		
		0		0000
4-4 Stacked	Ö		4-4 Press 3 deep	

AREAS TO ATTACK RUNNING

- 1. Run away from monster (SS) (8 vs. 5).
- 2. Off tackle, 4 & 5 holes.

BASIC RUNNING PLAYS

- 1. 43/24 counter (away from monster). 2. 34/35 Inside Zone.
- 3. 31/32 Veer, 33/34 Cross.
- 4. All Power Series (lead dives short yds).
- 5. Speed Option (motion to trips to block SS).

STRONG POINTS OF GROUND DEFENSE

- 1. Monster (SS) side.
- 2.8 gaps covered, very good run defense.

AREAS TO ATTACK PASSING

- 1. Weakside (away from monster).
- 2. 4-deep pattern (if monster has short zone or sky coverage).
- 3. Flat monster side if 4 deep.
- 4. No walk away DE, quick slant weak.

BASIC PASSING PLAYS

- 1. Lancer, Slots Cross, 1st Down, Cardinal.
- 2. Switch, All Screens.
- 3. All Trips & Play-Action Series.
- 4. 67/68 Speed Option Pass 28/47 Swing Pass, Jet Motion, White 4 & 5.

STRONG POINTS OF PASS DEFENSE

- 1. W/ walk away DE, 3 deep, 4 short zones.
- 2. Monster coverage of flat.
- 3. Easy to disguise monster responsibility or bring off on blitz.

COACHING POINTS

- 1. Must determine Cover-3 (3 deep) or Cover 2/4 (2 or 4 deep).
- 2. In 3-deep, run away from monster. Use wide splits by tackles, normal splits by guards.



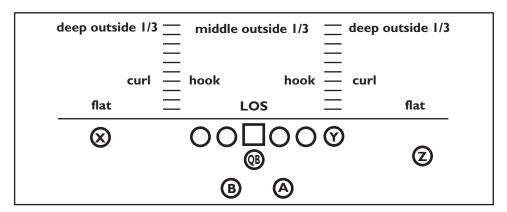
DEFENSIVE ATTACK DIAGRAMS

Formation:				
	0000			
VARIATIONS	VARIATIONS			
0000	0000			
AREAS TO ATTACK RUNNING	AREAS TO ATTACK PASSING			
BASIC RUNNING PLAYS	BASIC PASSING PLAYS			
STRONG POINTS OF GROUND DEFENSE	STRONG POINTS OF PASS DEFENSE			
COACHING POINTS				

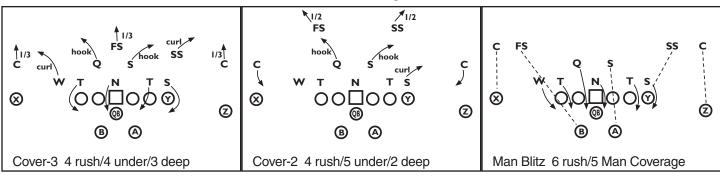
QUARTERBACK REFERENCE & READ SHEET

PRE-SNAP READS

- 1. Use the time from the huddle to the snap of the ball to read the defensive look from sideline to sideline (pre-snap read).
- 2. Locate the free safety first, then strong safety, then shortside flat coverage. This will give you your pre-snap defensive read. This should become a habit!
- 3. Read the intent of the cornerback. If he is positioned on the receiver's outside shoulder and facing the quarterback, he is positioned for zone responsibilities. If he is aligned on the inside in chase-technique position, he is positioned for man-to-man underneath coverage.
- **4.** On snap of ball, for drop, sprint-out passes, etc., quarterback should first look off the free safety, then read defensive movements. Zone = secondary retreating and facing quarterback. Man to man = chase technique by underneath coverage. QB can become very confident in executing the pass package if he knows how to attack zone and man coverage. Relax and execute.
- 5. Versus a zone coverage read, quarterback must deliver the ball as the receiver settles in window of the zone. Versus man coverage read, receiver should use double-cuts, rollover breaks and get separation by running past defender. Deliver ball on final cut.

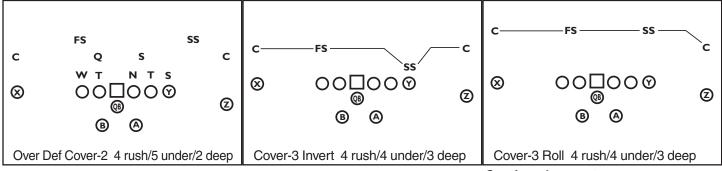


Pass Rush/Coverage Ratio

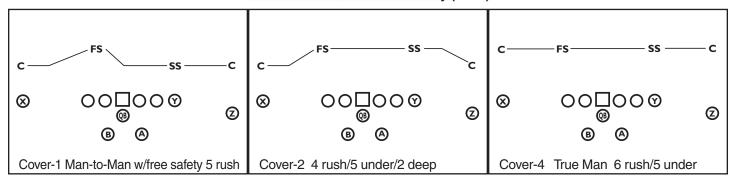


Pass Rush/Coverage Ratio (cont.)

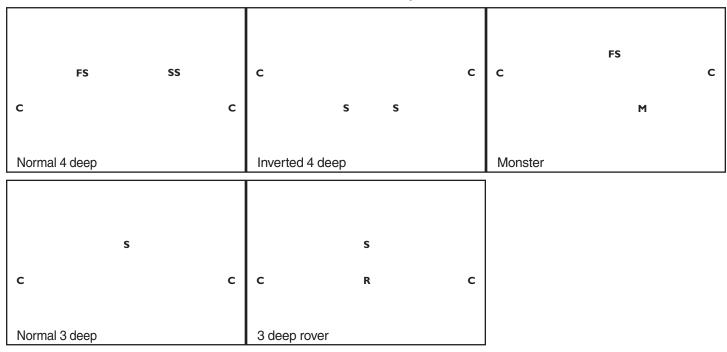
Contour Of Defensive Secondary



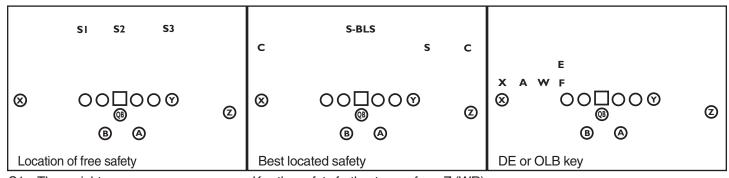
Contour Of Defensive Secondary (cont.)



Defensive Secondary Sets



PRE- AND POST-SNAP READS



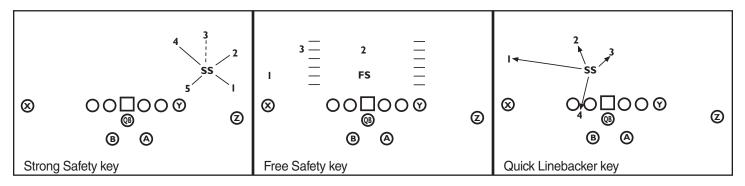
S1 – Throw right

Key the safety farthest away from Z (WR)

S2 – Throw wideside or strongside S3 – Throw left

Understanding FEWAX. This tells you how the widest man in the undercoverage is aligned. An example is a drop end in a Cover-3 (diagram DE or OLB key). **F** — Force position — look for end rushing. **E** — Easy position-stacked behind tackle usually a drop end. **W** — Walk away position (definite drop position—some type of zone). **A** — Adjustable-definite drop and position-zone coverage. **X** — out on X: definitely in double-coverage man.

POST-SNAP READS

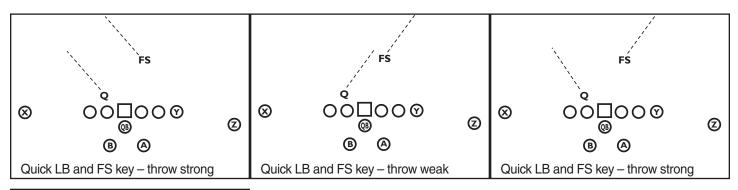


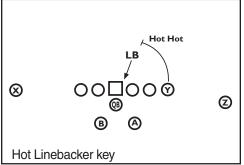
Strong Safety Key. If the defense disguises its coverages, the movement of the SS after the snap of the ball will help identify coverages.

Free Safety Key. The DA is a good key vs. teams that mix in Cover-3 and Cover-2 and disguise the two coverages well. If FS goes to the deep outside 1/3, it's a Cover-3 roll, if FS goes to deep middle 1/3, it's a cover-3 invert, if FS goes to deep outside 1/2 on the hash it cover-2 (diagram FS key).

The FS is also the best defender to key when throwing deep or down the middle because he is the defender who is most likely to intercept the pass.

Quick Linebacker Key. If quick LB goes weak, throw strong. If quick LB goes strong, throw weak. If quick LB goes straight back, throw weak. If quick LB blitzes, throw strong (diagram Quick Linebacker key).





RECEIVER PRE-SNAP KEYS TO COVERAGE RECOGNITION

OUTSIDE RECEIVER	CORNER'S Alignment	CORNER'S Eyes	CORNER'S Leverage	SAFETY'S ALIGNMENT	SAFETY'S Eyes	SAFETY'S LEVERAGE	COVERAGE READ
	7 yds or more	Eyes on QB	Outside Leverage	1 Middle-10 yds +	Eyes on QB	On to inside hash	Cover-3
	5 yds or less	Eyes on QB	Outside Leverage	2 safeties-10 yds +	Eyes on QB	On to outside hash	Cover-2
	7 yds or less	Eyes on WR	Inside Leverage	1 Middle-10 yds +	Eyes on QB	On to inside hash	Man Free
INSIDE Receiver	ALLEY ALIGNMENT	ALLEY Eyes	ALLEY Leverage	SAFETY'S Alignment	SAFETY'S EYES	SAFETY'S Leverage	COVERAGE READ
	5 yds	Eyes on QB	Head up to inside	1 Middle-10 yds +	Eyes on QB	On to inside hash	Cover-3
	5 yds	Eyes on QB	Head up to inside	2 safeties-10 yds +	Eyes on QB	On to outside hash	Cover-2
	5 yds or less	Eyes on Slot	Inside Leverage	1 Middle-10 yds +	Eyes on QB	On to inside hash	Man Free
ROUTE RUNNIN	IG RULES						
1. Look for sea	ams in zone cov	erage.					
2. Run away (s	separate) from n	nan coverage.					
3. Only adjust	your route base	d on our playbo	ok rules — neve	er freelance!			
NOTES:							

OTES:	 	 	 	

COACHING NOTES

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NOTES:	

CHAPTER 17

DEFENSIVE PLAYBOOK FORMS

THIS CHAPTER PROVIDES coaches with reference forms to help teach defensive players how to recognize offensive formations.

The first two documents (17.1 and 17.2) are formation alignment diagrams with common back adjustments. These diagrams, which were adapted from the *PowerScout Offensive Manual*, will help your players learn how to correctly identify offensive formations. A blank form is provided in 17.3.

The next two forms, [Blocking Progression — Defensive Line (17.4) and Blocking Progression — Linebackers (17.5)], help your defensive line and linebackers identify the player(s) most likely to block them. This knowledge raises defensive players' awareness of their blockers and the type of blocks they are most likely to face. These blocking progressions were adapted from Tom Bass' book, *Play Football the NFL Way*.

Backfield Alignments — Common Plays (17.6) provides an analysis of the different type of backfield alignments and the most likely plays that are run from them. The more your players know about the various strengths and weaknesses of a backfield set, the better they will react on the field. This work originated from Jerry Howell's book, *The Coach's Guide to Developing a Passing Attack*.

Also included is a Defense Quick
Reference Sheet (17.7). This was a form
I've used to make quick decisions on the
field. An example shows how it was used.
(The digits refer to our system of numbering
schemes on wristbands.)

The last form in this section, Defensive Huddle Instructions (17.8), explains how to form the defensive huddle. This document was adapted from material provided in the University of Washington's defensive playbook.



2/3-BACK, 2/3-RECEIVER FORMATIONS

T FORMATION					
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000					
TIGHT SLOT FORMATION					
0000000	Back Adjustme	onts:	0000	0000	0000
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WISHBONE FORMATION					
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OOO□OO OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	OOOOOOOOOOO	OOOOOOOOOOOO	O (H) Ace Backs O (O (H) O (H) O (H)
WING FORMATION OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO	O O O O O O	O O O O O
WING FORMATION OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	OOOOOOOOOOO	OOOOOOOOOOOO	O (H) Ace Backs O (O (H) O (H)
WING FORMATION OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	OOOOOOOOOOO	OOOOOOOOOOOO	O (H) Ace Backs O (O (H) O (H) O (H)

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1-BACK, 4-RECEIVER FORMATIONS

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	0000000	O	Back Adjustme	onts: OODOO O Offset Left	00000	O No Backs
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	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	O	Back Adjustme O O O O I Backs Back Adjustme	onts: OODOO OOTOOO Offset Left	O O □ O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	O No Backs
	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	00	Back Adjustme OOOO OIBacks Back Adjustme OOOO OIBacks	onts: OOOO OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO		O No Backs OO□OO
	TRIPS FORMATION O SPREAD FORMATION		Back Adjustme OOOO OIBacks Back Adjustme OOOO OIBacks Back Adjustme	onts: OOOO OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO		O No Backs O O O O No Backs
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RECEIVER FORMATIONS

FORMATION:	Back Adjustments:
FORMATION:	Back Adjustments:
FORMATION:	Back Adjustments:
FORMATION:	Back Adjustments:

BLOCKING PROGRESSIONS — DEFENSIVE LINE

DEFENSIVE END BLOCKING PROGRESSION

DE

5
6
6
7
7
7

RB Near Back

DE
1 2 4
1 © © ©

Defensive End Blocking Progression:	Expected Block Types, By Position:		
1. Tackle	1. Tackle — drive, hook or double-team.		
2. Tight End	2. Tight End — angle, scoop or double-team.		
3. Near Guard	3. Near Guard — angle, scoop or double-team.		
4. Near Back	4. Near Back — lead.		
5. Off Guard	5. Off Guard — trap.		

DEFENSIVE END BLOCKING PROGRESSION

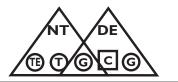
DT



RB Near Back

Defensive Tackle Blocking Progression:	Expected Block Types, By Position:
1. Near Guard	1. Near Guard — drive, hook or double-team.
2. Near Tackle	2. Near Tackle — angle, scoop or double-team.
3. Center	3. Center — angle, scoop or double-team.
4. Off Guard	4. Off Guard — quick trap.
5. Near Back	5. Near Back — lead.
6. Off Tackle	6. Off Tackle — slow trap.

BLOCKING TRIANGLES



NT
6 3 1 2 5 7
1 6 6 6 1 6

DEFENSIVE END BLOCKING PROGRESSION

Nose Tackle Blocking Progression:				
1. Center				
2. Strongside Guard				
3. Weakside Guard				
4. Near Back				
5. Strongside Tackle				

6. Weakside Tackle

Expected Blocks, By Position

- 1. Center drive, hook or double-team.
- 2. Strongside Guard angle, scoop or double-team.
- 3. Weakside Guard angle, scoop or double-team.
- 4. Near Back lead or delayed double-team.
- 5. Strongside Tackle trap.
- 6. Weakside Tackle trap.
- 7. Tight End trap or delayed double-team.

Note: Because the NT is positioned in the middle of the offensive formation, he has a greater chance of blockers attacking him from both the right and left. Hence, it may take the NT more time to understand and recognize blocking progressions.

7. Tight End

BLOCKING PROGRESSIONS — LINEBACKERS

OUTSIDE LINEBACKER BLOCKING PROGRESSION

Outside LB **LB** Outside 5 6 6 7 6 T G G G T TB

Outside Linebacker Blocking Progression:	Expected Block Types, By Position:		
1. Tight End	1. Tight End — drive or hook block.		
2. Near Tackle	2. Near Tackle — angle or hook block.		
3. Near Guard	3. Near Guard — trap block.		
4. Near Back	4. Near Back — lead block.		
5. Far Guard	5. Far Guard — trap block.		

INSIDE LINEBACKER BLOCKING PROGRESSION

LB Inside





Inside Linebacker Blocking Progression:	Expected Block Types, By Position:
1. Guard In Front of Him	1. Guard In Front of Him — drive or cut block.
2. Tackle To Outside	2. Tackle To Outside — angle block.
3. Far Guard	3. Far Guard — trap block.
4. Near Back	4. Near Back — lead block drive or cut technique.
5. Tight End	5. Tight End — possible late-angle block.

BACKFIELD ALIGNMENTS — COMMON PLAYS

Pro-Split-Back. Poor running offense for almost any situation. The only effective plays from this set are: • Dive — to either side. • Counter — trap to either side. Weakside is best. • Quick pitch — to strongside only. • Draw — to either side. • Screen — to anywhere.	0	00 <u>0</u> 000 0 0	0
Pro-Strong Tailbacks. Offenses can be run to the strongside effectively, but with less success to the weakside. • Dive — to strongside only. • Counter — trap to strongside. • Belly — second back through to the strongside. • Cross-buck — to either side. • Sweep — to strongside. • Quick-pitch — to strongside. • Blast — lead block or guard to blowout end. Strongside. • Draw and screen — to anywhere.	0	00 <u>0</u> 000 00	0
Weakside Tailbacks. This set is hard to run out of — it is effective only when the defense is dropped off. • Quick dive as described above. • Belly — to quickside only. • Cross-buck — to strongside. • Quick-pitch — to quickside. • Counter trap — to strongside. • Screen and draw — to anywhere.	0	00 <u>0</u> 000 0	0
I-Backs. This formation is very effective for rushing in either direction. From this formation, however, it is hard to get backs into pass patterns, although the deep-back is able to flare better than the up-back in other formations. Hard to get downfield, though. Play-action pass with this offense is also effective. • Dive — to either side. • Belly or second-back — through either side. • Cross-buck — to either side. • ISO: inside or outside guard — to either side. • Trap FB — inside and out. • Blast — to either side. Strongside is best. • Counter TB — to either side. • Draw and screen — to anywhere.		00 <u>0</u> 000 0	
Power I. This is a very effective short-yardage attack and can be balanced with the play-action pass. Smart offenses will use a wedge and man-blocking in this set. • Dive — quick dive a good plan. • ISO — to either side. • Blast — to either side. • Sweep — to strongside. • Counter trap — quick. • Draw is weak, but offenses can still screen.		00000	

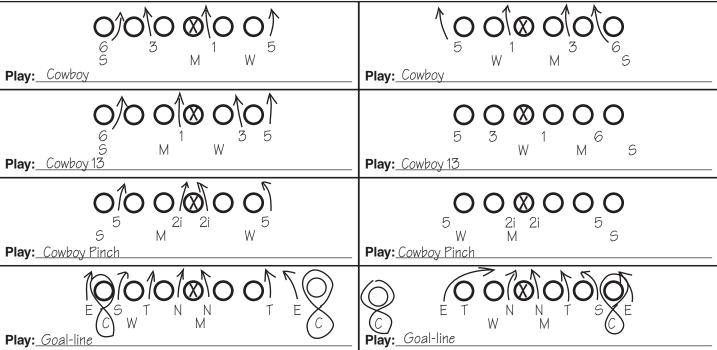
DEFENSIVE QUICK REFERENCE SHEET

Defense: _		
FRONTS		
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Play:		Play:
	00000	00000
Play:		Play:
	00000	00000
Play:		Play:
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Front Call	I tak	0 11111
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DEFENSIVE QUICK REFERENCE SHEET

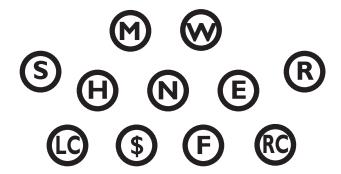
Defense: Westbury Cowboy Defense

FRONTS



Front Call List: Coverage Call List: 1. Cowboy (6-,3-,1- and 5-) Gap Fire Technique 1. Cover-1 2. Cowboy 13 (6-,1-,3- and 5-) Gap Fire Technique 2. Cover-2 3. Cowbov Pinch (5, 21, 21, 5) 3. Cover-2 Man 4. Cowboy Eagle (Cowboy Alignment; SS man on TE) 4. Cover-23 (align 2, slide 3) 5. Cowboy Eagle Fire (SS Blitz) 5. Cover-24 (align 2, slide 4) 6. Sam Fire (Outside Blitz D-Gap) 6. Cover-26 (Trips adjustment) 7. Sam Twist (Sam inside C-Gap, SE outside D-Gap) 7. Cover-3 8. Cowboy Mike Fire 8. Cover-3 Cloud 9. Cowboy Will Fire 9. Cover-32 (alian 3, slide 2) 10. Cowboy Mike & Will Fire 10. Cover-4 11. Cowboy Mike & Same Fire 11. Cover-6 (safety/corner switch) 12. Cowboy Sam & Will Fire 12. Banjo Outside (Bracket X/Z) 13. Bluff (Mike & Will Bluff) 13. Banjo Inside (Bracket A/B or Y) 14. Jailhouse Break (all LBs Blitz) 14. Bracket only 15. Weak Corner Blitz 16. Strong Corner Blitz 17. Strong Safety Blitz 18. Free Safety Blitz 19. Goal-Line 20. Align Cowboy 13 Check Cowboy #s aligned with wristbande

DEFENSIVE HUDDLE INSTRUCTIONS



POSITIONING

- NOSE: Set the huddle 3 yards away from the ball facing the signal caller. Hands on the knees.
- ENDS: Line up on your respective side keep a straight line facing the signal caller. Hands on the knees.
- OUTSIDE LBs: Slightly in front of the ends facing inside.
- **INSIDE LBs:** Face the huddle get control of the huddle make the defensive call and get around to see the offensive formation.

IMPORTANT DETAILS

- Locate and form the huddle quickly.
- Keep the huddle compact without crowding.
- Absolutely no talking after the signal caller faces the huddle. Concentrate on the call everyone's head is up with eyes on the signal caller.
- Signal caller makes the desired call.
- If you do not get or hear the call, say "Check" to ask for a repeat.

BREAKING THE HUDDLE

- After completing the call, the signal caller says, "Ready-Break," and all players clap hands on break.
- After break, watch the offense as it breaks the huddle. Defensive backs remain near the ball until they see the formation.
- Assignments

MIKE LB: Call the line strength (left or right).

DL: Locate the TE and/or formation strength and point to it. Be in your stance when the center has his hands on the ball.

F: Locate the passing strength and make the strength call when necessary.

W: Alert the defense to offensive personnel.

- S: Alert the defense to down-and-distance.
- **\$:** Alert the defense to our substitution group in the game.



COACHING NOTES

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CHAPTER 18

SEASON REVIEW FORMS

FINAL STATISTICS are more than a nice season-ending handout for players — there are many valuable facts that you can learn about your team and what you did, and did not do, well during the just-completed season. It's also interesting to look at your team's performance relative to your opponents.

This chapter simply shows you several ways of capturing your team's final statistics for a post-season review.

The first form, Final Team Statistics (18.1) was created by Mark Pulkownik, offensive coordinator at Wisconsin's Brookfield Central High School. Conference Final Team Statistics (18.2) shows an

example of a type of chart published by many conferences. Another type of defensive statistics chart, Final Team Defensive Statistics — By Game (18.3), is another original document. These two forms are to illustrate how such information can be formatted; neither is accompanied by a blank form.

Accompanying the original Special Teams Statistics (18.4) is a "keys" form to ensure coaches understand how to correctly calculate the special team statistics. These are original documents.

Defensive Numbers (18.5) focuses on key defensive statistics. This form can be used on a game-by-game or post-season review basis.



FINAL TEAM STATISTICS

Opponents BCHS Lancers	15 4 38 5	40 42 57 86	46	7 8	113 234	Totals After Game #9	Ü	G											
	OP	OPPOSITION	NOI		BCHS	RUSHING	ATT	YDS	AVG	ᆸ	<u>LG</u>		PUNT RETURNS	NO	YDS	AVG		LG	
Total First Downs		74			129	1 Saverine, Tony	55	164	3.0	_	18		1 Saverine, Tony	10	69	6.9	0	12	
By rushing		47			84	8 Alesci, Greg	_	ω	3.0	0	ω		45 Angle, Derek	00	14	1.8	0	S	
By passing		23			37	12 Tausend, Ryan	39	48	1.2	0	26		84 Blaine, Jim	ယ	21	7.0	0	12	
By penalty		4			00	21 Ciborowski, Adam		ω	3.0	0	ω		BCHS Lancers	21	104	5.0	0	12	
3rd Downs Made		12			51	23 Kroner, Joe	30	156	5.2	0	⇉		Opponents	19	130	6.8	0	40	
Attempted		ا ا			104	28 Culhane, Mike	7	27	3.9	_	15		INTERCEPTION						
Efficiency		1 6	16.4%		49.0%	33 Blaine, Kevin	131	641	4.9	9	60		RETURNS	NO	YDS	AVG	Ħ	LG	
4th Downs Made		တ			10	34 Gonzalez, Justin	77	541	7.0	· ∞	67		1 Saverine, Tony	ω	2		0	2	
Attempted		12			14	41 Nowak, Jett	49	146	3.0	·	. 14		8 Alesci, Greg	_	0		0	0	
Efficiency		50	50.0%		71.4%	45 Angle, Derek	8 ~	ا الم	1.5	,	3 –		16 Cantwell, Brad	_	0		0	0	
Offensive Play/Yds	400			514	2,617	BCHS Lancers	392	1,/26	4 6	۲. در	3 9		28 Culhane, Mike	2	⇉		0	⇉	
Yds/Play		4.0			5.1	Opponents	2/4		ر ن ن	3 0	Ş 0	5	33 Blaine, Kevin		0	0.0	0	0	
Rushing Plays/Yds	274			392	1,726	10 Tayloand Dyon			001	7 E	• E		36 Nutting, Brad	-	3 (o	<u>.</u> (c	
Yds/Carry			ω		4.4	BCHC ancers	3 2	3 7	200	1 -	x c	8 6	Opponents	x (2 1		>	ప్త =	
Passing Plays/Yds.	126		ω	122	8 89	Opponents	57	126	693	7 -	ဖ (65	FUMBLE RECOVERIES	_	SQ.		≓ °		
Attemnts		126	ກ		199	RECEIVING	REC	YDS	AVG	Ħ	LG		2 Jansen, Kyle		0		0	0	
Yds/Catch		12.2	ν,		14.1	1 Saverine, Tony	10	77	7.7	0	15		36 Nutting, Brad	2	15		<u></u>	15	
Times Sacked		⇉			5	16 Cantwell, Brad	9	91	10.1	0	18		50 Boelk, Allen	_	30		_	30	
Returns	68	3 979	9	59	721	23 Kroner, Joe	, o	22 2	9.3	_	26		51 Reitz, Chuck		0		0	0	
Interceptions & Yds	3 00		•	9 0	22	24 Casper, Ben	<i>-</i> ح	750	7.5 7.5	> -	∞ ⊆		BCHS I ancers	4 –	2 7 ⊂	ი •	ა ⊂	න	
Kickoff Dat 8.	<u> </u>	2 2	ے د	3 5	7,74 0,74	84 Blaine, Jim	☆ '	349	19.4	σ 1 (86		Opponents	ν.	0		0	0 3	
Fumble Rec. & Yds	2 +		-	7	<u> </u>	BCHS Lancers	63	891	14.1	7	66		SCORING	U	FG		Ϋ́	_	PTS
Punts/Avg.	42	32.7	.7	37	27.9	Opponents	57	693	12.2	7	65		1 Saverine, Tony	_	0		0-0		رن
Had Blocked					<u></u>	PUNTING	<u>NO.</u>	YDS	AVG	<u>LG</u>			23 Kroner, Joe	_	0		0-0		<u> </u>
Penalties/Yds	41	1 379	9	51	412	16 Cantwell, Brad	37	1,034	27.9	40			24 Casper, Ben	· —	0		9		, &
Total Turnovers		19			9	BCHS Lancers	37	1.034	27.9	1 4			25 Diciaula, Nick	ے د	o 0:		22-26		<u>ت</u> ر
Fumbles		19			² 10	Copponents	5 5	אחר ייי	27.7	를 ።	- ס		33 Blaine, Kevin	· - e	o o	o o	- - - -		- A
Fullibles Lost					5 1	1 Cavarina Tony	л [20.00	> 5	2 [34 Gonzalez, Justin	∞	0		0-0		00
Bushing		» ₅			აე ა	16 Cantwell, Brad	<u> </u>	თ <u>ნ</u>	5.0	0 0	ე [36 Nutting, Brad	_	0		0-0		<u></u>
Passing		7			7 [31 Greves, Jon	_	0	0.0	0	0		41 Nowak, Jeff	_	0		0-0		
Return		<u> </u>			4	33 Blaine, Kevin	4	76	19.0	0	22		50 Boelk, Allen	7 —	0		0-0		
Extra Points/Attempted		9		22	27	45 Angle, Derek	_	16	16.0	0	16		54 Blaine, Jim	> ~	> <	> -	9 0	• • • •	
2-Pt Conversions	4	О		ယ	4	50 Boelk, Allen	; <u> </u>	0	0.0	0	0		BCHS I appears	3 <	n c	ه د د		٠ ـ ن	Z ^
Field Goals		0			6	84 Blaine, Jim	3 7	353	35.3) ~	87		Opponents	16 S	0	ى 4	7-9	<u> </u>	113
Time of Paccaccion (L	_						2	S	23.9	N	α/			;	(_
Tille of Losession (Avg.)	₩g.)	20	20.09		27.51	Oppopents	5	200	20.00	<u>.</u>	9								

FINAL TOTAL DEFENSE

DEFENSE	SOLO TACKLES	ASSISTED TACKLES	TOTAL	SACKS	YDS	TACKLES FOR LOSS	YDS	PUNT Block	KICK Block	INT
1 Saverine, Tony	13	20	33	0.3	3	0	0	0	0	3
2 Jansen, Kyle	10	29	39	1	9	1	3	0	0	0
8 Alesci, Greg	4	5	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
9 Tomasevic, Ned	2	2	4	0	0	1	3	0	0	0
16 Cantwell, Brad	12	18	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
23 Kroner, Joe	3	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24 Casper, Ben	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 Diciaula, Nick	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28 Culhane, Mike	13	5	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
33 Blaine, Kevin	29	55	84	0	0	2.3	19	0	0	1
34 Gonzalez, Justin	14	15	29	4.8	35	5.8	21	0	0	0
36 Nutting, Brad	21	51	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
45 Angle, Derek	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50 Boelk, Allen	20	19	39	0	0	2	7	0	0	0
51 Reitz, Chuck	10	26	36	2.3	17	1	2	0	0	0
60 Denham, Tyler	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
61 Wozniak, Chad	11	24	35	2	22	2.3	9	0	1	0
66 Reger, Lou	5	15	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
71 Bobedilla, Miguel	1	2	3	0	0	1	3	0	0	0
73 Nettesheim, Matt	1	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
74 Fuller, Andy	3	17	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
76 Conrad, Brent	6	23	29	1.5	12	4.7	8	0	0	0
77 Maurer, Curt	0	0	0	0	0	0.7	3	0	0	0
84 Blaine, Jim	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
87 Warczak, Dustin	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BCHS Lancers	185	338	523	12	73	19	70	0	1	9

CONFERENCE FINAL TEAM STATISTICS

RUSHING DEFENSE	GM	TD	FD	ATT	YG	YL	NET	G.AVG	P.AVG	HG	LG	
1. Bellevue	9	2	29	259	927	264	663	73.7	2.6	200	-27	
2. Skyline	9	20	45	306	1527	114	1413	157.0	4.6	302	9	
3. Sammamish	9	21	56	267	1706	107	1599	177.7	6.0	370	26	
4. Liberty	9	25	60	315	1935	110	1825	202.8	5.8	503	31	
5. Newport	9	17	89	350	1960	111	1849	205.4	5.3	295	142	
6. Mercer Island	9	20	53	314	1964	95	1869	207.7	6.0	473	49	
7. Issaquah	6	18	63	346	2070	181	1889	314.8	5.5	445	66	
8. Mount Si	9	24	77	372	2364	171	2193	243.7	5.9	497	91	
9. Cedarcrest	9	25	62	324	2428	93	2335	259.4	7.2	501	59	
10. Interlake	9	40	78	327	3104	92	3012	334.7	9.2	469	117	

PASSING DEFENSE	GM	TD	FD	PA	PC	PL	YDS	G.AVG	P.AVG	PCT	HG	LG
1. Bellevue	9	5	25	154	65	9	665	73.9	4.3	42.2%	141	0
2. Cedarcrest	9	8	16	105	42	6	672	74.7	6.4	40.0%	226	0
3. Issaquah	6	9	28	131	65	7	808	134.7	6.2	49.6%	291	0
4. Skyline	9	4	38	182	77	16	912	101.3	5.0	42.3%	218	0
5. Newport	9	8	41	171	84	12	961	106.8	5.6	49.1%	225	35
6. Mercer Island	9	6	38	139	68	14	1002	111.3	7.2	48.9%	231	0
7. Liberty	9	8	40	144	79	4	1067	118.6	7.4	54.9%	268	24
8. Mount Si	9	8	39	166	86	11	1103	122.6	6.6	51.8%	269	0
9. Interlake	9	14	33	140	69	6	1317	146.3	9.4	49.3%	323	0
10. Sammamish	9	9	40	187	91	10	1608	178.7	8.6	48.7%	406	14

TOTAL DEFENSE	GM	TD	FD	ATT	RUSH	PASS	T.OFF	G.AVG	P.AVG	HG	LG	
1. Bellevue	9	7	67	413	663	665	1328	147.6	3.2	242	60	
2. Skyline	9	79	95	312	1413	912	2325	258.3	7.5	359	227	
3. Issaquah	6	27	100	477	1889	808	2697	449.5	5.7	457	92	
4. Newport	9	25	140	521	1849	961	2810	312.2	5.4	406	230	
5. Mercer Island	9	26	95	453	1869	1002	2871	319.0	6.3	540	204	
6. Liberty	9	33	105	459	1825	1067	2892	321.3	6.3	539	55	
7. Cedarcrest	9	33	87	429	2335	672	3007	334.1	7.0	556	231	
8. Sammamish	9	30	101	454	1599	1608	3207	356.3	7.1	476	183	
9. Mount Si	9	32	126	538	2193	1103	3296	366.2	6.1	497	255	
10. Interlake	9	54	114	467	3012	1317	4329	481.0	9.3	607	404	

TAKEAWAY RATIO		TAKE	AWAYS			TURN	IOVERS			
	GM	FMBL	INT	ТОТ	FMBL	INT	ТОТ	RATIO		
1. Liberty	9	16	5	21	9	6	15	+6		
2. Bellevue	9	15	9	24	18	1	19	+5		
3. Mount Si	9	13	11	24	5	17	19	+5		
4. Mercer Island	9	9	14	23	8	11	19	+4		
5. Newport	9	6	12	18	12	6	18	+0		
6. Skyline	9	13	16	29	10	19	29	+0		
7. Interlake	9	17	6	23	12	12	24	-1		
8. Sammamish	9	7	10	27	10	8	18	-1		
9. Issaquah	9	14	7	21	19	7	26	-5		
10. Cedarcrest	9	11	6	17	18	12	30	-13		

PENALTIES				GAME	0PP	0PP			
	GM	NO.	YDS	AVG	YDS	AVG			
1. Issaquah	9	75	567	63.0	386	42.9			
2. Skyline	9	64	528	58.7	558	62.0			
3. Liberty	9	66	505	56.1	322	35.8			
4. Mount Si	9	57	481	53.4	554	61.6			
5. Bellevue	9	52	476	52.9	316	35.1			
6. Interlake	9	51	434	48.2	708	78.7			
7. Newport	9	49	400	44.4	315	35.0			
8. Sammamish	9	45	392	43.6	537	59.7			
9. Mercer Island	9	51	377	41.9	415	46.1			
10. Cedarcrest	9	43	350	38.9	399	44.3			

FINAL TEAM DEFENSIVE STATISTICS — BY GAME

OPPONENT	PLAYS	RUSHING	AVG	АТТ	COMP	 PASSING YARDS	ARDS YDS/COMP	AVG AVG ARDS YDS/COMP YDS/ATT	AVG AVG AVG YDS/COMP YDS/ATT PLAYS	AVG AVG YDS/COMP YDS/ATT
PER GAME AVERAGE										
TOTALS										

FINAL TEAM DEFENSIVE STATISTICS — BY GAME

Team: Bellevue

		RUSHING				PASSING				TOTAL		
OPPONENT	PLAYS	YARDS	AVG	АТТ	СОМР	YARDS	AVG YDS/COMP	AVG YDS/ATT	PLAYS	YDS	AVG	POINTS ALLOWED
SKYLINE	18	-17	-0.94	27	ਯੋ	132	8.80	4.88	45	<u> 11</u> 5	2.55	0
INTERLAKE	36	Ø	0.08	20	10	72	7.20	3.60	55	75	1.34	7
CEADARCREST	25	-25	-1.00	ਯੋ	0	87	14.50	5.80	40	62	1.55	7
MERCER ISLAND	24	49	2.04	25	9	78	8.66	3.12	49	127	2.59	0
SAMMAMISH	36	45	1.25 5	9	Ø	22	7.33	2.44	45	67	1.48	0
MT. SI	23	47	2.04	29	9	91	10.11	3.14	52	138	2.65	7
LIBERTY	36	187	5.19	11	Œ	43	8.60	3.91	47	230	4.89	4
ISSAQUAH	38	102	2.68	ਯੋ	7	95	13.57	6.33	SI	197	3.71	12
NEWPORT	32	134	4.18	0	0	0	00.0	0.00	85	134	3.52	7
COLUMBIA RIVER	23	51	2.22	21	9	88	9.77	4.19	44	139	3.15	7
FERNDALE	26	50	1.92	12	S	37	12.33	3.08	38	87	2.29	0
PER GAME AVERAGE	28.82	56.90	1.97	17.27	6.91	67.73	9.80	3.92	46.09	124.64	2.70	6.09
TOTALS	317	626	1.97	190	76	745	9.80	3.92	507	1371	2.70	67

SPECIAL TEAMS STATISTICS

Fake Punt Allowed	Fake Punt Success	Onside Kick Allowed	Onside Kick Recovery	Opponent's Field Goals	Field Goal Percentage	Field Goals	Extra Point Percentage	Points Against	Points Scored	Blocked Kicks (number)	Kick Security (# of Opp. Blocks)	Opponent's Gross Punt (yds)	Avg. Punt Coverage (yds allowed)	Punts Inside the 20 (number)	Avg. Net Punt (yds)	Avg. Gross Punt (yds)	Avg. Punt Returns (yds)	Opponent's Gross K.O. (yds)	Avg. Gross K. O. (yds)	Kickoff Coverage (yds allowed)	Avg. Kickoff Return (yds)	SPECIAL TEAM CATEGORY
																						OUR TOTALS

Continued on next page



KEY: Special Teams Statistics

SPECIAL TEAM CATEGORY	INSTRUCTIONS
Avg. Kickoff Return (yds)	Total yards from yard line that ball is caught / no. of returns (i.e., 26.8 yds)
Kickoff Coverage (yds allowed)	Total yards by opponent from the yard line that the ball is caught / no. of returns (i.e., 13.9 yds)
Avg.Gross K. O. (yds)	Total distance in yards the ball travels / no. of kickoffs (i.e., 50.2 yds)
Opponent's Gross K.O. (yds)	Opponents total distance in yards the ball travels / no. of kickoffs (i.e., 48 yds)
Avg. Punt Returns (yds)	Total yards from yard line that the ball is caught / no. of returns (i.e., 11.8)
Avg. Gross Punt (yds)	Distance in yards the ball travels / no. of punts (i.e., 42 yds)
Avg. Net Punt (yds)	Avg. gross punt - avg. punt return yds / no. of punt returns (i.e., 38.3 yds)
Punts Inside the 20 (number)	No. of punts inside the 20 yard line (i.e., 10)
Avg. Punt Coverage (yds allowed)	Opponents total punt returns yards / no. of punts (i.e., 2.6 yds)
Opponent's Gross Punt (yds)	Opponents total distance in yards the ball travels / no. of punts (i.e., 37.2 yds)
Kick Security (# of opp. Blocks)	No. of opponent's blocked kicks (i.e., 4)
Blocked Kicks (number)	No. of blocked kicks we allowed (i.e., 0)
Points Scored	No. of points we scored on special teams (i.e., 40)
Points Against	No. of points we allowed opponent to score on special teams (i.e., 42)
Extra Point Percentage	No. of extra points made / no. attempted (i.e., 32/41)
Field Goals	No. of field goals made (i.e., 3)
Field Goal Percentage	No. of field goals made / no. attempted (i.e., 3/5)
Opponent's Field Goals	No. of opponent field goals made / no. attempted (i.e., 4/8)
Onside Kick Recovery	No. of kicks recovered / no. attempted (i.e., 1/3)
Onside Kick Allowed	No. of kicks your opponents recovered / no. attempted (i.e., 2/5)
Fake Punt Success	No. of fake punts that made a first down or more / no. attempted (i.e., 2/2)
Fake Punt Allowed	No. of fake punts that your opponent made a first down or more / no. attempted (i.e., 0/3)

SPECIAL TEAMS STATISTICS

SPECIAL TEAM CATEGORY	OUR TOTALS	Jarra	12+02 20+21	7 7 7 7 7 7	- <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> .	1100000		7575	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	と い し
	סוו ו		11 20 10 20	len beger	LIPOI VY	IAIGI CGI -		Now POI 7	2	(zy = 0
Avg. Kickoff Return (yds)	10.87	23.6	12.8	8.3	14	16.2	14.66	⇉	16.4	14.4
Kickoff Coverage (yds allowed)	13.94	22.66	17.12	11	7.85	6.4	7.33	18.66	ਯੋ	19.5
Avg. Gross K. O. (yds)	39.76	43.1	38.28	38.3	32.0	32.0	37.16	40.83	46.5	50
Opponent's Gross K.O. (yds)	39.5	38.0	47.3	25.9	52.5	34 <i>.8</i>	41.3	28.2	44.2	54.2
Avg. Punt Returns (yds)	7.73				13.3			9	7	1.6
Avg. Gross Punt (yds)	34.34	34	36	30.6	37	32	33.6	33	36.5	35
Avg. Net Punt (yds)	26.61									
Punts Inside the 20 (number)										
Avg. Punt Coverage (yds allowed)				9			12		<u>8</u>	
Opponent's Gross Punt (yds)	30.03	30	22		33.6		37		21.25	36.33
Kick Security (# of Opp. Blocks)										
Blocked Kicks (number)										
Points Scored		7	Œ	3	QJ	1	7	00	S	
Points Against		Ø	2	2	8	7	0	2	14	4
Extra Point Percentage	32/4178%	7/8 87%	5/7 71%	3/5 60%	3/5 60%	1/3 33%	4/4 100%	5/5	3/3 100%	1/1 100%
Field Goals							1			
Field Goal Percentage							1/1			
Opponent's Field Goals						1/1			1/1	
Onside Kick Recovery										
Onside Kick Allowed										
Fake Punt Success						1/1				
Fake Punt Allowed										

DEFENSIVE NUMBERS

Game:	Season:
danie	

NAME	SOLO TACKLES	ASSISTS	TOTAL	TFL (YDS ONLY)	SACKS (YDS ONLY)	FUMBLE RECOV.	PUNT Block	KICK Block	INT	RETURN YDS
		7.00.010		(120 01121)	(120 01121)	1120011	220011			130
-										
										<u> </u>
<u> </u>										<u> </u>
										<u> </u>
										<u> </u>
							1			<u> </u>
l										

DEFENSIVE NUMBERS

Game:	Season:	
Gaillei		

	SOLO			TFL	SACKS	FUMBLE	PUNT	KICK		RETURN
NAME	TACKLES	ASSISTS	TOTAL	(YDS ONLY)	(YDS ONLY)	RECOV.	BLOCK	BLOCK	INT	YDS
SECONDARY										
1 Carr, Y										
2 Englund	10	5	15			1			1	
22 Tapia	8	5	13							
10 Willis										
48 Tobin		1	1							
13 Whittlesey										
14 Lytle										
15 Coombs	43	17	60		1				1	
20 Smith, G										
24 Walker	8	11	19							
25 Warnick										
34 Carr, P	17	10	27						2	
36 Trefethen										
41 Maria, 0										
LINEMEN										
37 Coyne	18	24	42		1			1	1	
44 Mutzel	28	24	52		14.5					
53 McCormick						1				
55 Breedt	8	25	33		3					
58 Campbell	<u> </u>									
61 Schwartz, S										
62 Whitehead	3	7	10							
63 Mutzel, M	8	15	23			1				
66 Tremper		10				·				
68 Pederson										
70 Adams										
72 Smith, B										
74 Johanson										
77 Stanley	2		2	 	1					
79 Braund	12	18	30	 	2.5					
80 Brenner	14	10		 	2.0					
86 Maria, J				 						
LINEBACKERS				 						
9 Kellogg	10	14	24	 					1	
21 Warren	11	4	15	 					1	
30 Cruz	2	1	3	-	1					
42 Johnson	3	4	7	-	l I					
56 Wilkerson	50	46	96	-	1	1				
	5	3	<u> </u>	 	l l					
69 Bumgardner 90 Driftmier	30	34	64	-	1	1			1	
	1	<i>U</i> -1		-	I	1			I	
50 Tsao	1		1							

CHAPTER 19

PRACTICE PLANS

TO SUCCEED as a coach in this game, practice sessions must be fully organized — with no wasted time. This chapter aims to provide coaches with some sample workout forms.

The Practice Plan Form (19.1) is a simple, detailed form to keep track of time and make notes of certain things you want to accomplish during each practice session.

The General Practice Plan Breakdown (19.2) is used for more general team practice planning. It is followed by the Weekly

Practice Plan (19.3) that you can use as a general outline for specific things to cover each week of your season.

The last form in the chapter, Kicking Game Workout Form (19.4) is a practice plan form that is specific to the kicking game. This form was adapted from "The Kicking Game: Contender or Pretender," by William Mitchell, kicking coach at the U.S. Air Force Academy, that appeared in the American Football Coaches Association's 1994 Summer Manual.



GENERAL PRACTICE PLAN FORM

	Date		Next Opponent:	
ГІМЕ	PRIORT	O PRACTICE:		
	TEAMS	TRETCH:		
	TLAW 3	INCION.		
	AGILITIE	S:		
	PER	OFF / DEF LINE	REC/LB	QB/RB/DB
	1			
	2			
	3			
	4 5			
	6			
	7			
	8			
	9			
	10			
	11			
	12			
	13			
	14 15			
	16			
	17			
	18			
	19			
	20			
	21			
	22			
	23			

GENERAL PRACTICE PLAN FORM

Practice Date: 8/29 Next Opponent: Interlake	
--	--

TIME	PRIO	PR TO PRACTICE:
5:00	Weid	ghts
6:00	Cha	lk – counter, option keep, belly, HB belly, sweep, trap, 109-901 HB toss, 145 HB lead, 146 sally, zap
	943	3 pass, 943 + go
	TEA	M STRETCH:
7:00	Spe	cialty – Danny, Thurston, Jerrell, Phil, Tappia, JA
7:10	Cal-	– stretch, run speed up
	<u> </u>	
	AGIL	ITIES:
7:20	Tear	n take off – Full doubles, HB belly, zap pitch, zap trap, zap pass, 943 + go, toss, full house
	<u> </u>	
	PER	OFF / DEF LINE REC / LB QB / RB / DB
775		
7:35 7:40	2	Defensive team take off
7:40	3	Tackle backs
7:45	4	
7:55	5	TNT - LBers inside drill D-backs daily's
7:55	6	
8:05	7	D-line alignment pass rush / 7 on 7 our offensive routes
8:05	8	Zhao la Canana a Cananta a CGanan
8:30	9	Blue defense vs Scout offense
8:30	10	Field goal live ————————————————————————————————————
8:35	11	Tield goal live
8:35	12	Off-line – stance, low, pull-footwork / RBs attack block – sweep / WRs stock blue
8:45	13	
8:45	14	Sweep drill, counter, option keep, sweep, full, 22-25, HB lead, toss
9:00	15	
9:00	16 17	Team Off vs Scout Def
9:10	18	
9:10	19	Offensive condition by position
9:15 9:15	20	
	21	Victory Sprints
	22	
	23	

Thurs: 5:00 Weights, 6:00 Chalk, Roster, ASB - practice

Fri: 5:30 blue jerseys, gold pants, white socks, no earrings or head bands.



GENERAL PRACTICE PLAN BREAKDOWN

ractice Da	ate:	Next Opponent:	
PRIORTO	PRACTICE:		
TIME	ACTIVITY		
IELD CET	TID & DICK LID.		
IELD SEI	-UP & PICK-UP:		
OTES:			

GENERAL PRACTICE PLAN BREAKDOWN

Practice Date:	Next Opponent: Interlake
PRIOR TO PRA	ACTICE:
Group meeti	
	Quarterbacks and Running Backs
Field Set-Up	
Individual Wo	rk On Field
TIME	ACTIVITY
<u> 3:00 – 3:15</u>	Suit up
<u>3:15-3:30</u>	Specialty time
<u>3:30 – 3:40</u>	Cals, stretch, necks, run technique, reaction
<u>3:40 – 3:45</u>	Team take off
<u>3:45 – 3:55</u>	Special teams
<u>3:55 – 4:35</u>	Group breakdown
4:35 - 5:15	Team breakdown
5:15 - ???	Conditioning
-	
FIELD CET UD	9 DIOV LID.
FIELD SET-UP	& PICK-UP:
LINE: sleds ar	<u>1d bags</u>
	tees and vests
RECEIVERS: I	pags, chains, cones and hoses
-	
NOTES: Che	eck to see that shed is neat and locked.
	ot sent to the field to work alone.
	ot to be left alone in the locker room.
	ractice — cover weight room or locker room.
2 2011 01101 1	action to by the tooth of tooker toothi



WEEKLY PRACTICE PLAN

Week of:	Next Opponent:	
MONDAY:		
TUESDAY:		
WEDNESDAY:		
THURSDAY:		
FRIDAY:		
FRIDAY:		
SATURDAY:		

WEEKLY PRACTICE PLAN

Week of:	8/24	Next Opponent:	Interlake

MONDAY:		
OFFENSE		
1. Full pads.		
2. Team takeoff (offense).		
3. Offense vs. C-team with bags.		
4. Finish offense with goal-line drill.		
5. Script offense.		
6. 15-minute team defense #1 vs. C-team o	ffense.	
TUESDAY:		
DEFENSE		
1. Team takeoff (offense and defense).	2.1 contact drill.	3. Team tackle drills.
4. Kickoff, KR before group.	5. Group breakdown — defense.	6. Group tackle.
7. Punt, PR every 8th play.	8. Inside drill.	9. Goal-line — live.
10. Awards.	11. 15-minute team offense #1 - #2 v	/s. #3 on defense.
WEDNESDAY:		
OFFENSE		
1. Team takeoff (offense and defense).	2. Group breakdown — offense.	3. Punt, PR before group.
4. Sweep drill.	5. Script offense.	
6.30-yard drive — PAT going in, punt out.	7. Goal-line — live.	
8. 15-minute team on defense #1-#2 vs. #3	on offense.	
THURSDAY:		
DEFENSE — SPECIAL TEAMS — REVIEW		
1. Full pads.	2. Tackle drills (form).	3. Group breakdown (optional).
4. Team takeoff (offense-defense).	5. D-rec.	6.0-review.
7. Special teams.	8. Team dinner.	
FRIDAY:		
GAME DAY		
CATUDDAY		
SATURDAY:		. A Post of the Control
1. Coaches Meeting.	✓ Review game film.	✓ Review scout film.
✓ Review scouting report.	✓ Form game plan.	✓ Personnel review.
2. Players film review.	1.000	
3. Players walk-through.	A. Offense.	B. Defense.

KICKING GAME WORKOUT FORM

ame:		Date:		
AGENDA				
HART 1: KICKI	NG			
Г		$\overline{}$		7
0.1	Left Hash	Middle	Right Hash	
G. L		 	 	— G. L.
5 _		<u> </u>		_ 5
10				10
15 _		 		15
20		 		20
25 _				25
30		1		30
35 _		<u> </u>		_ 35
40				40
HART 2: KICK	OFF			
				_
G. L				G. L.
5	_	_		5
10 —				10
15	_	_		15
20 —				20
25	_	_		25
30 —				30

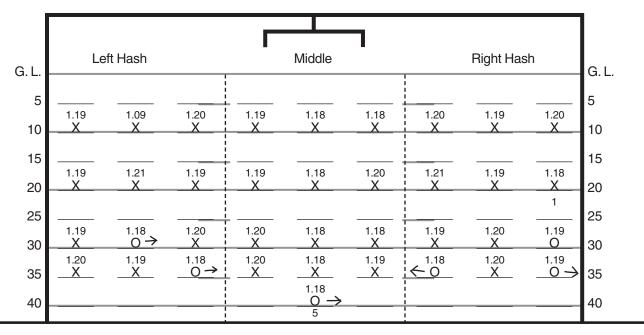
KICKING GAME WORKOUT FORM

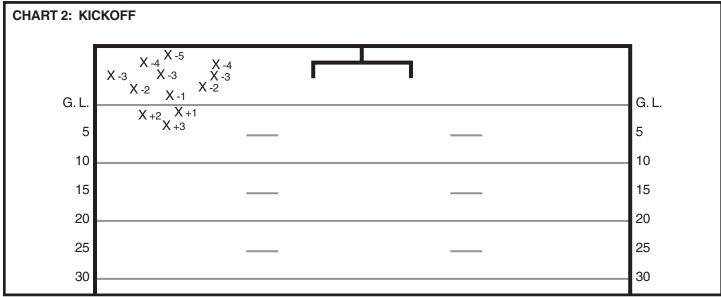
Name: Chris MacInnis Date: 8/25

AGENDA

- 1. Warm-up: 15 minutes FLEX.
- 2. Jog one lap.
- 3. 3 kicks from left hash / 3 kicks middle / 3 kicks from right hash mark (indicate X = good or O = miss).
- 4. 30 kickoffs (indicate with X where ball hits).
- 5. Finish with 10 onside kicks and 3 tackles.

CHART 1: KICKING





COACHING NOTES

<u> </u>	
0000	_0000_
0000	_0000_
NOTES:	

CHAPTER 20

MISCELLANEOUS FORMS & CHECKLISTS

IN THIS CHAPTER, you will find several additional forms that can be of use in running a well-managed program.

The first form, Individual Statistics — Game (20.1), captures all offensive, defensive and special teams statistics on one sheet of paper.

The next two forms, Game-Day Equipment List (20.2) and First Aid Kit Equipment List (20.3), can help coaches, managers and trainers see that the team is properly prepared at all times.

Next is a Conditioning Evaluation Form (20.4) that you can use as a means of

measuring an athlete's progress in the weight room and in the gym.

The final forms in the chapter all concern equipment, and provide various samples for managing equipment inventories. The Football Equipment Checkout List (20.5), Inventory Sheet (20.6) and High School Athletic Inventory Form (20.7) were adapted from *Complete Communications Manual for Coaches and Athletic Directors*, by Susan and Steven Mamchak.

The final form, Football Equipment Issue Form (20.8) was adapted from the 2003 Coaching Academy Playbook.



INDIVIDUAL STATISTICS — GAME

Game:	Game Date:

NAME	RUS	HING	RECE	IVING			PASSING			
	ATT	YDS	NUM	YDS	ATT	COMP	INT	TD PASS	YDS	
NAME			SCORING				KIC.	KING		
IVAIVIL			oooniiiva			KICK	-OFFS	PUN	ITS	
	TDS	2 PT	1 PT	FG	SAFETY	ATT	YDS	ATT	YDS	
	150				07.11 E 1 1	7	150	7		
								-		
NAME		ENSIVE ST	ATS	KICK R	ETURN	PUNT RETURN		RETUR	RETURN YDS	
	OPPONENT									
	FUM REC.	INT.	TACKLES	ATT	YDS	ATT	YDS	FUM REC.	INT.	
								<u> </u>		

GAME-DAY EQUIPMENT CHECKLIST

Date:	
TOOL BOX	EXTRA PAD KIT
☐ 6 extra mouth guards ☐ 2 bags of extra shoulder pad buckles ☐ 2 Philips screwdrivers ☐ 1 flat tip screwdriver ☐ Shoulder pad straps ☐ Scissors ☐ Face mask clips ☐ 6 extra chin straps ☐ 6 extra shoe laces ☐ 6 extra shoulder pad cords ☐ Ear pads: 6 large, 6 medium and 6 small ☐ Air pump with needles	□ 4 knee guards □ 4 thigh pads □ 6 tail guards □ 6 hip pads □ 2 belts □ 2 jerseys □ 2 game pants MISCELLANEOUS □ Towel bag/towels □ Sideline capes □ Cleat cleaner (grass fields only)
☐ Box of chalk	FILM AND HEADSET CHECKLIST
BALL BAG □ 12 Footballs (4 game balls) □ 2 sets kickoff/PAT tees	 □ Varsity camera charged and packed □ 3 tapes for all games labeled □ 1st scout camera charged □ 2nd scout camera charged □ Headphones charged and tested □ Back up headsets □ Walkie talkies tested with spare batteries for each unit
Notes:	



FIRST AID KIT EQUIPMENT LIST

Game:	Game Date:
danie	danie bate.

ITEM	QUANTITY	COMMENTS
☐ Ace Bandages	6 two-inch; 6 four-inch; 6 six-inch	
☐ Alcohol Wipes	1 box	
Ammonia Capsules	1 Box	
☐ Antiseptic	2 tubes or 2 spray bottles	
☐ Aspirin	1 bottle	only with doctor consent
☐ Band-Aids	1 box	
☐ Braces	Ankle, various sizes	lace-up types
☐ Butterfly Stripes	1 box	
☐ Cotton	1 roll	
☐ Cotton Swabs		
☐ Examination gloves	1 box in sterile packs	
☐ Eye-Black	1 tube	
☐ First Aid Cards	1 per player	emergency treatment permission
☐ First Aid Chart		
☐ First Aid Cream	1 tube	
☐ Flash Light	1	
☐ Gauze Pads (Sterile)	All sizes	10 of each size
☐ Ice Packs	6	
☐ Insect Repellent	1 spray can	
☐ Insect Sting Kit		
☐ List of Emergency phone numbers		
☐ Mirror		
☐ Mole Skin	1 roll	
☐ Mouth Guards		
☐ Plastic Bags	12	for ice
☐ Paper & Pencil/Pen		
☐ Pre-wrap	6 rolls	
☐ Safety pins	10	
☐ Saline Solution	1 bottle	for eyes
☐ Scissors	1 pair	
☐ Shoelaces	4 pair	
☐ Tape (white)	12 rolls	
☐ Tape (brown-stretch)		
☐ Tape Cutters		
☐ Tongue Depressors		
☐ Tweezers		
Triangular Bandage	2	

CONDITIONING EVALUATION FORM

osition:	sition: Evaluation Date:										
PLAYER NAME				STRENGTH						ENDURANCE	AGILITY
	Wt Year			Ratio	Squat	Ratio	Hang Clean	Ratio	40 yd Dash	300 Shuttle	Pro Agility
	1										
	+										
	1								 		
	-										
	-										
	-								-		

FOOTBALL EQUIPMENT CHECKOUT LIST

Player Name:	Home Room:					
Locker No.:	Home Address:					
Birth Date:	Phone No.:					
Helmet: Shoulder Pads: Hip Pads: Knee, Thigh Pads: Game Pants: Practice Pants: Practice Jersey:	Home:					
Physical: Parent Permission: Player's Signature:						

INVENTORY SHEET

Team:	Sport:	
ı caiii.	 Sport.	

DESCRIPTION	NO.	DATE ISSUED	CONDITION	DATE Returned	NO.	CONDITION	COMMENTS
	_						
	_						
	+	1					
	+						
	+						
	+						
	1						
	+						
Manager's Signatur	′e			Director's	s Signatur	e	

HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETIC INVENTORY FORM

Sport:		Date:	
Coach:			
Equipment	☐ Uniform		
(use one sheet fo	or each)		

		CONDITION			DISCARD
ARTICLE / ITEM	NO. ON HAND	GOOD	FAIR	POOR	& NO. TO REPLACE
	 		1		
	 				
	-				

EQUIPMENT ISSUE FORM

Season:		Year In Schoo					
Name:							
Age:	Height:		Weight:				
ARTICLE	SIZE	NUMBER	DATE ISSUED	DATE RETURNED			
Shoes							
Practice Jersey							
Practice Pants							
Shoulder Pads							
Girdle Pads							
Thigh Pads							
Knee Pads							
Scrimmage Vest							
Socks							
T-shirt							
Notebook							
Game Jersey – Home							
Game Jersey – Away							
Game Pants							
Game Hose							
Special Equipment							
Address:		Phone:	Phone:				
Family Doctor:							
Medical Exam Card:							
			Clim.				
Patient Permission Slip:							
Locker #:			Lock #:				
Combination:		Homeroom:	Homeroom:				
Player's Signature:		Date:	Date:				
Notes:							

GR		R	DN	
STR	AT	EG	IES	

Name:	
Address:	
School Name:	
Coaching Title:	

PLAYBOOK PLAYS

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		_	_	
		_	_	
			_	
				l
Name of play				
	or play			

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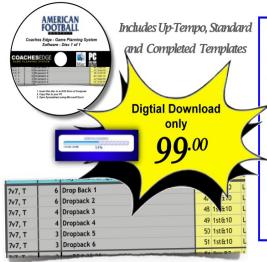
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